# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR (Established by Govt. of A.P., Act. No. 30 of 2008) ANANTHAPURAMU – 515 002 (A.P.) INDIA.

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# Course Structure for B.Tech-R15 Regulations

# ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

# I B.Tech. - I Semester

| S.N<br>o | Course<br>code | Subject                                      | L  | Т | Ρ  | Drg | С  |
|----------|----------------|--|----|---|----|-----|----|
| 1.       | 15A52101       | Functional English                           | 3  | 1 | -  | -   | 3  |
| 2.       | 15A54101       | Mathematics – I                              | 3  | 1 | -  | -   | 3  |
| 3.       | 15A05101       | Computer Programming                         | 3  | 1 | -  | -   | 3  |
| 4.       | 15A56101       | Engineering Physics                          | 3  | 1 | -  | -   | 3  |
| 5.       | 15A03101       | Engineering Drawing                          | 0  | - | -  | 6   | 3  |
| 6.       | 15A52102       | English Language Communication Skills<br>Lab | -  | - | 4  | -   | 2  |
| 7.       | 15A56102       | Engineering Physics Lab                      | -  | - | 4  | -   | 2  |
| 8.       | 15A05102       | Computer Programming Lab                     | -  | - | 4  | -   | 2  |
|          |                | Total  | 12 | 4 | 12 | 6   | 21 |

# **I-II Semester**

| S.N | Course   | Subject                                | 1  | т | П  | С  |
|-----|----------|--|----|---|----|----|
| 0   | code     | Subject                                | L  | 1 | Ρ  | C  |
| 1.  | 15A54201 | Mathematics – II                       |    | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 2.  | 15A52201 | English for Professional Communication | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 3.  | 15A51101 | Engineering Chemistry                  | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 4.  | 15A01101 | Environmental Studies                  | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 5.  | 15A02201 | Electrical Circuits – I                | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 6.  | 15A51102 | Engineering Chemistry Lab              | -  | - | 4  | 2  |
| 7.  | 15A02202 |  |    | - | 4  | 2  |
| 8.  | 15A99201 | Engineering & IT Workshop              |    | - | 4  | 2  |
|     |          | Total                                  | 15 | 5 | 12 | 21 |

# \* L - Lecture hours

- \*T Tutorial hours
- \*P Practical hours
- \*Drg Drawing
- \*C Credits

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| S.<br>No | Course<br>Code | Subject                                  | L  | Т | Ρ | С  |
|----------|----------------|--|----|---|---|----|
| 1        | 15A54301       | Mathematics –III                         | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 2        | 15A02301       | Electrical Circuits – II                 |    | 1 | - | 3  |
| 3        | 15A02302       | Electrical Machines – I                  | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 4        | 15A02303       | Control Systems Engineering              | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 5        | 15A04301       | Electronic Devices & Circuits            | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 6        | 15A05201       | Data Structures                          | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 7        | 15A02305       | Electric Circuits Simulation Laboratory  | -  |   | 4 | 2  |
| 8        | 15A04305       | Electronic Devices & Circuits Laboratory | -  |   | 4 | 2  |
|          |                | Total                                    | 18 | 6 | 8 | 22 |

# II B. Tech (EEE) – I Sem

# II B. Tech (EEE) – II Sem

|    | . Tech (EEE) - |   | 1  | т |   | 0  |
|----|----------------|---|----|---|---|----|
| S. | Course         | Subject                                     | L  |   | P | C  |
| No | Code           |   |    |   |   |    |
| 1  | 15A54402       | Mathematics – IV                            | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 2  | 15A52301       | Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 3  | 15A02401       | Electrical Machines – II                    | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 4  | 15A02402       | Electrical Power Generating Systems         | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 5  | 15A02403       | Electromagnetic Fields                      |    | 1 | - | 3  |
| 6  | 15A04409       | Analog Electronic Circuits                  | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 7  | 15A02404       | Electrical Machines Laboratory – I          | -  | - | 4 | 2  |
| 8  | 15A02405       | Control Systems & Simulation Laboratory     | -  | - | 4 | 2  |
| 9  | 15A02406       | Comprehensive Online Examination – I        | -  | - | - | 1  |
|    |                | Total                                       | 18 | 6 | 8 | 23 |

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# B.Tech III-I Semester (EEE)

| S.  | Course   | Subject                               | L  | Т | Р  | С  |
|-----|----------|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|----|
| No. | Code     |                                       |    |   |    |    |
| 1.  | 15A02501 | Electrical Measurements               | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 2.  | 15A04509 | Linear & Digital IC Applications      | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 3.  | 15A02502 | Electrical Power Transmission Systems | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 4.  | 15A02503 | Power Electronics                     | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 5.  | 15A02504 | Electrical Machines – III             |    | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 6.  |          | MOOCS -I                              | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
|     | 15A04510 | Digital Circuits and Systems          |    |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02505 | Networks Signals and Systems          |    |   |    |    |
| 7.  | 15A02506 | Electrical Machines Laboratory – II   | -  | - | 4  | 2  |
| 8.  | 15A02507 | Electrical Measurements Laboratory    | -  | - | 4  | 2  |
| 9.  | 15A99501 | Audit course – Social Values & Ethics | 2  | 0 | 2  | 0  |
|     |          | Total                                 | 20 | 6 | 10 | 22 |

# B.Tech III-II Semester (EEE)

| S.  | Course   | Subject  | L  | Т | Р  | С  |
|-----|--|--|----|---|----|----|
| No. | Code   | -  |    |   |    |    |
| 1.  | 15A52601   | Management Science                               | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 2.  | 15A02601   | Power Semiconductor Drives                       | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 3.  | 15A02602   | Power System Protection                          | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 4.  | 15A04601   | Microprocessors & Microcontrollers               | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 5.  | 15A02603   | Power System Analysis                            | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
| 6.  |  | CBCC -I  |    |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02604   | 1) Neural Networks & Fuzzy Logic                 |    |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02605   | 2) Programmable Logic Controller & Its           | 3  | 1 | -  | 3  |
|     |  | Applications                                     | 5  |   |    | 5  |
|     | 15A02606   | 3) Optimization Techniques                       |    |   |    |    |
|     | 15A01608   | <ol> <li>Intellectual Property Rights</li> </ol> |    |   |    |    |
| 7.  | 15A04607   | Microprocessors & Microcontrollers               |    |   | 4  | 2  |
|     | 13A04007   | Laboratory                                       | -  |   | 4  | Z  |
| 8.  | 15A02607   | Power Electronics & Simulation Laboratory        | -  |   | 4  | 2  |
| 9.  |  | Advanced English Language                        |    |   |    |    |
|     | 15A52602 Communication Skills (AELCS) Laboratory |  | -  |   | 2  | -  |
|     |  | (Audit Course)                                   |    |   |    |    |
| 10. | 15A02608   | Comprehensive Online Examination - II            | -  | - | -  | 1  |
|     |  | Total  | 18 | 6 | 12 | 23 |

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# B.Tech IV-I Semester (EEE)

| S.  | Course                           | Subject  | L                                    | Т | Р | С  |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|
| No. | Code                             |  |                                      |   |   |    |
| 1.  | 15A02701                         | Electrical Distribution Systems  | 3                                    | 1 | - | 3  |
| 2.  | 15A04603                         | Digital Signal Processing 3 1  |                                      |   |   | 3  |
| 3.  | 15A02702                         | Power System Operation and Control   | 3                                    | 1 | - | 3  |
| 4.  | 15A02703                         | Utilization of Electrical Energy   | Utilization of Electrical Energy 3 1 |   | - | 3  |
| 5.  | 15A02704<br>15A02705<br>15A02706 | CBCC-II<br>a) Modern Control Theory<br>b) Switched Mode Power Converters<br>c) Energy Auditing & Demand Side<br>Management | 3                                    | 1 | - | 3  |
| 6.  | 15A02707<br>15A02708<br>15A02709 | CBCC-III<br>a) Smart Grid<br>b) Flexible AC Transmission Systems<br>c) Power Quality                                       |                                      | 1 | - | 3  |
| 7.  | 15A04608                         | Digital Signal Processing Laboratory   | -                                    |   | 4 | 2  |
| 8.  | 15A02710                         | Power Systems & Simulation Laboratory  | -                                    |   | 4 | 2  |
|     |                                  | Total  | 18                                   | 6 | 8 | 22 |

# B.Tech IV-II Semester (EEE)

| S.  | Course          | Subject                             | L | Т | Р  | С  |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----|----|
| No. | Code            |                                     |   |   |    |    |
| 1.  |                 | MOOCS – II                          | 3 | 1 | -  | 3  |
|     | 15A02801        | 1. Instrumentation                  |   |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02802        | 2.Power System Dynamics and Control |   |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02803        | 3. Industrial Automation & Control  |   |   |    |    |
| 2.  |                 | MOOCS – III                         | 3 | 1 | -  | 3  |
|     | 15A02804        | 1. HVDC Transmission                |   |   |    |    |
|     | 15A04702        | 2. Embedded Systems                 |   |   |    |    |
|     | 15A02805        | 3. Energy Resources & Technology    |   |   |    |    |
| 3.  | 15A02806        | Comprehensive Viva Voce             | - | - | 4  | 2  |
| 4.  | 15A02807        | Technical Seminar                   | - | - | 4  | 2  |
| 5.  | 15A02808        | Project Work                        | - |   | 24 | 12 |
|     | Total 6 2 32 22 |                                     |   |   |    |    |

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# Minor Discipline in EEE

| S.<br>No. | Course<br>Code | Subject                               |    | T | Р | С  |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|---|----|
| 1         | 15A02303       | Control Systems Engineering           | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 2         | 15A02402       | Electrical Power Generating Systems   | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 3         | 15A02502       | Electrical Power Transmission Systems | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 4         | 15A02603       | Power System Analysis                 | 3  | 1 | - | 3  |
| 5         | 15M02101       | Minor Discipline Project              | -  | - | - | 8  |
|           |                | Total                                 | 12 | 4 | - | 20 |

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#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

| В. | Tech | I-I | Sem. | (EEE) |
|----|------|-----|------|-------|
|----|------|-----|------|-------|

#### (15A52101) FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH

#### (Common to All Branches)

#### **Preamble:**

English is an international language as well as a living and vibrant one. People have found that knowledge of English is a passport for better career, better pay, and advanced knowledge and for communication with the entire world. As it is a language of opportunities in this global age, English is bound to expand its domain of use everywhere. The syllabus has been designed to enhance communication skills of the students of engineering and pharmacy. The prescribed book serves the purpose of preparing them for everyday communication and to face the global competitions in future.

The text prescribed for detailed study focuses on LSRW skills and vocabulary development. The teachers should encourage the students to use the target language. The classes should be interactive and learner-centered. They should be encouraged to participate in the classroom activities keenly.

In addition to the exercises from the text done in the class, the teacher can bring variety by using authentic materials such as newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc.

#### **Objectives:**

- To enable the students to communicate in English for academic and social purpose.
- To enable the students to acquire structure and written expressions required for their profession.
- To develop the listening skills of the students.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and critical thinking skills.
- To enhance the study skills of the students with emphasis on LSRW skills.

UNIT –I

**Topics:** Paragraph writing, writing letters, role play, reading graphs, prepositions, designing posters, tenses, making recommendations.

Text: ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS' from *MINDSCAPES* Climate Change - Green Cover – Pollution

#### UNIT –II

**Topics:** Compound nouns, imperatives, writing instructions, interpreting charts and pictures, note making, role play, prefixes, subject-verb agreement.

#### Text: EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES from *MINDSCAPES* Solar Thermal Power - Cloud Computing - Nanotechnology

#### UNIT –III

**Topics:** Making conversations, homonyms and homophones, SMS and use of emotions, past participle for irregular verbs, group discussion, E - mail communication, antonyms, Preparing projects

## Text: GLOBAL ISSUES from MINDSCAPES

Child Labour - Food Crisis - Genetic Modification - E-Waste - Assistive Technology

#### UNIT -IV

**Topics:** Group discussion, affixes, double consonants, debates, writing a book / film review, predicting and problem-solving-future tense, adverbs

#### Text: SPACE TREK from MINDSCAPES

Hubble Telescope - Chandrayan-2 - Anusat - Living Quarters - Space Tourism

#### UNIT -V

**Topics:** Compare and contrast, effective writing, group discussion, writing reports, writing advertisements, tweeting and blogging, types of interviews, framing questions.

#### Text: MEDIA MATTERS from MINDSCAPES

History of Media - Language and Media - Milestone in Media - Manipulation by Media - Entertainment Media - Interviews

### **Text Books:**

# 1. MINDSCAPES: English for Technologists and Engineers, Orient Blackswan, 2014.

# **References:**

- 1. A Practical Course in Effective English Speaking Skills by J.K.Gangal, PHI Publishers, New Delhi.2012
- 2. Technical Communication, Meenakshi Raman, Oxford University Press,2011.
- 3. Spoken English, R.K. Bansal & JB Harrison, Orient Longman, 2013, 4<sup>Th</sup> edition.
- 4. Murphy's English Grammar with CD, Murphy, Cambridge University Press,3<sup>Rd</sup> edition.
- 5. An Interactive Grammar of Modern English, Shivendra K. Verma and Hemlatha Nagarajan , Frank Bros & CO,2008.

#### Outcomes:

- Have improved communication in listening, speaking, reading and writing skills in general.
- Have developed their oral communication and fluency in group discussions and interviews.
- Have improved awareness of English in science and technology context.
- Have achieved familiarity with a variety of technical reports.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

## B. Tech I-I Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A54101) MATHEMATICS - I

#### (Common to All Branches)

#### **Objectives:**

- To train the students thoroughly in Mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations and their applications.
- To prepare students for lifelong learning and successful careers using mathematical concepts of differential and Integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus.
- To develop the skill pertinent to the practice of the mathematical concepts including the students abilities to formulate and modeling the problems, to think creatively and to synthesize information.

#### UNIT – I

Exact, linear and Bernoulli equations, Applications to first order equations; Orthogonal trajectories, Simple electric circuits.

Non-homogeneous linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients with RHS term of the type  $e^{ax}$ , sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x,  $e^{ax}$  V(x), xV(x).

### UNIT – II

Method of variation of parameters, linear equations with variable coefficients: Euler-Cauchy Equations, Legendre's linear equation. Applications of linear differential equations- Mechanical and Electrical oscillatory circuits and Deflection of Beams.

# UNIT – III

Taylor's and Maclaurin's Series - Functions of several variables – Jacobian – Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables, Lagrange's method of undetermined Multipliers with three variables only. Radius of curvature.

# $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{IV}$

Multiple integral – Double and triple integrals – Change of Variables – Change of order of integration. Applications to areas and volumes in Cartesian and polar coordinates using double and triple integral.

# UNIT – V

Vector Calculus: Gradient – Divergence – Curl and their properties; Vector integration – Line integral - Potential function – Area – Surface and volume integrals. Vector integral theorems: Green's theorem – Stoke's and Gauss's Divergence Theorem (Without proof). Application of Green's, Stoke's and Gauss's Theorems.

## Text Books:

1. Engineering Mathematics-I, E. Rukmangadachari & E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Publisher

2. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.

#### **References:**

- 1. Engineering Mathematics Volume-I, by T.K.V. Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N.Prasad, S.Chand publication.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley India.
- 3. Higher Engineering Mathematics, by B.V.Ramana, Mc Graw Hill publishers.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Alan Jeffrey, Elsevier.

#### **Outcomes:**

- The students become familiar with the application of differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus to engineering problems.
- The students attain the abilities to use mathematical knowledge to analyze, formulate and solve problems in engineering applications.

# \_\_\_\_\_R15 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

# B. Tech I-I Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A05101) COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

## (Common to All Branches)

### **Objectives:**

- Understand problem solving techniques
- Understand representation of a solution to a problem
- Understand the syntax and semantics of C programming language
- Understand the significance of Control structures
- Learn the features of C language

# UNIT - I

Overview of Computers and Programming - Electronic Computers Then and Now -Computer Hardware - Computer Software - Algorithm - Flowcharts - Software Development Method - Applying the Software Development Method.

Types, Operators and Expressions: Variable Names - Data Types and Sizes - Constants - Declarations - Arithmetic Operators - Relational and Logical Operators - Type Conversions - Increment and Decrement Operators - Bitwise Operators - Assignment Operators and Expressions - Conditional Expressions - Precedence and Order of Evaluation.

# UNIT - II

Selections Statements – Iteration Statements – Jump Statements- Expression Statements - Block Statements.

Single Dimensional Arrays – Generating a Pointer to an Array – Passing Single Dimension Arrays to Functions – Strings – Two Dimensional Arrays – Indexing Pointers – Array Initialization – Variable Length Arrays

### UNIT - III

Pointer Variables – Pointer Operators - Pointer Expressions – Pointers And Arrays – Multiple Indirection – Initializing Pointers – Pointers to Functions – C's Dynamic Allocation Functions – Problems with Pointers.

Understanding the scope of Functions – Scope Rules – Type Qualifiers – Storage Class Specifiers- Functions Arguments – The Return Statement.

# UNIT - IV

Command line arguments – Recursion – Function Prototypes – Declaring Variable Length Parameter Lists

Structures – Arrays of Structures – Passing Structures to Functions – Structure Pointers – Arrays and Structures within Structures – Unions – Bit Fields – Enumerations – typedef

### UNIT - V

Reading and Writing Characters – Reading and Writing Strings – Formatted Console I/O – Printf - Scanf – Standard C Vs Unix File I/O – Streams and Files – File System Basics – Fread and Fwrite – Fseek and Random Access I/O – Fprintf () and Fscanf() – The Standard Streams – The Preprocessor Directives #define and #include.

### Text Books:

- 1. "The Complete Reference C"- Fourth Edition- Herbert Schildt- McGrawHill Eduction.
- 2. "The C Programming Language" Second Edition- Brain W. Kernighan-Dennis M. Ritchie- Prentice Hall-India. (UNIT- I)

### **References:**

- 1. Programming in C, Second Edition Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, Oxford University Press.
- 2. "C From Theory to Practice"- George S. Tselikis- Nikolaos D. Tselikas- CRC Press.
- 3. "Programming with C"- R S Bichkar- University Press.
- 4. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A.Ananda Rao, Pearson Education. (UNIT-I)
- 5. Computer Fundamentals and C Programming- Second Edition- P.Chenna Reddy- Available at Pothi.com (http://pothi.com/pothi/book/dr-p-chennareddy-computer-fundamentals-and-c-programming).

# **Outcomes:**

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- Apply problem solving techniques in designing the solutions for a wide-range of problems
- Choose appropriate control structure depending on the problem to be solved
- Modularize the problem and also solution

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B. Tech I-I Sem. (EEE)

L T P C 3 1 0 3

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## (15A56101) ENGINEERING PHYSICS

#### (Common to CSE/EEE/CIVIL)

#### **Objectives:**

- To evoke interest on applications of superposition effects like interference and diffraction, the mechanisms of emission of light, achieving amplification of electromagnetic radiation through stimulated emission, study of propagation of light through transparent dielectric waveguides along with engineering applications.
- To enlighten the periodic arrangement of atoms in crystals, direction of Bragg planes, crystal structure determination by X-rays and non-destructive evaluation using ultrasonic techniques.
- To get an insight into the microscopic meaning of conductivity, classical and quantum free electron model, the effect of periodic potential on electron motion, evolution of band theory to distinguish materials and to understand electron transport mechanism in solids.
- To open new avenues of knowledge and understanding semiconductor based electronic devices , basic concepts and applications of semiconductors and magnetic materials have been introduced which find potential in the emerging micro device applications.
- To give an impetus on the subtle mechanism of superconductors in terms of conduction of electron pairs using BCS theory, different properties exhibited by them and their fascinating applications. Considering the significance of microminiaturization of electronic devices and significance of low dimensional materials, the basic concepts of nanomaterials, their synthesis, properties and applications in emerging technologies are elicited.

### UNIT - I

### PHYSICAL OPTICS, LASERS AND FIBRE OPTICS

*Physical Optics:* Interference (Review) – Interference in thin film by reflection – Newton's rings –Diffraction (Review) - Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit, double slit and diffraction grating.

Lasers: Characteristics of laser – Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation – Einstein's coefficients — Population inversion – Excitation mechanism and optical

resonator - Nd:YAG laser - He-Ne laser - Semiconductor Diode laser - Applications of lasers

*Fiber optics:* Introduction - construction and working principle of optical fiber – Numerical aperture and acceptance angle – Types of optical fibers – Attenuation and losses in Optical fibers –Block diagram of Optical fiber communication system – Applications of optical fibers

# UNIT – II

# CRYSTALLOGRAPHY AND ULTRASONICS

*Crystallography:* Introduction – Space lattice –Unit cell – Lattice parameters –Bravias lattice – Crystal systems – Packing fractions of SC, BCC and FCC - Directions and planes in crystals – Miller indices – Interplanar spacing in cubic crystals – X-ray diffraction - Bragg's law – Powder method.

*Ultrasonics:* Introduction – Production of ultrasonics by piezoelectric method – Properties and detection – Applications in non-destructive testing.

### UNIT – III

### QUANTUM MECHANICS AND ELECTRON THEORY

*Quantum Mechanics:* Matter waves – de'Broglie hypothesis and properties - Schrodinger's time dependent and independent wave equations – Physical significance of wave function - Particle in one dimensional infinite potential well.

*Electron theory:* Classical free electron theory – Equation for electrical conductivity – Quantum free electron theory – Fermi-Dirac distribution – Source of electrical resistance – Kronig-Penny model (qualitative treatment) – Origin of bands in solids – Classification of solids into conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

# SEMICONDUCTORS AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS

*Semiconductors:* Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (Qualitative treatment) – Drift & diffusion currents and Einstein's equation – Hall effect - Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Formation of p-n junction.

*Magnetic materials:* Introduction and basic definitions – Origin of magnetic moments – Bohr magnetron – Classification of magnetic materials into dia, para, ferro, antiferro and ferri magnetic materials (Qualitative treatment) – Hysteresis - Soft and hard magnetic materials, applications of magnetic materials.

# UNIT – V

# SUPERCONDUCTIVITY AND PHYSICS OF NANOMATERIALS

*Superconductivity:* Introduction - Effect of magnetic field - Meissner effect – Type I and Type II superconductors – Flux quantization – Penetration depth - BCS theory (qualitative treatment) — Josephson effects – Applications of superconductors.

*Physics of Nanomaterials*: Introduction - Significance of nanoscale and types of nanomaterials – Physical properties: optical, thermal, mechanical and magnetic properties – Synthesis of nanomaterials by Top down and bottom up approaches: ball mill, chemical vapour deposition, and sol gel –Applications of nanomaterials.

### Text Books:

1. Engineering Physics – K.Thyagarajan, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, MacGraw Hill Publishers, NewDelhi, 2014.

2. Physics for Engineers - N.K Verma, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi,2014.

### **References:**

- Engineering Physics Dr. M.N. Avadhanulu & Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2014.
- Engineering Physics D K Pandey, S. Chaturvedi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2013.
- Engineering Physics D.K Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, 1<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2015.

# **Outcomes**:

- The different realms of physics and their applications in both scientific and technological systems are achieved through the study of physical optics, lasers and fibre optics.
- The important properties of crystals like the presence of long-range order and periodicity, structure determination using X-ray diffraction are focused along with defects in crystals and ultrasonic non-destructive techniques.
- The discrepancies between the classical estimates and laboratory observations of physical properties exhibited by materials would be lifted through the understanding of quantum picture of subatomic world.
- The electronic and magnetic properties of materials were successfully explained by free electron theory and the bases for the band theory are focused.
- The properties and device applications of semiconducting and magnetic materials are illustrated.
- The importance of superconducting materials and nanomaterials along with their engineering applications are well elucidated.

# R15 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B. Tech I-I Sem. (EEE)

L T Drg C 0 0 6 3

## (15A03101) ENGINEERING DRAWING

(Common to CSE/EEE/CIVIL)

### **Objectives:**

- To gain and understanding of the basics of geometrical constructions of various planes and solids, understanding system of graphical representation of various objects and various views to draft and read the products to be designed and eventually for manufacturing applications.
- To learn about various projections, to understand complete dimensions and details of object.
- Ultimately student must get imaginary skill to put an idea of object, circuit, assembly of parts in black & white, to design a product and to understand the composition, which can be understood universally.

### UNIT I

**Introduction to Engineering Drawing**: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance- Conventions in Drawing-Lettering – BIS Conventions. Curves used in Engineering Practice. a) Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola- General method only, b) Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid

### UNIT II

Scales: Plain, Diagonal and Vernier;

**Projection of Points**: Principles of orthographic projection – Convention – First angle projections, projections of points.

#### UNIT III

**Projections of Lines**: lines inclined to one or both planes, Problems on projections, Finding True lengths.

**Projections of Planes**: Projections of regular plane surfaces- plane surfaces inclined to both planes.

# UNIT IV

Projections of Solids: Projections of Regular Solids with axis inclined to both planes.

**Developments of Solids**: Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids-Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone.

## UNIT V

**Isometric and Orthographic Projections**: Principles of isometric projection- Isometric Scale- Isometric Views- Conventions- Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple solids (cube, cylinder and cone). Isometric projections of spherical parts. Conversion of isometric Views to Orthographic Views.

# Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Bhatt, Charotar Publishers
- 2. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana & P. Kannaih, Scitech Publishers, Chennai

# References:

- 1. Engineering Drawing, Johle, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers
- 2. Engineering Drawing, Shah and Rana, 2/e, Pearson Education
- 3. Engineering Drawing and Graphics, Venugopal/New age Publishers
- 4. Engineering Graphics, K.C. John, PHI,2013
- 5. Engineering Drawing, B.V.R. Guptha, J.K. Publishers

### **Outcomes:**

- Drawing 2D and 3D diagrams of various objects.
- Learning conventions of Drawing, which is an Universal Language of Engineers.
- Drafting projections of points, planes and solids.

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#### (15A52102) ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (ELCS) LAB

#### (Common to All Branches)

The Language Lab focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

#### **Objectives:**

- To enable students to learn better pronunciation through stress on word accent, intonation, and rhythm.
- To help the second language learners to acquire fluency in spoken English and neutralize mother tongue influence
- To train students to use language appropriately for interviews, group discussion and public speaking

### UNIT - 1

- 1. Phonetics -importance
- 2. Introduction to Sounds of Speech
- 3. Vowels and consonants sounds
- 4. Phonetic Transcription

UNIT - II

- 5. Word Stress
- 6. Syllabification
- 7. Rules of word stress
- 8. Intonation

### UNIT - III

- 9. Situational Dialogues
- 10. Role Plays
- 11. JAM
- 12. Describing people/objects/places

# UNIT - IV

- 13. Debates
- 14. Group Discussions
- 15. Interview skills

# UNIT - V

- 16. Video speech writing
- 17. Book reviews -oral and written

# Minimum Requirements for ELCS Lab:

The English Language Lab shall have two parts:

- 1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab: The Computer aided Language Lab for 60 students with 60 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self- study by learners.
- The Communication Skills Lab with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a P.A. system, Projector, a digital stereo-audio & video system and camcorder etc. System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with LAN with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

- i) P IV Processor
  - a) Speed 2.8 GHZ
  - b) RAM 512 MB Minimum
  - c) Hard Disk 80 GB
- ii) Headphones of High quality

# Suggested Software:

- 1. Clarity Pronunciation Power Part I (Sky Pronunciation)
- 2. Clarity Pronunciation Power part II
- 3. K-Van Advanced Communication Skills
- 4. Walden InfoTech Software.

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# **References:**

- 1. A Textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed T. Balasubramanian. (Macmillian),2012.
- 2. A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English, Dhamija Sethi, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd
- 3. Speaking English Effectively, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Krishna Mohan & NP Singh, 2011. (Mcmillan).
- 4. A Hand book for English Laboratories, E.Suresh Kumar, P.Sreehari, Foundation Books,2011
- 5. Spring Board Succes, Sharada Kouhik, Bindu Bajwa, Orient Blackswan, Hyderbad, 2010.

#### **Outcomes**:

- Become active participants in the learning process and acquire proficiency in spoken English.
- Speak with clarity and confidence thereby enhance employability skills.

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# (15A56102) ENGINEERING PHYSICS LABORATORY

#### (Common to CSE/EEE/CIVIL)

#### **Objectives**:

- Will recognize the important of optical phenomenon like Interference and diffraction.
- Will understand the role of optical fiber parameters and signal losses in communication.
- Will recognize the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and hall effect

in a semiconductor

- Will understand the applications of B H curve.
- Will acquire a practical knowledge of studying the crystal structure in terms of lattice constant.
- Will recognize the application of laser in finding the particle size and its role in diffraction studies.
- Will learn to synthesis of the nanomaterials and recognize its importance by knowing its nano particle size and its impact on its properties.

# Any 10 of the following experiments has to be performed during the I year I semester

- 1. Determination of radius of curvature of a Plano-convex lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 2. Determination of wavelength of given source using diffraction grating in normal incidence method.
- 3. Determination of Numerical aperture, acceptance angle of an optical fiber.
- 4. Energy gap of a Semiconductor diode.
- 5. Hall effect Determination of mobility of charge carriers.
- 6. B-H curve Determination of hysteresis loss for a given magnetic material.
- 7. Determination of Crystallite size using X-ray pattern (powder) using debyescheerer method.
- 8. Determination of particle size by using laser source.
- 9. Determination of dispersive power of a prism.
- 10. Determination of thickness of the thin wire using wedge Method.
- 11. Laser : Diffraction due to single slit
- 12. Laser : Diffraction due to double slit
- 13. Laser: Determination of wavelength using diffraction grating

- 14. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil Stewart and Gee's method.
- 15. Synthesis of nanomaterial by any suitable method.

#### **References:**

- 1. Engineering Physics Practicals NU Age Publishing House, Hyderabad.
- 2. Engineering Practical physics Cengage Learning, Delhi.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Would recognize the important of optical phenomenon like Interference and diffraction.
- Would have acquired the practical application knowledge of optical fiber, semiconductor, dieclectric and magnetic materials, crystal structure and lasers by the study of their relative parameters.
- Would recognize the significant importance of nanomaterials in various engineering fields.

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## B. Tech I-I Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A05102) COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB

#### (Common to All branches)

#### **Objectives:**

- Learn C Programming language
- To make the student solve problems, implement algorithms using C language.

#### List of Experiments/Tasks

- 1. Practice DOS and LINUX Commands necessary for design of C Programs.
- 2. Study of the Editors, Integrated development environments, and Compilers in chosen platform.
- 3. Write, Edit, Debug, Compile and Execute Sample C programs to understand the programming environment.
- 4. Practice programs: Finding the sum of three numbers, exchange of two numbers, maximum of two numbers, To read and print variable values of all data types of C language, to find the size of all data types, to understand the priority and associativity of operators using expressions, to use different library functions of C language.
- 5. Write a program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.
- 6. Write a program to compute the factorial of a given number.
- 7. Write a program to check whether the number is prime or not.
- 8. Write a program to find the series of prime numbers in the given range.
- 9. Write a program to generate Fibonacci numbers in the given range.
- 10. Write a program to find the maximum of a set of numbers.
- 11. Write a program to reverse the digits of a number.
- 12. Write a program to find the sum of the digits of a number.
- 13. Write a program to find the sum of positive and negative numbers in a given set of numbers.
- 14. Write a program to check for number palindrome.
- 15. Write a program to evaluate the sum of the following series up to 'n' terms  $e^{x}=1+x+x^{2}/2!+x^{3}/3!+x^{4}/4!+\cdots$
- 16. Write a program to generate Pascal Triangle.
- 17. Write a program to read two matrices and print their sum and product in the matrix form.
- 18. Write a program to read matrix and perform the following operations.
  - i. Find the sum of Diagonal Elements of a matrix.
  - ii. Print Transpose of a matrix.

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iii. Print sum of even and odd numbers in a given matrix.

- 19. Write a program to accept a line of characters and print the number of Vowels, Consonants, blank spaces, digits and special characters.
- 20. Write a program to insert a substring in to a given string and delete few characters from the string. Don't use library functions related to strings.
- 21. Write a program to perform the operations addition, subtraction, multiplication of complex numbers.
- 22. Write a program to split a 'file' in to two files, say file1 and file2. Read lines into the 'file' from standard input. File1 should consist of odd numbered lines and file2 should consist of even numbered lines.
- 23. Write a program to merge two files.
- 24. Write a program to implement numerical methods Lagrange's interpolation, Trapezoidal rule.
- 25. Write a program to read a set of strings and sort them in alphabetical order.
- 26. Write a program to read two strings and perform the following operations without using built-in string Library functions and by using your own implementations of functions.i. String length determination ii .Compare Two Strings

iii. Concatenate them, if they are not equal iv. String

reversing

- 27. Write programs using recursion for finding Factorial of a number, GCD, LCM, and solving Towers of Hanoi problem.
- 28. Write a program to exchange two numbers using pointers.
- 29. Write a program to read student records into a file. Record consists of rollno, name and marks of a student in six subjects and class. Class field is empty initially. Compute the class of a student. The calculation of the class is as per JNTUA rules. Write the first class, second class, third class and failed students lists separately to another file.
- 30. A file consists of information about employee salary with fields employeeid, name, Basic, HRA, DA, IT, other-deductions, Gross and Net salary. Initially only employeeid, name, and basic have valid values. HRA is taken as 10% of the basic, DA is taken as 80% of basic, IT is 20% of the basic, other deductions is user specified. Compute the Gross and Net salary of the employee and update the file.
- 31. Write a program to perform Base (decimal, octal, hexadecimal, etc) conversion.
- 32. Write a program to find the square root of a number without using built-in library function.
- 33. Write a program to convert from string to number.
- 34. Write a program to implement pseudo random generator.
- 35. Write a program to generate multiplication tables from 11 to 20.
- 36. Write a program to express a four digit number in words. For example 1546 should be written as one thousand five hundred and forty six.

- 37. Write a program to generate a telephone bill. The contents of it and the rate calculation etc should be as per BSNL rules. Student is expected to gather the required information through the BSNL website.
- 38. Write a program to find the execution time of a program.
- 39. Design a file format to store a person's name, address, and other information. Write a program to read this file and produce a set of mailing labels

### Note:

- 1. Instructors are advised to conduct the lab in LINUX/UNIX environment also
- 2. The above list consists of only sample programs. Instructors may choose other programs to illustrate certain concepts, wherever is necessary. Programs should be there on all the concepts studied in Theory. Instructors are advised to change atleast 25% of the programs every year until the next syllabus revision.

# **References:**

- 1. "How to Solve it by Computer", R.G. Dromey, Pearson.
- 2. "The C Programming Language", Brian W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, Pearson.
- 3. "Let us C", Yeswant Kanetkar, BPB publications
- 4. "Pointers in C", Yeswant Kanetkar, BPB publications.
- 5. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A.Ananda Rao, Pearson Education.

### **Outcomes:**

- Apply problem solving techniques to find solutions to problems
- Able to use C language features effectively and implement solutions using C language.
- Improve logical skills.

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| (15454201) MATHEMATICS – II                         |   |        |   |     |  |  |  |

# (15A54201) MATHEMATICS – II

# (Common to All Branches)

**<u>Objectives:</u>** Our emphasis will be more on conceptual understanding and application of Fourier series, Fourier, Z and Laplace transforms and solution of partial differential equations.

# UNIT – I

Laplace transform of standard functions – Inverse transform – First shifting Theorem, Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – Second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function – Convolution theorem – Laplace transform of Periodic function.

Differentiation and integration of transform – Application of Laplace transforms to ordinary differential equations of first and second order.

# UNIT – II

Fourier Series: Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series – Even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – Even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions- Parseval's formula- Complex form of Fourier series.

### UNIT – III

Fourier integral theorem (only statement) – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transform – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

### UNIT – IV

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Method of separation of variables – Solutions of one dimensional wave equation, heat equation and two-dimensional Laplace's equation under initial and boundary conditions.

# $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

z-transform – Inverse z-transform – Properties – Damping rule – Shifting rule – Initial and final value theorems. Convolution theorem – Solution of difference equations by z-transforms.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.
- 2. Engineering Mathematics, Volume II, E. Rukmangadachari Pearson Publisher.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Mathematical Methods by T.K.V. Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N.Prasad S. Chand publication.
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics, by B.V.Ramana, Mc Graw Hill publishers.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley India.

**<u>Outcomes</u>**: The student gains the knowledge to tackle the engineering problems using the concepts of Fourier series, various transforms and partial differential equations.

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# (15A52201) ENGLISH FOR PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

# 1. INTRODUCTION:

English is a global language and has international appeal and application. It is widely used in a variety of contexts and for varied purposes. The students would find it useful both for social and professional development. There is every need to help the students acquire skills useful to them in their career as well as workplace. They need to write a variety of documents and letters now extending into professional domain that cuts across business and research also. The syllabus has been designed to enhance communication skills of the students of engineering and pharmacy. The prescribed book serves the purpose of preparing them for everyday communication and to face the global competitions in future.

The text prescribed for detailed study focuses on LSRW skills and vocabulary development. The teachers should encourage the students to use the target language. The classes should be interactive and learner-centered. They should be encouraged to participate in the classroom activities keenly.

In addition to the exercises from the text done in the class, the teacher can bring variety by using authentic materials such as newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc.

### 2. OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To develop confidence in the students to use English in everyday situations.
- 2. To enable the students to read different discourses so that they appreciate English for science and technologies.
- 3. To improve familiarity with a variety of technical writings.
- 4. To enable the students to acquire structure and written expressions required for their profession.
- 5. To develop the listening skills of the students.

# 3. SYLLABUS:

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# UNIT –I

**Topics:** Group discussion, cause and effect, events and perspectives, debate, if conditional, essay writing.

# Text: LESSONS FROM THE PAST from MINDSCAPES

Importance of History - Differing Perspectives - Modern Corporatism -Lessons From The Past

## UNIT-II

**Topics:** Idioms, essay writing, power point presentation, modals, listening and rewriting, preparing summary, debate, group discussion, role play, writing a book review, conversation

# Text: 'ENERGY' from MINDSCAPES

Renewable and Non-Renewable Sources - Alternative Sources - Conservation -Nuclear Energy

### UNIT-III

**Topics:** Vocabulary, impromptu speech, creative writing, direct and indirect speech, fixed expressions, developing creative writing skills, accents, presentation skills, making posters, report writing

### Text: 'ENGINEERING ETHICS' from MINDSCAPES

Challenger Disaster - Biotechnology - Genetic Engineering - Protection From Natural Calamities

### UNIT-IV

**Topics:** Vocabulary, Conversation, Collocation, Group discussion, Notemaking, Clauses, Interpreting charts and tables , Report writing.

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## Text: 'TRAVEL AND TOURISM' from MINDSCAPES

Advantages and Disadvantages of Travel - Tourism - Atithi Devo Bhava - Tourism in India

# UNIT-V

**Topics:** Vocabulary, phrasal verbs, writing a profile, connectives, discourse markers, problem-solving, telephone skills, application letters, curriculum vitae, interviews (telephone and personal)

# Text: 'GETTING JOB-READY' from MINDSCAPES

SWOT Analysis - Companies And Ways Of Powering Growth - Preparing For Interviews

# **Prescribed Text**

**MINDSCAPES**: English for Technologists and Engineers, Orient Blackswan, 2014.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Effective Tech Communication, <u>Rizvi</u>, Tata McGraw-Hil

Education, 2007.

2. Technical Communication, Meenakshi Raman, Oxford University

Press.

3. English Conversations Prcatice, Grant Taylor, Tata Mc GrawHill publications,2013.

4.Practical English Grammar. Thomson and Martinet, OUP, 2010.

# **Expected Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, students would be expected to:

- 1. Have acquired ability to participate effectively in group discussions.
- 2. Have developed ability in writing in various contexts.
- 3. Have acquired a proper level of competence for employability.

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## (15A51101) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

## (Common to All Branches)

# **Objectives:**

- The Engineering Chemistry course for undergraduate students is framed to strengthen the fundamentals of chemistry and then build an interface of theoretical concepts with their industrial/engineering applications.
- The course main aim is to impart in-depth knowledge of the subject and highlight the role of chemistry in the field of engineering.
- The lucid explanation of the topics will help students understand the fundamental concepts and apply them to design engineering materials and solve problems related to them. An attempt has been made to logically correlate the topic with its application.
- The extension of fundamentals of electrochemistry to energy storage devices such as commercial batteries and fuel cells is one such example.
- After the completion of the course, the student would understand the concepts of chemistry and apply to various materials for engineering applications.

# UNIT – I WATER QUALITY AND TREATMENT

Impurities in water, Hardness of water and its Units, Disadvantages of hard water, Estimation of hardness by EDTA method, Numerical problems on hardness, Estimation of dissolved oxygen, Alkalinity, acidity and chlorides in water, Water treatment for domestic purpose (Chlorination, Bleaching powder, ozonisation)

Industrial Use of water:

For steam generation, troubles of Boilers: Scale & Sludge, Priming and Foaming, Caustic Embrittlement and Boiler Corrosion.

Treatment of Boiler Feed water:

Internal Treatment: Colloidal, Phosphate, Carbonate, Calgon and sodium aluminate treatment.

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External Treatment: Ion-Exchange and Permutit processes.

Demineralisation of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis and Electrodialysis

# UNIT – II POLYMERS

i)Introduction: Basic concepts of polymerisation, Types of poloymerisation (Chain Growth (Addition), Step growth (Condensation)), Mechanism: cationic, anionic, free radical and coordination covalent.

Plastomers: Thermosetting and Thermoplatics, Preparation, properties and Engineering applications of PVC, Teflon, Bakelite and nylons.

Elastomers

Natural Rubber; Processsing of natural rubbers, Compounding of Rubber

Synthetic Rubber: Preparation, properties and engineering applications of Buna-S, Buna-N, Polyurethene, Polysulfide (Thiokol) rubbers

ii) Conducting polymers: Mechanism, synthesis and applications of polyacetyline, polyaniline.

iii) Inorganic Polymers: Basic Introduction, Silicones, Polyphospazins (- (R)2-P=N-) applications

# UNIT – III ELECTROCHEMISTRY

i) Galvanic cells, Nernest Equation, Numerical calculations, Batteries: Rechargeable batteries (Lead acid, Ni-Cd, Lithium Ion Batteries),Fuels cells: (Hydrogen-Oxygen and Methanol-Oxygen, Solid oxide)

ii) Corrosion: Introduction, type of corrosion (Concentration cell corrosion, Galvanic corrosion), Chemical (Dry) and Electrochemical (Wet) Theory of corrosion. Galvanic series, factors affecting the corrosion (Metal and environment). Prevention: Cathodic protection (Sacrificial anode and impressed current), Inhibitors (Anodic and cathodic), electroplating (Copper, nickel and chromium) and electroless plating (Copper and nickel)

# UNIT – IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Classifications of Fuels – Characteristics of Fuels- Calorific Value – Units, Numerical Problems.

Solid Fuels: Coal-Classification and Analysis (proximate and ultimate), Coke :Characteristics of metallurgical coke, Manufacture of Metallurgical Coke by Otto Hoffmann's by product oven processes.

Liquid Fuels:

Petroleum: Refining of Petroleum, Gasoline- Octane Number, Diesel -Cetane Number, Synthetic Petrol: Bergius Processes, Fischer Troph's synthesis

Power Alcohol: Manufacture, Advantages and Disadvantages of Power Alcohol

Gaseous Fuels: Natural gas, Producer gas, Water gas, Coal gas and Biogas. Determination calorific value of Gases fuels by Junker's calorimeter.

Combustion: Basic principles and numerical problems, Flue Gas analysis by Orsat's apparatus.

# UNIT – V CHEMISTRY OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

i) Cement: Composition, Classification, preparation (Dry and Wet processes), Setting and Hardening (Hydration and Hydrolysis)

ii) Refractories: Introduction, Classification, properties and applications

iii) Lubricants: Introduction, classification (Solid, liquid, semi solid, emulsion and synthetic),Theory of lubrication (Thin film, Thick film & Extreme pressure), properties of lubricants and applications.

iv) Carbon clusters: Fullerenes and Carbon Nano Tubes (CNT)

# Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry, First Edition, Jayaveera KN, Subba Reddy GVand Ramachandraiah C, McGraw Hill Higher Education, New Delhi, 2013.
- **2.** A Text Book of Enigneering Chemistry, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, Jain and Jain, Dhanapathi Rai Publications, New Delhi, 2013.

# **References:**

- 1. A Text book of Engineering Chemistry, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, SS Dhara,Uma, S. Chand Publications, New Delhi, 2010.
- Engineering Chemistry, First edition, K.B. Chandra Sekhar, UN.Das and Sujatha Mishra, SCITECH Publications India Pvt Limited, 2010.
- 3. Engineering Chemistry, First edition, Seshamaheswaramma K and Mridula Chugh, Pearson Education, 2013.

**Outcomes:** The student is expected to:

- Differentiate between hard and soft water. Understand the disadvantages of using hard water domestically and industrially. Select and apply suitable treatments domestically and industrially.
- Understand the electrochemical sources of energy
- Understand industrially based polymers, various engineering materials.

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| (15401101) ENVIDONMENTAL STU            | NFC   |        |     |     |

# (15A01101) ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

**OBJECTIVE:** To make the students to get awareness on environment, to understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day to day activities of human life to save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

#### UNIT – I

**MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES:** – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

**NATURAL RESOURCES :** Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

## UNIT – II

**ECOSYSTEMS:** Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and

ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

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- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

**BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION :** Introduction 0 Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

#### UNIT – III

**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

**SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT :** Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

#### UNIT – IV

**SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

**HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

FIELD WORK : Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Page 39

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Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc..

## TEXT BOOKS :

- Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by Kaushik, New Age Pubilishers.

## **REFERENCES** :

- 1. Environmental studies by R.Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela - Printice hall of India Private limited.

## **Outcomes** :

- Students will get the sufficient information that will clarify modern environmental concepts like equitable use of natural resources, more sustainable life styles etc.
- (2) Students will realize the need to change their approach so as to perceive our own environmental issues correctly, using practical approach based on observation and self learning.
- (3) Students become conversant with the fact that there is a need to create a concern for our environment that will trigger proenvironmental action; including simple activities we can do in our daily life to protect it.

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(4) By studying environmental sciences, students is exposed to the environment that enables one to find out solution of various environmental problems encountered on and often.

At the end of the course, it is expected that students will be able to identify and analyze environmental problems as well as the risks associated with these problems and efforts to be taken to protect the environment from getting polluted. This will enable every human being to live in a more sustainable manner.

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## (15A02201) ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS - I

## **Objectives:**

To make the student learn about

- Basic characteristics of R,L,C parameters
- The concepts of real power, reactive power, complex power, phase angle and phase difference
- How to compute two port network parameters
- Network reduction techniques, star to delta and delta to star transformations
- Series and parallel resonances, bandwidth, current locus diagrams
- Network theorems and their applications

## UNIT- I INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL & MAGNETIC CIRCUITS

**Electrical Circuits:** Circuit Concept, R, L and C Parameters -Independent and Dependent Voltage and Current Sources -Source Transformation, Voltage - Current Relationship for Passive Elements (For Different Input Signals: Square, Ramp, Saw Tooth, Triangular. Kirchhoff's Laws, Network Reduction Techniques: Series, Parallel, Series Parallel, Star-to-Delta or Delta-to-Star Transformation. Examples

**Magnetic Circuits**: Faraday's Laws of Electromagnetic Induction, Concept of Self and Mutual Inductance, Dot Convention, Coefficient of Coupling, Composite Magnetic Circuit-Analysis of Series and Parallel Magnetic Circuits, MMF Calculations.

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#### UNIT- II SINGLE PHASE A.C CIRCUITS

R.M.S, Average Values and Form Factor for Different Periodic Wave Forms: Sinusoidal Alternating Quantities. Phase and Phase Difference, Complex and Polar Forms Of Representations, j-Notation, Steady State Analysis of R, L and C (In Series, Parallel and Series Parallel Combinations) With Sinusoidal Excitation, Concept of Power Factor, Concept of Reactance, Impedance, Susceptance and Admittance-Real and Reactive Power and Complex Power. Examples.

#### UNIT- III LOCUS DIAGRAMS & RESONANCE

Series R-L, R-C, R-L-C and Parallel Combination with Variation of Parameters. Resonance: Series, Parallel Circuits, Concept of Bandwidth and Q Factor.

#### UNIT- IV NETWORK THEOREMS

Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer, Millman's Theorems, Tellegen's, Superposition, Reciprocity and Compensation Theorems for D.C And Sinusoidal Excitations.

#### UNIT- V TWO PORT NETWORKS

Two Port Network Parameters: Impedance, Admittance, Transmission and Hybrid Parameters and their Relations. Concept of Transformed Network, Two Port Network Parameters Using Transformed Variables.

#### Outcome:

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After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Given a network, find the equivalent impedance by using network reduction techniques
- Given a circuit and the excitation, determine the real power, reactive power, power factor etc,.
- Determine the current through any element and voltage across any element
- Apply the network theorems suitably

## TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology 4th Edition, John Bird, Rovtledge/T&F, 2011.
- 2. Network Analysis 3rd Edition, M.E Van Valkenberg, PHI.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Circuit Theory (Analysis & Synthesis) 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 2008.
- 2. Electric Circuits by N.Sreenivasulu, REEM Publications
- 3. Engineering Circuit Analysis, William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, Mc Graw Hill Company, 6<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 4. Circuits & Networks by A. Sudhakar and Shyammohan S Palli, Tata McGraw- Hill

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B. Tech I-II Sem. (EEE)

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## (15A51102) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

## (Common to All Branches)

#### **Objectives**:

- Will learn practical understanding of the redox reaction
- Will learn the preparation and properties of synthetic polymers and other material that would provide sufficient impetus to engineer these to suit diverse applications
- Will also learn the hygiene aspects of water would be in a position to design methods to produce potable water using modern technology.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of total hardness of water by EDTA method.
- 2. Determination of Copper by EDTA method.
- 3. Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen by Winkler's method
- 4. Estimation of iron (II) using diphenylamine indicator (Dichrometry Internal indicator method).
- 5. Determination of Alkalinity of Water
- 6. Determination of acidity of Water
- 7. Preparation of Phenol-Formaldehyde (Bakelite)
- 8. Determination of Viscosity of oils using Redwood Viscometer I
- 9. Determination of Viscosity of oils using Redwood Viscometer II
- 10. Determination of calorific value of gaseous fuels by Junker's Calorimeter

- 11. Conductometric estimation of strong acid using standard sodium hydroxide solution
- 12. Determination of Corrosion rate and inhibition efficiency of an inhibitor for mild steel in hydrochloric acid medium.
- 13. Potentio metric determination of iron using standard potassium dichromate
- 14. Colorometric estimation of manganese.
- 15. PH meter calibration and measurement of PH of water and various other samples.

(Any 10 experiments from the above list)

## **References:**

- 1. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Sixth Edition Mendham J et al, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2. Chemistry Practical– Lab Manual, First edition, Chandra Sekhar KB, Subba Reddy GV and Jayaveera KN, SM Enterprises, Hyderabad, 2014.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Would be confident in handling energy storage systems and would be able combat chemical corrosion
- Would have acquired the practical skill to handle the analytical methods with confidence.
- Would feel comfortable to think of design materials with the requisite properties
- Would be in a position to technically address the water related problems.

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## B. Tech I-II Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A02202) ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS LAB

## **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the student learn about:

- Experimental verification of theorems
- Experimental verification of Resonance phenomenon
- Drawing current locus diagrams
- Practical determination of two port network parameters
- Practical implementation of active and reactive power measurement techniques

## List of Experiments:

- 1) Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems
- 2) Verification of Superposition Theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem
- 3) Verification of Compensation Theorem
- 4) Verification of Reciprocity, Millmann's Theorems
- 5) Locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits
- 6) Series and Parallel Resonance
- Determination of Self, Mutual Inductances and Coefficient of Coupling
- 8) Z and Y Parameters
- 9) Transmission and Hybrid Parameters
- 10) Measurement of Active Power for Star and Delta Connected Balanced Loads
- Measurement of Reactive Power for Star and Delta Connected Balanced Loads
- 12) Measurement of 3-Phase Power by Two Wattmeter Method for Unbalanced Loads

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Apply suitable theorems for circuit analysis and verify the results theoretically
- Experimental determination of two port network parameters and theoretical verification
- Measure active and reactive power experimentally and verify the theoretical values
- Experimentally determine self inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling
- Practically determine band width, Q-factor and verify with theoretical values.

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| (15A99201) ENGINEERING & I.T. WORKSHOP              |   |   |   |     |  |  |  |

#### ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

#### Course Objective:

The budding Engineer may turn out to be a technologist, scientist, entrepreneur, practitioner, consultant etc. There is a need to equip the engineer with the knowledge of common and newer engineering materials as well as shop practices to fabricate, manufacture or work with materials. Essentially he should know the labour involved, machinery or equipment necessary, time required to fabricate and also should be able to estimate the cost of the product or job work. Hence engineering work shop practice is included to introduce some common shop practices and on hand experience to appreciate the use of skill, tools, equipment and general practices to all the engineering students.

## **1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:**

- a. Carpentry shop- Two joints (exercises) involving tenon and mortising, groove and tongue: Making middle lap T joint, cross lap joint, mortise and tenon T joint, Bridle T joint from out of 300 x 40 x 25 mm soft wood stock
- b. Fitting shop- Two joints (exercises) from: square joint, V joint, half round joint or dove tail joint out of 100 x 50 x 5 mm M.S. stock
- c. Sheet metal shop- Two jobs (exercises) from: Tray, cylinder, hopper or funnel from out of 22 or 20 guage G.I. sheet
- d. House-wiring- Two jobs (exercises) from: wiring for ceiling rose and two lamps (bulbs) with independent switch controls with or without looping, wiring for stair case lamp, wiring for a water pump with single phase starter.
- e. Foundry– Preparation of two moulds (exercises): for a single pattern and a double pattern.
- f. Welding Preparation of two welds (exercises): single V butt joint, lap joint, double V butt joint or T fillet joint.

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## 2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION:

- a. Plumbing
- b. Machine Shop
- c. Metal Cutting

Apart from the above the shop rooms should display charts, layouts, figures, circuits, hand tools, hand machines, models of jobs, materials with names such as different woods, wood faults, Plastics, steels, meters, gauges, equipment, CD or DVD displays, First aid, shop safety etc. (though they may not be used for the exercises but they give valuable information to the student). In the class work or in the examination knowledge of all shop practices may be stressed upon rather than skill acquired in making the job.

## **References:**

- 1. Engineering Work shop practice for JNTU, V. Ramesh Babu, VRB Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2009
- 2. Work shop Manual / P.Kannaiah/ K.L.Narayana/ SciTech Publishers.
- 3. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapoovan, SaravanaPandian, 4/e Vikas
- 4. Dictionary of Mechanical Engineering, GHF Nayler, Jaico Publishing House.

## I.T. WORKSHOP

#### **Course Objective:**

- To provide Technical training to the students on Productivity tools like Word processors, Spreadsheets, Presentations
- To make the students know about the internal parts of a computer, assembling a computer from the parts, preparing a computer for use by installing the operating system
- To learn about Networking of computers and use Internet facility for Browsing and Searching.

## Learning Outcome:

- Disassemble and Assemble a Personal Computer and prepare the computer ready to use.
- Prepare the Documents using Word processors

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- Prepare Slide presentations using the presentation tool
- Interconnect two or more computers for information sharing
- Access the Internet and Browse it to obtain the required information
- Install single or dual operating systems on computer

## Preparing your Computer ( 5 weeks)

**Task 1: Learn about Computer:** Identify the internal parts of a computer, and its peripherals. Represent the same in the form of diagrams including Block diagram of a computer. Write specifications for each part of a computer including peripherals and specification of Desktop computer. Submit it in the form of a report.

**Task 2: Assembling a Computer:** Disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Students should be able to trouble shoot the computer and identify working and non-working parts. Student should identify the problem correctly by various methods available (eg: beeps). Students should record the process of assembling and trouble shooting a computer.

**Task 3: Install Operating system:** Student should install Linux on the computer. Student may install another operating system (including proprietary software) and make the system dual boot or multi boot. Students should record the entire installation process.

**Task 4: Operating system features**: Students should record the various features that are supported by the operating system(s) installed. They have to submit a report on it. Students should be able to access CD/DVD drives, write CD/DVDs, access pen drives, print files, etc. Students should install new application software and record the installation process.

## Networking and Internet (4 weeks)

**Task 5: Networking**: Students should connect two computers directly using a cable or wireless connectivity and share information. Students should connect two or more computers using switch/hub and share

information. Crimpling activity, logical configuration etc should be done by the student. The entire process has to be documented.

**Task 6: Browsing Internet**: Student should access the Internet for Browsing. Students should search the Internet for required information. Students should be able to create e-mail account and send email. They should get acquaintance with applications like Facebook, skype etc.

If Intranet mailing facility is available in the organization, then students should share the information using it. If the operating system supports sending messages to multiple users (LINUX supports it) in the same network, then it should be done by the student. Students are expected to submit the information about different browsers available, their features, and search process using different natural languages, and creating e-mail account.

**Task 7: Antivirus:** Students should download freely available Antivirus software, install it and use it to check for threats to the computer being used. Students should submit information about the features of the antivirus used, installation process, about virus definitions, virus engine etc.

## Productivity tools (6 weeks)

**Task 8: Word Processor:** Students should be able to create documents using the word processor tool. Some of the tasks that are to be performed are inserting and deleting the characters, words and lines, Alignment of the lines, Inserting header and Footer, changing the font, changing the color, including images and tables in the word file, making page setup, copy and paste block of text, images, tables, linking the images which are present in other directory, formatting paragraphs, spell checking, etc. Students should be able to prepare project cover pages, content sheet and chapter pages at the end of the task using the features studied. Students should submit a user manual of the word processor considered.

**Task 9: Spreadsheet:** Students should be able to create, open, save the application documents and format them as per the requirement. Some of the tasks that may be practiced are Managing the worksheet environment, creating cell data, inserting and deleting cell data, format cells, adjust the cell size, applying formulas and functions, preparing

charts, sorting cells. Students should submit a user manual of the Spreadsheet application considered.

**Task 10: Presentations :** creating, opening, saving and running the presentations, Selecting the style for slides, formatting the slides with different fonts, colors, creating charts and tables, inserting and deleting text, graphics and animations, bulleting and numbering, hyperlinking, running the slide show, setting the timing for slide show. Students should submit a user manual of the Presentation tool considered.

## **Optional Tasks**:

**Task 11: Laboratory Equipment**: Students may submit a report on specifications of various equipment that may be used by them for the laboratories in their curriculum starting from I B.Tech to IV. B.Tech. It can vary from department to department. Students can refer to their syllabus books, consult staff members of the concerned department or refer websites. The following is a sample list. Instructors may make modifications to the list to suit the department concerned.

- Desktop computer
- Server computer
- Switch (computer science related)
- Microprocessor kit
- Micro controller kit
- Lathe machine
- Generators
- Construction material
- Air conditioner
- UPS and Inverter
- RO system
- Electrical Rectifier
- CRO
- Function Generator
- Microwave benches

**Task 12: Software**: Students may submit a report on specifications of various software that may be used by them for the laboratories in their curriculum starting from I B.Tech to IV. B.Tech. The software may be

proprietary software or Free and Open source software. It can vary from department to department. Students can refer to their syllabus books, consult staff members of the concerned department or refer websites. The following is a sample list. Instructors may make modifications to the list to suit the department concerned.

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- Desktop operating system
- Server operating system
- Antivirus software
- MATLAB
- CAD/CAM software
- AUTOCAD

## **References:**

- 1. Introduction to Computers, Peter Norton, Mc Graw Hill
- 2. MOS study guide for word, Excel, Powerpoint & Outlook Exams", Joan Lambert, Joyce Cox, PHI.
- 3. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education.
- 4. Networking your computers and devices, Rusen, PHI
- 5. Trouble shooting, Maintaining & Repairing PCs", Bigelows, TMH

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#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

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## (15A54301) MATHEMATICS-III

#### (Common to All Branches)

#### **Objectives:**

• This course aims at providing the student with the concepts of Matrices, Numerical Techniques and Curve fitting.

## UNIT – I

Elementary row transformations-Rank – Echelon form, normal form – Consistency of System of Linear equations. Linear transformations. Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary matrices and their properties. Eigen Values, Eigen vectors for both real and complex matrices. Cayley – Hamilton Theorem and its applications – Diagonolization of matrix. Calculation of powers of matrix and inverse of a matrix. Quadratic forms – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form and their nature.

#### UNIT – II

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: The Bisection Method – The Method of False Position– Newton-Raphson Method, Solution of linear simultaneous equation: Crout's triangularisation method, Gauss - Seidal iteration method.

#### UNIT – III

**Interpolation:** Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae – Lagrange's formulae. Gauss forward and backward formula, Stirling's formula, Bessel's formula.

#### UNIT - IV

Curve fitting: Fitting of a straight line – Second degree curve – Exponentional curve-Power curve by method of least squares. Numerical Differentiation for Newton's interpolation formula. Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's 1/3 Rule – Simpson's 3/8 Rule.

#### UNIT – V

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series-Picard's Method of successive Approximations-Euler's Method-Runge-Kutta Methods. Numerical solutions of Laplace equation using finite difference approximation.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 3. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.
- 4. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, PHI publisher.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 3. Engineering Mathematics, Volume II, E. Rukmangadachari Pearson Publisher.
- 4. Mathematical Methods by T.K.V. Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N.Prasad, S. Chand publication.
- 3. Higher Engineering Mathematics, by B.V.Ramana, Mc Graw Hill publishers.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley India.

<u>Outcomes:</u> The student will be able to analyze engineering problems using the concepts of Matrices and Numerical methods.

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#### B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

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#### (15A02301) ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS- II

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the students learn about:

- How to determine the transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C series circuits for D.C. and A.C. excitations
- The analysis of three phase balanced and unbalanced circuits
- How to measure active and reactive power in three phase circuits
- Applications of Fourier transforms to electrical circuits excited by nonsinusoidal sources
- Study of Network topology, Analysis of Electrical Networks, Duality and Dual Networks
- Different types of filters and equalizers

## UNIT- I TRANSIENT RESPONSE ANALYSIS

**D.C Transient Analysis:** Transient Response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series Circuits for D.C Excitation-Initial Conditions-Solution Method Using Differential Equations and Laplace Transforms, Response of R-L & R-C Networks to Pulse Excitation.

**A.C Transient Analysis:** Transient Response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series Circuits for Sinusoidal Excitations-Initial Conditions-Solution Method Using Differential Equations and Laplace Transforms

#### UNIT- II THREE PHASE A.C CIRCUITS

Phase Sequence- Star and Delta Connection-Relation between Line and Phase Voltages and Currents in Balanced Systems-Analysis of Balanced and unbalanced Three Phase Circuits- Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in Balanced and Unbalanced Three Phase Systems. Loop Method- Application of Millman's Theorem- Star Delta Transformation Technique – for balanced and unbalanced circuits, Measurement of Active and reactive Power.

## UNIT- III FOURIER TRANSFORMS

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Fourier Theorem- Trigonometric Form and Exponential Form of Fourier Series – Conditions of Symmetry- Line Spectra and Phase Angle Spectra- Analysis of Electrical Circuits excited by Non Sinusoidal sources of Periodic Waveforms. Fourier Integrals and Fourier Transforms – Properties of Fourier Transforms and Application to Electrical Circuits.

#### UNIT- IV NETWORK TOPOLOGY

Definitions – Graph – Tree, Basic Cut set and Basic Tie set Matrices for Planar Networks – Loop and Nodal Methods of Analysis of Networks with Dependent & Independent Voltage and Current Sources – Duality & Dual Networks. Nodal Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Super Node and Super Mesh for D.C Excitations.

#### **UNIT - V FILTER DESIGN & CIRCUIT SIMULATION**

Filters – Low Pass – High Pass and Band Pass – RC, RL filters– derived filters and composite filters design.

Circuit simulation – Description of Circuit elements, nodes, and sources, Input and Output variables – Modeling of the above elements – DC analysis.

#### OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Determine the transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits for D.C. and A.C. excitations
- Analyze three phase balanced and unbalanced circuits and determine line voltages, line currents, phase voltages and phase currents
- Measure active and reactive power consumed by a given three phase circuit
- Apply Fourier transforms to electrical circuits excited by non-sinusoidal sources
- Analysis of electrical networks, duality and dual networks
- Design different types of filters
- Simulate D.C. Circuits

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology, John Bird, ELSEVIER, 4th Edition, 2010.

2. Network Analysis, M.E Van Valkenburg, Pearson Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Circuit Theory (Analysis & Synthesis), A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.

2. Electric Circuits by N.Sreenivasulu, REEM Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2012

3. Engineering circuit analysis by William Hayt, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, Mc Graw

Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013.

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## B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A02302) ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I

**OBJECTIVES:** To make the students learn about:

- The constructional features of DC machines and different types of windings ٠ employed in DC machines
- The phenomena of armature reaction and commutation ٠
- Characteristics of generators and parallel operation of generators
- Methods for speed control of DC motors and applications of DC motors ٠
- Various types of losses that occur in DC machines and how to calculate efficiency
- Testing of DC motors •

#### UNIT – IPRINCIPLES OF ELECTROMECHANICAL ENERGY CONVERSION

Electromechanical Energy Conversion – Forces and Torque In Magnetic Field Systems – Energy Balance – Energy and Force in a Singly Excited Magnetic Field System, Determination of Magnetic Force - Co-Energy – Multi Excited Magnetic Field Systems.

#### UNIT – II **D.C. GENERATORS -I**

D.C. Generators - Principle of Operation - Constructional Features - Armature Windings - Lap and Wave Windings - Simplex and Multiplex Windings - Use of Laminated Armature – E. M.F Equation– Numerical Problems – Parallel Paths-Armature Reaction – Cross Magnetizing and De-Magnetizing AT/Pole – Compensating Winding – Commutation – Reactance Voltage – Methods of Improving Commutation.

#### UNIT-III **D.C GENERATORS – II**

Methods of Excitation - Separately Excited and Self Excited Generators - Build-Up of E.M.F - Critical Field Resistance and Critical Speed - Causes for Failure to Self Excite and

Remedial Measures-Load Characteristics of Shunt, Series and Compound Generators – Parallel Operation of D.C Series Generators – Use of Equalizer Bar and Cross Connection of Field Windings – Load Sharing.

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## UNIT – IV D.C. MOTORS

D.C Motors – Principle of Operation – Back E.M.F. – Circuit Model – Torque Equation – Characteristics and Applications of Shunt, Series and Compound Motors – Armature Reaction and Commutation.

Speed Control of D.C. Shunt and Series Motors. Motor Starters (3 Point and 4 Point Starters) – Protective Devices-Calculation of Starter Steps for D.C Shunt Motors.

## UNIT – V TESTING OF DC MACHINES

Losses – Constant & Variable Losses – Calculation of Efficiency – Condition for Maximum Efficiency.

Methods of Testing - Direct, Indirect - Brake Test - Swinburne's Test - Hopkinson's

Test - Field's Test - Retardation Test

#### **OUTCOMES:**

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Calculate the e.m.f. generated on open circuit and find terminal voltage on load
- Diagonise the failure of DC generator to build up voltage
- Compute the load shared by each generator when several generators operate in parallel
- Determine the gross torque and useful torque developed by DC motor
- Identify suitable method and conditions for obtaining the required speed of DC motor
- Calculate the losses and efficiency of DC generators and motors

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electrical Machinery, P.S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011.
- Electrical Machines, S K Bhattacharya, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014, 3<sup>rd</sup> Reprint 2015.

## **REFERENCES:**

- The Performance and Design of Direct Current Machines, A.E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, ELBS Publishers, First published 1927, First Edition of ebook 2012.
- Electric Machinery, A.E.Fitzgerald, C.Kingsley and S. Umans, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005.
- Electric Machines 4<sup>th</sup> edition, D.P.Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010, 16<sup>th</sup> Reprint 2015.

## \_\_\_\_\_\_R15 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

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#### (15A02303) CONTROL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the students learn about:

- Merits and demerits of open loop and closed loop systems; the effects of feedback
- The use of block diagram algebra and Mason's gain formula to find the effective transfer function between two nodes
- Transient and steady state responses, time domain specifications
- The concept of Root loci
- Frequency domain specifications, Bode diagrams and Nyquist plots
- The fundamental aspects of modern control

#### **UNIT – I INTRODUCTION**

Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feedback Characteristics, Effects of positive and negative feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations of Translational and Rotational mechanical systems, and Electrical Systems, Block diagram reduction methods – Signal flow graph - Reduction using Mason's gain formula. Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor - Synchro transmitter and Receiver

#### UNIT-II TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Step Response - Impulse Response - Time response of first order systems – Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications – Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants

#### UNIT – III STABILITY

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – Stability and conditional stability – limitations of Routh's stability. The root locus concept - construction of root locieffects of adding poles and zeros to G(s)H(s) on the root loci.

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#### UNIT – IV FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots. Polar Plots-Nyquist Plots- Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis.

Compensation techniques – Lag, Lead, Lag-Lead Compensator design in frequency Domain.

#### UNIT – V STATE SPACE ANALYSIS

Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from differential equations. Transfer function models. Block diagrams. Diagonalization. Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and it's Properties. System response through State Space models. The concepts of controllability and observability.

#### OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Evaluate the effective transfer function of a system from input to output using (i) block diagram reduction techniques (ii) Mason's gain formula
- Compute the steady state errors and transient response characteristics for a given system and excitation
- Determine the absolute stability and relative stability of a system
- Draw root loci
- Design a compensator to accomplish desired performance
- Derive state space model of a given physical system and solve the state equation

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Modern Control Engineering, Katsuhiko Ogata, PEARSON, 1<sup>st</sup> Impression 2015.
- 2. Control Systems Engineering, I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, New Age International Publishers, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007, Reprint 2012.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

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- 1. Automatic Control Systems, Farid Golnaraghi and Benjamin. C. Kuo, WILEY, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 2. Control Systems, Dhanesh N. Manik, CENGAGE Learning, 2012.
- 3. John J D'Azzo and C. H. Houpis, "Linear Control System Analysis and Design:
- Conventional and Modern",

McGraw - Hill Book Company, 1988.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

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| B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE) | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 |

#### (15A04301) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

#### **Course Objectives:**

To give understanding on semiconductor physics of the intrinsic, p and n materials, characteristics of the p-n junction diode, diode's application in electronic circuits, Characteristics of BJT,FET,MOSFET, characteristics of special purpose electronic devices. To familiarize students with dc biasing circuits of BJT, FET and analyzing basic transistor amplifier circuits.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, students will:

- Analyze the operating principles of major electronic devices, its characteristics and applications.
- Design and analyze the DC bias circuitry of BJT and FET.
- Design and analyze basic transistor amplifier circuits using BJT and FET.

#### UNIT- I

**Junction Diode Characteristics :** Open circuited p-njunction, Biased p-n junction,p-n junction diode, current components in PN junction Diode, diode equation,V-I Characteristics, temperature dependence on V-I characteristics, Diode resistance, Diode capacitance, energy band diagram of PN junction Diode.

**Special Semiconductor Diodes**: Zener Diode, Breakdown mechanisms, Zener diode applications, LED, LCD, Photo diode, Varactor diode, Tunnel Diode, DIAC, TRIAC, SCR, UJT. Construction, operation and characteristics of all the diodes is required to be considered.

#### UNIT- II

**Rectifiers and Filters:** Basic Rectifier setup, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier, derivations of characteristics of rectifiers, rectifier circuits-operation, input and output waveforms, Filters, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L- section filter,  $\Pi$ -section filter, Multiple L- section and Multiple  $\Pi$  section filter ,comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors.

#### UNIT- III

## Transistor Characteristics:

**BJT:**Junction transistor, transistor current components, transistor equation, transistor configurations, transistor as an amplifier, characteristics of transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collectorconfigurations, Ebers-Moll model of a

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transistor, punch through/ reach through, Photo transistor, typical transistor junction voltage values.

**FET:**FET:types, construction, operation, characteristics, parameters, MOSFET-types, construction, operation, characteristics, comparison between JFET and MOSFET.

## UNIT- IV

**Transistor Biasing and Thermal Stabilization :** Need for biasing, operating point, load line analysis, BJT biasing- methods, basic stability, fixed bias, collector to base bias, self bias, Stabilization against variations in  $V_{BE}$ , Ic, and  $\beta$ , Stability factors, (S, S<sup>'</sup>, S<sup>'</sup>), Bias compensation, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability. FET Biasing- methods and stabilization.

## UNIT- V

#### Small Signal Low Frequency Transistor Amplifier Models:

**BJT:** Two port network, Transistor hybrid model, determination of hparameters, conversion of h-parameters, generalized analysis of transistor amplifier model using h-parameters, Analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using exact and approximate analysis, Comparison of transistor amplifiers.

**FET:** Generalized analysis of small signal model, Analysis of CG, CS and CD amplifiers, comparison of FET amplifiers.

## TEXT BOOKS:

- J. Millman, C. Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup>Edition,2010.
- 2. David A.Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Fifth Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 3. Salivahanan, Kumar, Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata Mc-Graw Hill, Second Edition

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Jacob Millman, C. Halkies, C.D.Parikh, "Integrated Electronics", Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2009.
- 2. R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Pearson Publications, 9thEdition, 2006.
- BV Rao, KBR Murty, K Raja Rajeswari, PCR Pantulu, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

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#### B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

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#### (15A05201) DATA STRUCTURES (Common to all branches of Engineering)

#### **Objectives:**

- Understand different Data Structures
- Understand Searching and Sorting techniques

#### Unit-1

**Introduction and overview**: Asymptotic Notations, One Dimensional array- Multi Dimensional array- pointer arrays.

**Linked lists**: Definition- Single linked list- Circular linked list- Double linked list-Circular Double linked list- Application of linked lists.

#### Unit-2

**Stacks**: Introduction-Definition-Representation of Stack-Operations on Stacks-Applications of Stacks.

**Queues**: Introduction, Definition- Representations of Queues- Various Queue Structures- Applications of Queues. **Tables**: Hash tables.

#### Unit-3

**Trees**: Basic Terminologies- Definition and Concepts- Representations of Binary Tree-Operation on a Binary Tree- Types of Binary Trees-Binary Search Tree, Heap Trees, Height Balanced Trees, B. Trees, Red Black Trees.

**Graphs**: Introduction- Graph terminologies- Representation of graphs- Operations on Graphs- Application of Graph Structures: Shortest path problem- topological sorting.

#### Unit-4

**Sorting** : Sorting Techniques- Sorting by Insertion: Straight Insertion sort- List insertion sort- Binary insertion sort- Sorting by selection: Straight selection sort- Heap Sort- Sorting by Exchange- Bubble Sort- Shell Sort-Quick Sort-External Sorts: Merging Order Files-Merging Unorder Files- Sorting Process.

## Unit-5

**Searching:** List Searches- Sequential Search- Variations on Sequential Searches-Binary Search- Analyzing Search Algorithm- Hashed List Searches- Basic Concepts-Hashing Methods- Collision Resolutions- Open Addressing- Linked List Collision Resolution- Bucket Hashing.

## **Text Books:**

1. "Classic Data Structures", Second Edition by Debasis Samanta, PHI.

2. "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", Second Edition by

Richard F. Gilberg, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C – Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson- Freed, Universities Press, Second Edition.

2. Schaum' Outlines – Data Structures – Seymour Lipschutz – McGrawHill-Revised First Edition.

3. Data structures and Algorithms using C++, Ananda Rao Akepogu and Radhika Raju Palagiri, Pearson Education.

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#### B. Tech II-I Sem. (EEE)

## (15A02305) ELECTRIC CIRCUITS SIMULATION LABORATORY

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand the various electric circuit concepts through circuit simulation using PSPICE software
- To know performance of RLC series and parallel circuits through simulation studies
- To know the analysis of 3-phase balanced and unbalanced circuits by simulation
- To understand the occurrence of transients in electric circuits with both DC and AC excitations

#### List of Experiments

- 1) Simulation of DC Circuits
- 2) DC Transient Response
- 3) Mesh Analysis
- 4) Nodal Analysis
- 5) Frequency response of RLC Series Circuits
- 6) Analysis of RL and RC Series circuits for DC Excitation
- 7) Analysis of RL and RC Series circuits for AC Excitation
- 8) Analysis of Three Phase balanced systems
- 9) Analysis of Three Phase unbalanced systems
- Verification of the maximum power dissipation (plot the power dissipated versus the load).

#### **Outcomes:**

The student should be able to do the following at the end of the lab course:

- Explain electric circuit concepts by interpreting the simulation results
- Design RLC series circuit for specified frequency response
- Analyze three phase balanced and unbalanced circuits
- Design RL, RC and RLC circuits for specified transient response

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## **REFERENCES:**

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1. Simulation of Power Electronics Circuit, M B Patil, V Ramanarayan and V T

Ranganat, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2009.

- 2. Public Domain Simulator: http:// www.ee.iitb.ac.in/~sequel
- 3. PSPICE A/D user's manual Microsim, USA.
- 4. PSPICE reference guide Microsim, USA.

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| (15A04305) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS                                     | LABO    | RAT    | ORY    | 7      |
| Course Outcomes:   |         |        |        |        |
| • Students able to learn electrical model for various semic                    | onduct  | or de  | vices  | and    |
| learns the practical applications of the semiconductor de                      | vices   |        |        |        |
| PART A: Electronic Workshop Practice   |         |        |        |        |
| 1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Compo<br>Potentiometers, | nents ( | Coloi  | ır Co  | des),  |
| Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards.                                  |         |        |        |        |
| 2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of active device                 | ces, Di | odes,  | BJT    | 5,     |
| JFETs, LEDs, LCDs,<br>SCR, UJT.  |         |        |        |        |
| 3. Soldering Practice- Simple circuits using active and pass                   | ive co  | mpon   | ents.  |        |
| 4. Study and operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Transform                      | mers, A | Analo  | g and  | l      |
| Digital Multimeter,  |         |        |        |        |
| Function Generator, Regulated Power Supply and CRO.                            |         |        |        |        |

## PART B: List of Experiments

(For Laboratory Examination-Minimum of Ten Experiments)

1. P-N Junction Diode Characteristics

Part A: Germanium Diode (Forward bias& Reverse bias)

Part B: Silicon Diode (Forward bias only)

2. Zener Diode Characteristics

Part A: V-I Characteristics

## Part B: Zener Diode act as a Voltage Regulator

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3. Rectifiers (without and with c-filter)

Part A: Half-wave Rectifier

Part B: Full-wave Rectifier

4. BJT Characteristics(CE Configuration)

Part A: Input Characteristics

Part B: Output Characteristics

5. FET Characteristics(CS Configuration)

Part A: Drain (Output) Characteristics

Part B: Transfer Characteristics

- 6. SCR Characteristics
- 7. UJT Characteristics
- 8. Transistor Biasing
- 9. CRO Operation and its Measurements
- 10. BJT-CE Amplifier
- 11. Emitter Follower-CC Amplifier
- 12. FET-CS Amplifier

PART C: Equipment required for Laboratory

- 1. Regulated Power supplies
- 2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
- 3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
- 4. Digital Multimeters
- 5. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
- 6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
- 7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital)
- 8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)
- 9. Active & Passive Electronic Components
- 10. Bread Boards

11. Connecting Wires

CRO Probes etc.

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#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B. Tech II-II Sem. (EEE)

### (15A54402) MATHEMATICS –IV (Common to ECE, EEE)

**<u>Objectives:</u>** To enable the students to understand the mathematical concepts of special functions & complex variables and their applications in science and engineering.

**UNIT – I: Special Functions:** Gamma and Beta Functions – their properties – Evaluation of improper integrals. Series Solutions of ordinary differential equations (Power series and Frobenius Method).

**UNIT** – **II:** Bessel functions – Properties – Recurrence relations – Orthogonality. Legendre polynomials – Properties – Rodrigue's formula – Recurrence relations – Orthogonality.

#### UNIT – III

Functions of a complex variable – Continuity – Differentiability – Analyticity – Properties – Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates. Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions – Milne – Thomson method.

Conformal mapping: Transformation of  $e^z$ , Inz,  $z^2$ , Sin z, cos z, Bilinear transformation - Translation, rotation, magnification and inversion – Fixed point – Cross ratio – Determination of bilinear transformation.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Complex integration: Line integral – Evaluation along a path and by indefinite integration – Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula – Generalized integral formula.

Complex power series: Radius of convergence – Expansion in Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent series. Singular point – Isolated singular point – Pole of order m – Essential singularity.

### UNIT – V

Residue - Evaluation of residue by formula and by Laurent's series - Residue theorem.

Evaluation of integrals of the type

(a) Improper real integrals 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx$$
 (b)  $\int_{c}^{c+2\pi} f(\mathbf{c} \,\theta \mathbf{s} \, \mathbf{s} \,\theta) d\theta$  (c)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{im} f(x) dx$$

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.
- 2. Engineering Mathematics, Volume III, E. Rukmangadachari & E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Publisher

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Mathematics III by T.K.V. Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi, S.Ranganatham and M.V.S.S.N.Prasad, S.Chand publications.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Peter V.O'Neil, CENGAGE publisher.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by M.C. Potter, J.L. Goldberg, Edward F.Aboufadel, Oxford.

**<u>Outcomes:</u>** The student achieves the knowledge to analyse the problems using the methods of special functions and complex variables

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#### (15A52301) MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

<u>Course Objectives</u>: The objective of this course is to equip the student with the basic inputs of Managerial Economics and Economic Environment of business and to impart analytical skills in helping them take sound financial decisions for achieving higher organizational productivity.

#### **Unit I: INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS**

Managerial Economics – Definition- Nature- Scope - Contemporary importance of Managerial Economics - Relationship of Managerial Economics with Financial Accounting and Management. **Demand Analysis**: Concept of Demand-Demand Function - Law of Demand - Elasticity of Demand- Significance - Types of Elasticity - Measurement of elasticity of demand - Demand Forecasting- factors governing demand forecasting- methods of demand forecasting.

#### UNIT II: THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

**Production Function**- Least cost combination- Short-run and Long- run production function- Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS - Cobb-Douglas production function - Laws of returns - Internal and External economies of scale - **Cost Analysis**: Cost concepts and cost behavior- Break-Even Analysis (BEA) -Determination of Break Even Point (Simple Problems)-Managerial significance and limitations of Break-Even Point.

# UNIT III: INTRODUCTION TO MARKETS AND NEW ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

**Market structures**: Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition- Monopoly-Monopolistic Competition-Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies-Forms of Business Organizations- Sole

Proprietorship- Partnership – Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises – New Economic Environment- Economic Liberalization – Privatization - Globalization.

### UNIT IV: INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND ANALYSIS

Financial Accounting – Concept - Emerging need and Importance - Double-Entry Book Keeping- Journal - Ledger – Trial Balance - Financial Statements - Trading Account – Profit & Loss Account – Balance Sheet (with simple adjustments). Financial Analysis – Ratios – Liquidity, Leverage, Profitability, and Activity Ratios (simple problems).

### UNIT V: CAPITAL AND CAPITAL BUDGETING

Concept of Capital - Over and Undercapitalization – Remedial Measures - Sources of Shot term and Long term Capital - Estimating Working Capital Requirements – Capital Budgeting – Features of Capital Budgeting Proposals – Methods and Evaluation of Capital Budgeting Projects – Pay Back Method – Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) – Net Present Value (NPV) – Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (simple problems)

**Learning Outcome**: After completion of this course, the student will able to understand various aspects of Managerial Economics and analysis of financial statements and inputs therein will help them to make sound and effective decisions under different economic environment and market situations.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Managerial Economics 3/e, Ahuja H.L, S.Chand, 2013.
- 2. Financial Management, I.M.Pandey, Vikas Publications, 2013.

### REFERENCES

- 1. Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, 1/e, Aryasri, TMH, 2013.
- Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui, New Age International, 2013.

3. Accounting and Financial Mangement, T.S.Reddy & Y. Hariprasad Reddy, Margham Publishers.

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### B. Tech II-II Sem. (EEE)

### (15A02401) ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II

### **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the student learn about:

- Constructional details of transformer and its operation (i) on no load (ii) on load
- Predetermination of regulation and efficiency of transformer from OC and SC test results
- Parallel operation of transformers
- Constructional details, principle of operation and the importance of slip in Induction motor operation
- The slip-torque characteristics and torque calculations of Induction motor
- Methods of starting and speed control of Induction motor

### UNIT-I SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMERS

Single Phase Transformers- Constructional Details- Hystersis and Eddy Current Losses-

Emf Equation - Operation on No Load and on Load - Phasor Diagrams.

Equivalent Circuit - Losses and Efficiency-Regulation. All Day Efficiency - Effect of Variations of Frequency & Supply Voltage on Iron Losses.

### UNIT-II TESTING OF TRANSFORMERS, THREE PHASE TRANSFORMERS

OC and SC Tests - Sumpner's Test - Predetermination of Efficiency and Regulation-Separation of Losses Test-Parallel Operation with Equal and Unequal Voltage Ratios -Auto Transformers-Equivalent Circuit - Comparison with Two Winding Transformers.

Three Phase Transformers - Connections - Y/Y, Y/ $\Delta$ ,  $\Delta$ /Y,  $\Delta$ / $\Delta$  and Open  $\Delta$ , Third Harmonics in Phase Voltages-Three Winding Transformers-Tertiary Windings- Scott Connection.

### UNIT-III THREE-PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS

Polyphase Induction Motors-Constructional Details of Cage and Wound Rotor Machines-Production of Rotating Magnetic Field - Principle of Operation – Slip - Rotor Emf and Rotor Frequency - Rotor Reactance, Rotor Current and Power factor at Page 79

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Standstill and under running conditions - Rotor Power Input, Rotor Copper Loss and Mechanical Power Developed and Their Inter Relationship.

### UNIT-IV 3-PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

Torque Equation - Expressions for Maximum Torque and Starting Torque - Torque Slip Characteristic – Load characteristics - Equivalent Circuit - Phasor Diagram - Crawling and Cogging -Circle Diagram-No Load and Blocked Rotor Tests-Predetermination of Performance.

### UNIT-V STARTING AND SPEED CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTORS

Starting Methods and Starting Current and Torque Calculations, Speed Control-Change of Frequency; Pole Changing and Methods of Consequent Poles; Cascade Connection. Injection of an Emf.

### **OUTCOMES:**

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Draw the equivalent circuit of transformer
- Conduct O.C, S.C tests and predetermine the regulation and efficiency of transformer
- Compute the load shared by each transformer when several transformers operate in parallel
- Draw the circle diagram of a three phase Induction motor and predetermine the performance characteristics
- Determine the starting torque, maximum torque, slip at maximum torque using given data

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electrical Machinery, P.S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011.
- 2. Electric Machines 4<sup>th</sup> edition, D.P.Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010, 16<sup>th</sup> Reprint 2015.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. The Performance and Design of Alternating Current Machines, M. G. Say, CBS Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2002.
- 2. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery, Alexander S. Langsdorf, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1999, 35<sup>th</sup> Reprint.
- 3. A Textbook of Electrical Machines, K R Siddhapura and D B Raval, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2014.

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### (15A02402) ELECTRICAL POWER GENERATING SYSTEMS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the student learn about:

- Structure, essential components and their layout in thermal power station
- Selection of site for thermal power station
- Selection of site for hydro power generation
- Various aspects and issues involved in Nuclear power generation
- Electric power generation from renewable energy sources as sun, wind and ocean
- Cost of generation and tariff methods

#### **UNIT-I: THERMAL POWER GENERATING SYSTEMS**

Block Diagram of Thermal Power Station (TPS) showing paths of Coal, Steam, Water, Air, Ash and Flue Gasses - Brief Description of TPS Components: Economizers, Boilers, Super Heaters, Turbines, Condensers, Chimney and Cooling Towers.

### **UNIT-II: HYDRO & NUCLEAR POWER GENERATING SYSTEMS**

**Hydro Power:** Selection of Site, Classification, Layout, Description of Main Components.

**Nuclear Power**: Nuclear Fission and Chain Reaction.- Nuclear Fuels.- Principle of Operation of Nuclear Reactor.-Reactor Components: Moderators, Control Rods, Reflectors and Coolants.- Radiation Hazards: Shielding and Safety Precautions.- Types of Nuclear Reactors and Brief Description of PWR, BWR and FBR.

### UNIT -III: SOLAR & WIND POWER GENERATING SYSTEMS

**Solar Power Generation**: Role and Potential of Solar Energy Options, Principles of Solar Radiation, Flat Plate and Concentrating Solar Energy Collectors, Different Methods of Energy Storage – PV Cell- V-I Characteristics.

**Wind Power Generation**: Role and potential of Wind Energy Option, Horizontal and Vertical Axis Wind Mills- Performance Characteristics- Power- Speed & Torque- Speed Characteristics-Pitch & Yaw Controls – Power Electronics Application – Economic Aspects.

#### UNIT-IV: BIOGAS & GEOTHERMAL POWER GENERATING SYSTEMS

**Biogas Power Generation**: Principles of Bioconversion, Types of Biogas Digesters – Characteristics of Bio-Gas- Utilization- Economic and Environmental Aspects.

**Geothermal and Ocean Power Generation**: Principle of Geothermal Energy Methods of Harnessing-Principle of Ocean Energy-Tidal and Wave Energy- Mini Hydel Plants-Economic Aspects.

#### UNIT-V: ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF POWER GENERATION

Load Curve, Load Duration and Integrated Load Duration Curves-Load Demand, Diversity, Capacity, Utilization and Plant Use Factors- Numerical Problems. Costs Of Generation and their Division Into Fixed, Semi-Fixed and Running Costs. Tariff Methods: Desirable Characteristics of a Tariff Method.- Flat Rate, Block-Rate, Two-Part, Three –Part, and Power Factor Tariff Methods and Numerical Problems.

**OUTCOMES:** After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Estimate the coal requirement, cost per kWh generation and number of units generated for thermal power station
- Estimate the required flow of river water, cost of generation and number of units generated in hydel power generation
- Compute various factors like load factor, plant factor
- Evaluate the tariffs to be charged for the consumers
- Plot the load curve, load duration curve and hence determine the load capacity of the plant

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. A Text Book on Power System Engineering by M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar and A.Chakraborti, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1999.
- 2. Electric Power Generation Distribution and Utilization by C.L Wadhwa, New Age International (P) Ltd., 2005.
- 3. Non Conventional Energy Sources by G.D. Rai, Khanna Publishers, 2000.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Renewable Energy Resources John Twidell and Tony Weir, Second Edition, Taylor and Francis Group, 2006.
- Electrical Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution by S.N.Singh., PHI, 2003.
- 3. Principles of Power Systems by V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta S.CHAND& COMPANY LTD., New Delhi 2004.
- 4. Wind Electrical Systems by S. N. Bhadra, D. Kastha & S. Banerjee Oxford University Press, 2013.

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### B. Tech II-II Sem. (EEE)

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# (15A02403) ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

### **OBJECTIVES:**

To make the student learn about:

- The laws concerning static electric fields: Coulomb's law, Gauss law; the laws concerning static magnetic fields: Biot-savart law, Ampere circuital law
- The equations concerned with static electric fields
- The equations concerned with static magnetic fields
- The difference between the behaviors of conductors and dielectrics in electric fields
- The energy stored and energy density in (i) static electric field (ii) magnetic field
- Electric dipole and dipole moment, magnetic dipole and dipole moment

# UNIT-I ELECTROSTATICS

Electrostatic Fields - Coulomb's Law - Electric Field Intensity(EFI) due to Line, Surface and Volume charges- Work Done in Moving a Point Charge in Electrostatic Field-Electric Potential due to point charges, line charges and Volume Charges - Potential Gradient - Gauss's Law-Application of Gauss's Law-Maxwell's First Law – Numerical Problems.

Laplace's Equation and Poisson's Equations - Solution of Laplace's Equation in one Variable. Electric Dipole - Dipole Moment - Potential and EFI due to Electric Dipole - Torque on an Electric Dipole in an Electric Field – Numerical Problems.

### UNIT- II CONDUCTORS AND DIELECTRICS

Behavior of Conductors in an Electric Field-Conductors and Insulators – Electric Field Inside a Dielectric Material – Polarization – Dielectric Conductors and Dielectric Boundary Conditions – Capacitance-Capacitance of Parallel Plate, Spherical & Co-axial capacitors – Energy Stored and Energy Density in a Static Electric Field – Current Density – Conduction and Convection Current Densities – Ohm's Law in Point Form – Equation of Continuity – Numerical Problems.

### UNIT-III MAGNETO STATICS

Static Magnetic Fields – Biot-Savart Law – Oerstead's experiment – Magnetic Field Intensity(MFI) due to a Straight, Circular &Solenoid Current Carrying Wire – Maxwell's Second Equation. Ampere's Circuital Law and its Applications Viz., MFI Due to an Infinite Sheet of Current and a Long Current

Carrying Filament – Point Form of Ampere's Circuital Law – Maxwell's Third Equation – Numerical Problems.

Magnetic Force — Lorentz Force Equation – Force on Current Element in a Magnetic Field - Force on a Straight and Long Current Carrying Conductor in a Magnetic Field - Force Between two Straight and Parallel Current Carrying Conductors – Magnetic Dipole and Dipole moment – A Differential Current Loop as a Magnetic Dipole – Torque on a Current Loop Placed in a Magnetic Field – Numerical Problems.

### UNIT - IV MAGNETIC POTENTIAL

Scalar Magnetic Potential and Vector Magnetic Potential and its Properties -Vector Magnetic Potential due to Simple Configuration – Vector Poisson's Equations.

Self and Mutual Inductances – Neumann's Formulae – Determination of Self Inductance of a Solenoid and Toroid and Mutual Inductance Between a Straight, Long Wire and a Square Loop Wire in the Same Plane – Energy Stored and Intensity in a Magnetic Field – Numerical Problems.

### **UNIT-V TIME VARYING FIELDS**

Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction – It's Integral and Point Forms – Maxwell's Fourth Equation. Statically and Dynamically Induced E.M.F's – Simple Problems – Modified Maxwell's Equations for Time Varying Fields – Displacement Current.

Wave Equations – Uniform Plane Wave Motion in Free Space, Conductors and Dielectrics – Velocity, Wave Length, Intrinsic Impedence and Skin Depth – Poynting Theorem – Poynting Vector and its Significance.

**OUTCOMES:** After going through this course the student acquires:

- Knowledge on basic principles, concepts and fundamental laws of electromagnetic fields.
- The knowledge to understand 3-dimensional co-ordinate systems, electrostatics, magneto statics, time-varying fields and interaction between electricity and magnetism.
- The knowledge to calculate the quantities associated with uniform plane wave motion in different media of transmission.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Electromagnetics, William.H.Hayt, Mc.Graw Hill, 2010.

2. Principles of Electromagnetics, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sadiku, Kulkarni, OXFORD University Press, 2015.

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# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Field Theory, K.A.Gangadhar, Khanna Publications, 2003.
- 2. Electromagnetics 5<sup>th</sup> edition, J.D.Kraus, Mc.Graw Hill Inc, 1999.
- 3. Electromagnetics, Joseph Edminister, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2006.

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| (15A04409) ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRC        | UITS  |        |     |     |  |

#### **Course Objective**

The aim of this course is to familiarize the student with the analysis and design of basic transistor amplifier circuits, Oscillators, Multi-vibrators and wave shaping.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On completion of this course the student will be able to understand the

- Methods of biasing transistors & Design of simple amplifier circuits.
- Mid band analysis of amplifier circuits using small signal equivalent circuits to determine gain, input impedance and output impedance.
- Method of calculating cutoff frequencies and to determine bandwidth.
- Design and analyse different Oscillator circuits.
- Design of circuits for linear wave shaping and Multi-vibrators.

#### UNIT I

### Multistage Amplifiers

BJT and FET RC Coupled Amplifiers – Frequency Response. Cascaded Amplifiers. Calculation of Band Width of Single and Multistage Amplifiers. Concept of Gain Bandwidth Product.

### UNIT II

### Feedback Amplifiers

Concept of Feedback Amplifiers – Effect of Negative feedback on the amplifier Characteristics. Four Feedback Amplifier Topologies. Method of Analysis of Voltage Series, Current Series, Voltage Shunt and Current Shunt feedback Amplifiers.

### UNIT III

#### Sinusoidal Oscillators

Condition for oscillations –LC Oscillators – Hartley, Colpitts, Clapp and Tuned Collector Oscillators – Frequency and amplitude Stability of Oscillators – Crystal Oscillators – RC Oscillators -- RC Phase Shift and Weinbridge Oscillators.

#### UNIT IV

#### Large Signal Amplifiers

Class A power Amplifier, Maximum Value of Efficiency of Class A Amplifier, Transformer coupled amplifier – Push-Pull Amplifier – Complimentary Symmetry Circuits (Transformer Less Class B Power Amplifier) – Phase Inverters, Transistor Power Dissipation, Thermal Runaway, Heat Sinks.

#### UNIT V

**Linear wave shaping:** High pass, Low pass RC circuits-response for sinusoidal, Step, Pulse, Square and Ramp inputs, Clippers and Clampers

**Multi-Vibrators:** Analysis of Diode and transistor switching times, Analysis and Design of Bistable, Monosatable and Astable Multi-vibrators, Schmitt trigger Using

Transistors.

#### **Text Books :**

- 1. Integrated Electronics Millman and Halkias
- 2. Pulse, Digital & Switching Waveforms by Jacob Milliman, Harbert Taub and Mothiki S Prakash Rao, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2008, Tata McGraw Hill Companies

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### **References:**

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- 1. K.Lal Kishore, "Electronic Circuit Analysis", Second Edition, BSP
- Electronic Devices and Circuits, G.S.N. Raju, IK International Publications, New Delhi, 2006
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits Mottershead
- 4. A. Anand Kumar, "Pulse and Digital Circuits", PHI, 2005.
- 5. David A. Bell, "Solid State Pulse Circuits", 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2002 PHI.

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### (15A02404) ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY - I

#### **OBJECTIVES:** The student has to learn about:

- > No load and load characteristics of DC generators
- Various tests on DC motors
- > The speed control techniques of DC motors

# The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator. Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed.
- 2. Load test on DC shunt generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 3. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance curves.
- 4. Load test on DC compound generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 5. Hopkinson's tests on DC shunt machines. Predetermination of efficiency.
- 6. Fields test on DC series machines. Determination of efficiency.
- 7. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor. Predetermination of efficiencies.
- 8. Brake test on DC compound motor. Determination of performance curves.

### In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted.

- 9. Load test on DC series generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 10. Retardation test on DC shunt motor. Determination of losses at rated speed.
- 11. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.

**OUTCOMES:** The student should be able to do the following:

- Conduct experiments to obtain the no-load and load characteristics of D.C. Generators
- Conduct tests on D.C. motors for predetermination of efficiency
- Conduct tests on D.C. motors for determination of efficiency
- Control the speed of D.C. motor in a given range using appropriate method
- ▶ Identify the reason as to why D.C. Generator is not building up voltage

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### (15A02405) CONTROL SYSTEMS AND SIMULATION LABORATORY

The objectives of this lab course are to make the student practically learn about

- The effects of feedback on system performance
- Determination of transfer function of DC Machine.
- The design of controllers/compensators to achieve desired specifications.
- The characteristics of servo mechanisms used in automatic control applications.

#### Any Eight of the following experiments are to be conducted:

- 1. Time Response of Second Order System
- 2. Characteristics of Synchros
- Programmable Logic Controller Study and Verification of Truth Tables of Logic Gates, Simple Boolean Expressions and Application of Speed Control of Motor.
- 4. Effect of Feedback on DC Servo Motor
- 5. Transfer Function of DC Machine
- 6. Effect of P, PD, PI, PID Controller on a Second Order System.
- 7. Lag and Lead Compensation Magnitude and Phase Plot
- 8. Temperature Controller Using PID
- 9. Characteristics of Magnetic Amplifiers
- 10. Characteristics of AC Servo Motor

### Any two simulation experiments are to be conducted:

- 1. PSPICE Simulation of Op-Amp Based Integrator and Differentiator Circuits.
- 2. Linear System Analysis (Time Domain Analysis, Error Analysis) Using MATLAB.
- Stability Analysis (Bode, Root Locus, Nyquist) of Linear Time Invariant System Using MATLAB
- 4. State Space Model for Classical Transfer Function Using MATLAB Verification.

**OUTCOMES**: At the end of the course the student should be able to

- Design the controllers/compensators to achieve desired specifications.
- Understand the effect of location of poles and zeros on transient and steady state behavior of systems.
- Assess the performance, in terms of time domain specifications, of first and second order systems.
- Use MATLAB/SIMULINK software for control system analysis and design.

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### 15A02501 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS

### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to make the student learn about

- The basic principles of different types of electrical instruments for the Measurement of voltage, current, power factor, power and energy.
- The measurement of R, L, and C parameters using bridge circuits.
- The principles of magnetic measurements.
- The principle of working of CRO and its applications.
- The use of Current Transformers, Potential Transormers, and Potentiometers.

### UNIT- I

# MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

Classification – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC, Dynamometer, Moving Iron Type Instruments – Expression for the Deflecting Torque and Control Torque – Errors and Compensations, Range Extension.

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope- Cathode Ray tube-Time base generator-Horizontal and Vertical Amplifiers – Applications of CRO – Measurement of Phase , Frequency, Current & Voltage- Lissajous Patterns

### UNIT – II

### D.C & A.C BRIDGES

Methods of Measuring Low, Medium and High Resistances – Sensitivity of Wheatstone's Bridge – Kelvin's Double Bridge for Measuring Low Resistance, Measurement of High Resistance – Loss of Charge Method. Measurement of Inductance - Maxwell's Bridge, Anderson's Bridge. Measurement of Capacitance and Loss Angle - Desauty Bridge. Wien's Bridge – Schering Bridge.

# UNIT – III

# MEASUREMENT OF POWER AND ENERGY

Single Phase Dynamometer Wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double Element and Three Element Dynamometer Wattmeter, Expression for Deflecting and Control Torques. Types of P.F. Meters – Dynamometer and Moving Iron Type – 1-ph and 3-ph Meters. Single Phase Induction Type Energy Meter – Driving and Braking Torques – Errors and Compensations. Three Phase Energy Meter.

# unit –iv

# INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS AND POTENTIOMETERS

Current Transformers and Potential Transformers – Ratio and Phase Angle Errors – Methods for Reduction of Errors-Design Considerations.

Potentiometers: Principle and Operation of D.C. Crompton's Potentiometer – Standardization – Measurement of unknown Resistance, Current, Voltage.

A.C. Potentiometers: Polar and Coordinate types- Standardization – Applications.

# UNIT – V

# MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS

Ballistic Galvanometer – Equation of Motion – Flux Meter – Constructional Details, Comparison with Ballistic Galvanometer. Determination of B-H Loop - Methods of Reversals - Six Point Method – A.C. Testing – Iron Loss of Bar Samples.

OUTCOMES: The student should have learnt how to

- Use wattmeters, pf meters, and energy meters in a given circuit.
- Extend the range of ammeters and voltmeters
- Measure active power, reactive power, power factor, and energy in both 1-phase and 3-phase circuits
- Determine the resistance values of various ranges, L and C values using appropriate bridges.
- Analyze the different characteristic features of periodic, and aperiodic signals using CRO.
- Use CTs and PTs for measurement of very large currents and high voltages

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments, A.K.Sawhney and Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2011, Reprint 2014.
- Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, E.W. Golding and F.C. Widdis, Reem Publications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electronic Instrumentation, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, H. S. Kalsi, Tata Mcgrawhill, 2011.
- 2. Electrical Measurements, Buckingham and Price, Prentice Hall, 1970.
- 3. Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications, Reissland, M.U., New Age International (P) Limited, 2010.

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# 15A04509 LINEAR & DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS

# Course Objective:

- To make the student understand the basic concepts in the design of electronic circuits using linear integrated circuits and their applications. To introduce some special function ICs.
- To be able to use computer-aided design tools for development of complex digital logic circuits
- To be able to model, simulate, verify, analyze, and synthesize with hardware description languages
- To be able to design and prototype with standard cell technology and programmable logic
- To be able to design tests for digital logic circuits, and design for testability

# Learning Outcome:

- Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:
- Understand the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits and its characteristics.
- Analyze the linear, non-linear and specialized applications of operational amplifiers.
- Understand the theory of ADC and DAC.
- Able to use computer-aided design tools for development of complex digital logic circuits.
- Able to model, simulate, verify, analyze, and synthesize with hardware description languages.
- Able to design and prototype with standard cell technology and programmable logic.
- Able to design tests for digital logic circuits, and design for testability.

# UNIT I

# OP-AMP CHARACTERISTICS:

Basic information of Op-amp, ideal and practical Op-amp, internal circuits, Op-amp characteristics - DC and AC characteristics, 741 Op-amp and its features, modes of operation-inverting, non-inverting, differential. Basic applications of Op-amp, instrumentation amplifier, AC amplifier, V to I and I to V converters, sample & Hold circuits, multiplier and divider, Differentiator and Integrator, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Introduction to voltage regulators, features of 723 General

purpose regulator.

# UNIT II

# TIMERS, PHASE LOCKED LOOPS & D-A AND A-D CONVERTERS:

Introduction to 555 timer, functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt Trigger, PLL – Introduction, block schematic, principles and description of individual blocks of 565.Basic DAC techniques, Weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, and IC 1408 DAC, Different types of ADCs – parallel comparator type ADC, Counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC specifications.

# UNIT III

# ACTIVE FILTERS & OSCILLATORS:

Introduction, 1<sup>st</sup> order LPF, HPF filters, Band pass, Band reject and all pass filters. Oscillator types and principle of operation- RC, Wien, and quadraturetype, waveform generators- triangular, sawtooth, square wave and VCO.

# UNIT IV

# INTIGRATED CIRCUITS:

Classification, Chip size and circuit complexity, Classification of integrated circuits, comparison of various logic families, standard TTL NAND Gate-Analysis & characteristics, TTL open collector o/ps, Tristate TTL, MOS & CMOS open drain and tristate outputs, CMOS transmission gate, IC interfacing-TTL driving CMOS & CMOS driving TTL.

# UNIT V

# COMBINATIONAL & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

**COMBINATIONAL:** Code converters, Decoders, Demultiplexers, decoders & drives for LED & LCD display. Encoder, priority Encoder, Multiplexers & their applications, priority generators/checker circuits. Digital arithmetic circuits-parallel binary adder/subtractor circuits using 2's Complement system. Digital comparator circuits.

**SEQUENTIAL:** Latches, Flip-flops & their conversions. Design of synchronous counters, Decade counter, shift registers & applications, familiarities with commonly available 74XX and CMOS 40XX series of IC counters.

# Text Books:

- 1. Linear Integrated Circuits D.RoyChowdhury, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition., 2003.
- 2. Digital Design Principles & Practices John F. Wakerly, PHI/ Pearson Education Asia, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2005.

### Reference Books:

1. Operational Amplifiers & Linear Integrated Circuits – R.F.Coughlin& Fredric F.Driscoll, PHI.

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- 2. Operational Amplifiers & Linear Integrated Circuits: Theory & Applications Denton J.Daibey, TMH.
- 3. Design with Operational amplifiers & Analog Integrated circuits-Sergio Franco, Mc Graw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition , 2002.
- 4. Digital Fundamentals Floyd and Jain, Pearson Education, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition 2005.
- 5. A VHDL Primer J. Bhasker, Pearson Education/ PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 6. Op-amps & Linear ICs RamakanthA.Gayakwad, PHI, 1987.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B. Tech III-I Sem. (EEE)

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15A02502 ELECTRICAL POWER TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

# Course Objectives :

The objectives of the course are to make the student learn about

- The computation of the parameters of a Transmission line.
- Classification of transmission lines and representation by suitable equivalent circuits
- the various factors that affect the performance of Transmission lines
- The Travelling wave phenomenon on transmission lines.
- Underground cables: construction, types, and grading

# UNIT- I

# TRANSMISSION LINE PARAMETERS

Types of Conductors – ACSR, Bundled and Stranded Conductors- Resistance For Solid Conductors – Skin Effect- Calculation of Inductance for Single Phase and Three Phase, Single and Double Circuit Lines, Concept of GMR & GMD, Symmetrical and Asymmetrical Conductor Configuration with and without Transposition, Numerical Problems, Capacitance Calculations for Symmetrical and Asymmetrical Single and Three Phase, Single and Double Circuit Lines, Effect of Ground on Capacitance, Numerical Problems.

# UNIT- II

# PERFORMANCE OF TRANSMISSION LINES:

Classification of Transmission Lines - Short, Medium and Long Lines and Their Exact Equivalent Circuits- Nominal-T, Nominal- $\pi$ . Mathematical Solutions to Estimate Regulation and Efficiency of All Types of Lines. Long Transmission Line-Rigorous Solution, Evaluation of A,B,C,D Constants, Interpretation of the Long Line Equations – Surge Impedance and Surge Impedance Loading - Wavelengths and Velocity of Propagation – Ferranti Effect, Charging Current-Numerical Problems.

### UNIT- III

# MECHANICAL DESIGN OF TRANSMISSION LINES

Overhead Line Insulators: Types of Insulators, String Efficiency and Methods for Improvement, Capacitance Grading and Static Shielding.

Corona: Corona Phenomenon, Factors Affecting Corona, Critical Voltages and Power Loss, Radio Interference.

Sag and Tension Calculations: Sag and Tension Calculations with Equal and Unequal Heights of Towers, Effect of Wind and Ice on Weight of Conductor, Stringing Chart and Sag Template and Its Applications, Numerical Problems.

# UNIT – IV

# POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS & TRAVELLING WAVES

Types of System Transients - Travelling or Propagation of Surges - Attenuation, Distortion, Reflection and Refraction Coefficients - Termination of Lines with Different Types of Conditions - Open Circuited Line, Short Circuited Line, T-Junction, Lumped Reactive Junctions (Numerical Problems). Bewley's Lattice Diagrams (for all the cases mentioned with numerical examples).

# UNIT-V

# CABLES

Types of Cables, Construction, Types of Insulating Materials, Calculations of Insulation Resistance and Stress in Insulation, Numerical Problems. Capacitance of Single and 3-Core Belted Cables, Numerical Problems. Grading of Cables - Capacitance Grading, Numerical Problems, Description of Inter-Sheath Grading.

Course **Outcomes**: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Compute the transmission line parameters.
- Model a given transmission line.
- Estimate the performance of a given transmission line.
- Analyze the effect of over voltages on transmission lines.
- Explain the construction, types and grading of underground cables and analyze cable performance.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- Electrical power systems, C.L.Wadhwa, New Age International (P) Limited, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010, Reprint 2014.
- 2. A Text Book on Power System Engineering, M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar and A.Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1999.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Power system Analysis 4th edition, John J Grainger and William D Stevenson, JR, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2003, Reprint 2015.
- Power System Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008, 23<sup>rd</sup> Reprint 2015.
- Electric Power Transmission System Engineering: Analysis and Design, Turan Gonen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group, 2009, 1<sup>st</sup> Indian Reprint 2010.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

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### 15A02503 POWER ELECTRONICS

### Course Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to make the student learn about

- the basic power semiconductor switching devices and their principles of operation.
- the various power conversion methods, controlling and designing of power converters.
- the applications of Power electronic conversion to domestic, industrial, aerospace, commercial and utility systems etc.
- the equipment used for DC to AC, AC to DC, DC to Variable DC, and AC to Variable frequency AC conversions.

### UNIT I

# POWER SEMI CONDUCTOR DEVICES

Semiconductor Power Diodes, Thyristors – Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCR's) – TRIACs, GTOs - Characteristics and Principles of Operation and other Thyristors – Classification of Switching Devices Based on Frequency and Power Handling Capacity-BJT – Power Transistor - Power MOSFET – Power IGBT – Basic Theory of Operation of SCR – Static Characteristics – Turn On and Turn Off Methods- Dynamic Characteristics of SCR - Two Transistor Analogy – Triggering Circuits––– Series and Parallel Connections of SCR's – Snubber Circuits – Specifications and Ratings of SCR's, BJT, IGBT.

### UNIT II

# PHASE CONTROLLED CONVERTERS

Phase Control Technique – Single Phase Line Commutated Converters – Mid Point and Bridge Connections – Half Controlled Converters, Fully Controlled Converters with Resistive, RL Loads and RLE Load– Derivation of Average Load Voltage and Current – Line Commutated Inverters -Active and Reactive Power Inputs to the Converters without and with Free Wheeling Diode, Effect of Source Inductance – Numerical Problems. Three Phase Line Commutated Converters – Three Pulse and Six Pulse Converters – Mid Point and Bridge Connections - Average Load Voltage with R and RL Loads – Effect of Source Inductance–Dual Converters (Both Single Phase and Three Phase) - Waveforms –Numerical Problems.

# UNIT III CHOPPERS AND REGULATORS

Commutation Circuits – Time Ratio Control and Current Limit Control Strategies – Step Down and Step up Choppers Derivation of Load Voltage and Currents with R, RL and RLE Loads- Step Up Chopper – Load Voltage Expression– Problems. Study of Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost regulators, buck regulator e.g. TPS54160, hysteretic buck regulator e.g.LM3475, Switching Regulator and characteristics of standard regulator ICs – TPS40200, TPS40210, TPS 7A4901, TPS7A8300

### UNIT IV INVERTERS

Inverters – Single Phase Inverter – Basic Series Inverter – Basic Parallel Capacitor Inverter Bridge Inverter – Waveforms – Simple Forced Commutation Circuits for Bridge Inverters – Single Phase Half and Full Bridge Inverters-Pulse Width Modulation Control-Harmonic Reduction Techniques-Voltage Control Techniques for Inverters – Numerical Problems, Three Phase VSI in 120° And 180° Modes of Conduction.

# UNIT V

# AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLERS & CYCLO CONVERTERS

**AC Voltage Controllers** – Single Phase Two SCR's in Anti Parallel – With R and RL Loads – Modes of Operation of TRIAC – TRIAC with R and RL Loads – Derivation of RMS Load Voltage, Current and Power Factor Wave Forms – Firing Circuits -Numerical Problems - Thyristor Controlled Reactors; Switched Capacitor Networks.

**Cyclo Converters** – Single Phase Mid Point Cycloconverters with Resistive and Inductive Load (Principle of Operation only) – Bridge Configuration of Single Phase Cycloconverter (Principle of Operation only) – Waveforms

# Course Outcomes:

After going through this course, the student acquires knowledge about:

- Basic operating principles of power semiconductor switching devices.
- the operation of power electronic converters, choppers, inverters, AC voltage controllers, and cycloconverters, and their control.
- How to apply the learnt principles and methods to practical applications.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power Electronics, M. D. Singh and K. B. Khanchandani, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007, 23<sup>rd</sup> Reprint 2015.
- 2. Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, Muhammad H. Rashid, Pearson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014, 2<sup>nd</sup> Impression 2015.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Power Electronics, K. R. Varmah, Chikku Abraham, CENGAGE Learning, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 2. Power Electronics, P. S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishers, 2012.
- Power Electronics: Devices, Circuits, and Industrial Applications, V. R. Moorthi, OXFORD University Press, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2005, 12<sup>th</sup> Impression 2012.

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# B. Tech III-I Sem. (EEE)

### 15A02504 ELECTRICAL MACHINES – III

### Course Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to make the student learn about

- the construction and principle of working of synchronous machines
- different methods of predetermining the regulation of alternators
- the concepts and computation of load sharing among alternators in parallel.
- the performance characteristics of synchronous motors and their use as synchronous condensers for power factor improvement.
- different types of single phase motors and special motors used in house hold appliances and control systems.

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### UNIT – I

# SYNCHRONOUS GENERATORS

Principle and Constructional Features of Salient Pole and Round Rotor Machines – Armature Windings, Concentrated and Distributed Windings, Integral Slot and Fractional Slot Windings – Pitch, Distribution, and Winding Factors – E.M.F Equation-Harmonics in Generated E.M.F – Space and Slot Harmonics – Elimination of Harmonics- Armature Reaction – Synchronous Reactance and Impedance – Load Characteristics - Phasor Diagram.

### UNIT – II

### **REGULATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATORS**

Regulation of Salient Pole Alternator – Voltage Regulation Methods – E.M.F Method-MMF Method – ZPF Method – ASA Method – Short Circuit Ratio (SCR) – Two Reaction Theory –Determination of  $X_d$  and  $X_q$  (Slip Test) – Phasor Diagrams.

### UNIT –III

# PARALLEL OPERATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATORS

Power Flow Equation in Alternators (Cylindrical and Salient Pole Machines) – Synchronizing Power and Torque – Parallel Operation and Load Sharing – Effect of Change of Excitation and Mechanical Power Input – Synchronizing Alternators with Infinite Bus Bars – Determination of Sub-Transient, Transient and Steady State Reactances.

# UNIT – IV SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS

Theory of Operation – Phasor Diagram – Power Flow Equations in Synchronous Motors- Variation of Current and Power Factor with Excitation – V and Inverted V Curves – Synchronous Condensers – Hunting, and Methods to Eliminate Hunting – Starting Methods of Synchronous Motor – Synchronous Induction Motor - Construction, Principle of operation and control of Brushless DC motor.

# UNIT – V

# SINGLE PHASE AND SPECIAL MOTORS

Single Phase Induction Motors - Constructional Features – Double Revolving Field Theory- Elementary Idea of Cross Field Theory – Split Phase Motors – Capacitor Start and Run Motors – Shaded Pole Motor. Principle and Performance of A.C Series Motor -Universal Motor – Single Phase Synchronous Motors – Reluctance Motor – Hysteresis Motor – Stepper Motor.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- predetermine the regulation of synchronous generators using different methods.
- Determine how several alternators running in parallel share the load on the system.
- Analyze the performance characteristics of synchronous motors.
- Make necessary calculations for power factor improvement using synchronous condenser.
- Choose specific 1-phase motor and/or special motors for a given application.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electrical Machinery, P.S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011.
- 2. Electric Machinery Fundamentals, Stephen J Chapman, Mc Graw Hill Series in Electrical and Computer Engineering, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010, 10<sup>th</sup> Reprint 2015.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electric Machines 4<sup>th</sup> edition, D.P.Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010, 16<sup>th</sup> Reprint 2015.
- Electric Machinery, A.E.Fitzgerald, C.Kingsley and S. Umans, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 6th Edition, 2005.
- Electrical Machines, S K Bhattacharya, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014, 3<sup>rd</sup> Reprint 2015.

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### 15A04510 DIGITAL CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS (MOOCS-I)

### Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, students should possess the following skills:

- Be able to manipulate numeric information in different forms, e.g. different bases, signed integers, various codes such as ASCII, Gray, and BCD.
- Be able to manipulate simple Boolean expressions using the theorems and postulates of Boolean algebra and to minimize combinational functions.
- Be able to design and analyze small combinational circuits and to use standard combinational functions/building blocks to build larger more complex circuits.
- Be able to design and analyze small sequential circuits and devices and to use standard sequential functions/building blocks to build larger more complex circuits.

### UNIT-I

Number System and Boolean Algebra And Switching Functions: Number Systems, Base Conversion Methods, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Binary Codes, Binary Coded Decimal Code and its Properties, Unit Distance Codes, Alpha Numeric Codes, Error Detecting and Correcting Codes. Boolean algebra: Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions, Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification of Digital Logic Gates, Properties of XOR Gates, Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR

### UNIT -II:

Minimization and Design of Combinational Circuits: Introduction, The Minimization with theorem, The Karnaugh Map Method, Five and Six Variable Maps, Prime and Essential Implications, Don't Care Map Entries, Using the Maps for Simplifying, Tabular Method, Partially Specified Expressions, Multi-output Minimization, Minimization and Combinational Design, Arithmetic Circuits, Comparator, Multiplexers, Code Converters, Wired Logic, Tristate Bus System, Practical Aspects related to Combinational Logic Design, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations.

### UNIT III SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

Latches, Flip-flops - SR, JK, D, T, and Master-Slave – Characteristic table and equation –Application table – Edge triggering – Level Triggering – Realization of one flip flop using other flip flops – serial adder/sub-tractor- Asynchronous Ripple or serial counter – Asynchronous Up/Down counter - Synchronous counters – Synchronous Up/Down counters – Programmable counters – Design of Synchronous counters: state diagram- State table –State minimization –State assignment - Excitation table and maps-Circuit implementation - Modulo–n counter, Registers

– shift registers - Universal shift registers – Shift register counters – Ring counter – Shift counters - Sequence generators.

# UNIT IV

### MEMORY DEVICES

Classification of memories – ROM - ROM organization - PROM – EPROM – EEPROM – EAPROM, RAM – RAM organization – Write operation – Read operation – Memory cycle - Timing wave forms – Memory decoding – memory expansion – Static RAM Cell- Bipolar RAM cell – MOSFET RAM cell – Dynamic RAM cell – Programmable Logic Devices – Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Programmable Array Logic (PAL) - Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) - Implementation of combinational logic circuits using ROM, PLA, PAL

# UNIT V

# SYNCHRONOUS AND ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

Synchronous Sequential Circuits: General Model – Classification – Design – Use of Algorithmic State Machine – Analysis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits Asynchronous Sequential Circuits: Design of fundamental mode and pulse mode circuits – Incompletely specified State Machines – Problems in Asynchronous Circuits – Design of Hazard Free Switching circuits. Design of Combinational and Sequential circuits using VERILOG

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory- Zvi Kohavi & Niraj K. Jha, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Cambridge.
- 2. Digital Design- Morris Mano, PHI, 4th Edition. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2003 / Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. S. Salivahanan and S. Arivazhagan, Digital Circuits and Design, 3rd Edition., Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design Fredriac J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed,John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 2. Digital Fundamentals A Systems Approach Thomas L. Floyd, Pearson, 2013.
- 3. Digital Logic Design Ye Brian and HoldsWorth, Elsevier
- 4. Fundamentals of Logic Design- Charles H. Roth, Cengage LEanring, 5<sup>th</sup>, Edition, 2004.
- 5. John F.Wakerly, Digital Design, Fourth Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2006
- 6. John.M Yarbrough, Digital Logic Applications and Design, Thomson Learning, 2002.
- 7. William H. Gothmann, Digital Electronics, 2nd Edition, PHI, 1982.
- 8. Thomas L. Floyd, Digital Fundamentals, 8th Edition, Pearson Education Inc, New Delhi, 2003

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B. Tech III-I Sem. (EEE)

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## 15A02505 NETWORKS SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS (MOOCS-I)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about

- Basic characteristics of circuit elements
- How to compute two port parameters
- Study of graph theory and analysis of electrical networks
- Application of Laplace transforms to analyse the frequency response
- Application of Fourier transforms to electrical circuits excited by nonsinusoidal sources.

## Unit – I Introduction

Network elements and sources – linearity and nonlinearity – Distributed and lumped parameters – Analysis of resistive networks

#### Unit – II Two port networks

Two port parameters short and open circuit – Problems – locus diagrams – Driving point immittance functions – Two element synthesis- Problems

#### Unit – III Introduction to signals

Types of signals – Laplace transforms – problems – Frequency response – bode plot – poles and zeros

# Unit – IV – Graph Theory

Introduction – Concepts of Graph theory – image impedance and iterative impedance – Computer aided analysis of resistive networks – RLC two terminal network

#### Unit – V Synthesis of Network functions

Parts of Network functions – Problems – Synthesis of two port network – Fourier series – Fourier Transforms

# Outcomes: After completion of Course, the student should be able to

- Given network, find the equivalent impedance by the concept of two port network
- Analyse the frequency response of electrical network using Laplace transform
- Apply concepts of Fourier series to simply the electrical network
- Synthesize the network using network functions

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#### References:

- 1. Electrical circuit theory and Technology, Jhon Bird, Elsevier, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010
- 2. Network Analysis, M.E. Van Valkenburg, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2015
- Circuit Theory (Analysis & Synthesis), A. Charabarthi, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.

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## 15A02506 ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY – II

Course Objective:

 To experiment in detail on Transformers, Induction Motors, Alternators and Synchronous Motors, and evaluate their performance characteristics.

# The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. O.C. & S.C. Tests on Single phase Transformer.
- 2. Sumpner's Test on a Pair of identical Single Phase Transformers
- 3. Scott Connection of Transformers
- 4. No-Load & Blocked Rotor Tests on Three Phase Induction Motor
- 5. Regulation of Three –Phase Alternator by Synchronous Impedance & M.M.F. Methods
- 6. V and Inverted V Curves of 3 Phase Synchronous Motor.
- 7. Equivalent Circuit of Single Phase Induction Motor
- 8. Determination of Xd and Xq of Salient Pole Synchronous Machine

# In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted:

- 1. Parallel Operation of Single Phase Transformers
- 2. Separation of Core Losses of Single Phase Transformer
- 3. Brake Test on Three Phase Induction Motor
- 4. Regulation of Three-Phase Alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A Methods

# Course Outcomes:

- After going through this laboratory course, the student acquires sufficiently good practical knowledge about the operation, testing, and characteristics of important A.C equipment like transformers, Induction Motors, Alternators and Synchronous Motors.
- The student should also have acquired the knowledge about the fixation of the rating of transformers, induction motors and synchronous machines.

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# 15A02507 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS LABORATORY

Course Objective: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Calibration of various electrical measuring/recording instruments.
- Accurate determination of resistance, inductance and capacitance using D.C and A.C Bridges.
- Measurement of parameters of choke coil

# The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. Calibration of Single Phase Energy Meter using Phantom loading method with RSS meter as standard
- 2. Calibration of Dynamometer Power Factor Meter
- 3. Crompton D.C. Potentiometer Calibration of PMMC Ammeter and PMMC Voltmeter
- Kelvin's Double Bridge Measurement of very low Resistance values Determination of Tolerance.
- 5. Measurement of % Ratio Error and Phase Angle of Given C.T. by Comparison.
- 6. Schering Bridge & Anderson Bridge for measurement of Capacitance and Inductance values.
- 7. Measurement of 3 Phase Reactive Power with Single-Phase Wattmeter.
- 8. Measurement of Parameters of a Choke Coil Using 3 Voltmeter and 3 Ammeter Methods.

In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

- 9. Optical Bench Determination of Polar Curve, Measurement of MHCP of Filament Lamps
- 10. Calibration of LPF Wattmeter by Phantom Testing
- 11. Measurement of 3 Phase Power with Two Watt Meter Method (Balanced & Un balanced).
- 12. Dielectric Oil Testing Using H.T. Testing Kit
- 13. LVDT and Capacitance Pickup Characteristics and Calibration
- 14. Resistance Strain Gauge Strain Measurement and Calibration
- 15. Transformer Turns Ratio Measurement Using A.C. Bridge.

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Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- Calibrate various electrical measuring/recording instruments.
- Accurately determine the values of inductance and capacitance using a.c bridges
- Accurately determine the values of very low resistances
- Measure reactive power in 3-phase circuit using single wattmeter
- Determine ratio error and phase angle error of CT

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15A99501 SOCIAL VALUES & ETHICS (AUDIT COURSE) (Common to all Branches)

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction and Basic Concepts of Society: Family and Society:** Concept of family, community, PRIs and other community based organizations and society, growing up in the family – dynamics and impact, Human values, Gender Justice.

Channels of Youth Moments for National Building: NSS & NCC: History, philosophy, aims & objectives; Emblems, flags, mottos, songs, badge etc.; Organizational structure, roles and responsibilities of various NSS functionaries. Nehru Yuva Kendra (NYK): Activities – Socio Cultural and Sports.

#### UNIT – II

Activities of NSS, NCC, NYK:

**Citizenship:** Basic Features Constitution of India, Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties, Human Rights, Consumer awareness and the legal rights of the consumer, RTI.

**Youth and Crime:** Sociological and psychological Factors influencing youth crime, Peer Mentoring in preventing crimes, Awareness about Anti-Ragging, Cyber Crime and its prevention, Juvenile Justice

**Social Harmony and National Integration:** Indian history and culture, Role of youth in peace-building and conflict resolution, Role of youth in Nation building.

#### UNIT – III

**Environment Issues:** Environment conservation, enrichment and Sustainability, Climate change, Waste management, Natural resource management (Rain water harvesting, energy conservation, waste land development, soil conservations and afforestation).

Health, Hygiene & Sanitation: Definition, needs and scope of health education, Food and Nutrition, Safe drinking water, Sanitation, Swachh Bharat Abhiyan.

**Disaster Management:** Introduction to Disaster Management, classification of disasters, Role of youth in Disaster Management. Home Nursing, First Aid.

**Civil/ Self Defense:** Civil defense services, aims and objectives of civil defense, Need for self defense training – Teakwondo, Judo, karate etc.,

#### UNIT – IV

**Gender Sensitization:** Understanding Gender – Gender inequality – Role of Family, Society and State; Challenges – Declining Sex Ratio – Sexual Harassment – Domestic

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Violence; Gender Equality – Initiatives of Government – Schemes, Law; Initiates of NGOs – Awareness, Movements;

## UNIT - V

**Physical Education** : Games & Sports: Health and Recreation – Biolagical basis of Physical activity – benefiets of exercise – Physical, Psychological, Social; Physiology of Musucular Activity, Respiration, Blood Circulation.

**Yoga:** Basics of Yoga – Yoga Protocol, Postures, Asanas, Pranayama: Introduction of Kriyas, Bandhas and Mudras.

## TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. NSS MANUAL
- 2. SOCIETY AND ENVIRONMENT: A.S.Chauha, Jain Brothers Publications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006
- 3. INDIAN SOCIAL PROBLEM: G.R.Madan, Asian Publisher House
- 4. INDIAN SOCIAL PROBLEM: Ram Ahuja, Rawat Publications
- 5. HUMAN SOCIETY: Kingsley Davis, Macmillan
- 6. SOCIETY: Mac Iver D Page, Macmillan
- 7. SOCIOLOGY THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES: Michael Honalambos, Oxford University Press
- 8. CONSTITUTION OF INDIA: D.D.Basu, Lexis Nexis Butterworth Publishers
- 9. National Youth Policy 2014 (available on www.yas.nic.in)
- TOWARS A WORLD OF EQUALS: A Suneetha, Uma Bhrugudanda, Duggirala Vasantha, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Streenivas and Susie Tharu
- 11. LIGHT ON YOGA : B.K.S.Iyengar, Penguin Random House Publishers

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#### 15A52601 MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

**Course Objective**: The objective of the course is to equip the student the fundamental knowledge of management science and its application for effective management of human resource, materials and operation of an organization. It also aims to expose the students about the latest and contemporary developments in the field of management.

#### UNIT –I:

**Introduction to Management**: Concept-Nature and Importance of Management, Functions-Evaluation of Scientific Management, Modern management-Motivation Theories-Leadership Styles-Decision MakingProcess-Designing Organization Structure-Principles and Types of Organization.

#### UNIT- II:

**Operations Management:** Plant location and Layout, Methods of production, Work-Study-Statistical Quality Control through Control Charts, Objectives of Inventory Management, Need for Inventory Control-EOQ&ABC Analysis(Simple Problems)**Marketing Management**:

Meaning, Nature, Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, Channels of distribution-Advertisement and sales promotion-Marketing strategies-Product Life Cycle.

#### UNIT -III:

Human Resource Management(HRM): Significant and Basic functions of HRM-Human Resource Planning(HRP), Job evaluation, Recruitment and Selection, Placement and Induction-Wage and Salary administration. Employee Training and development-Methods-Performance Appraisal-Employee Grievances-techniques of handling Grievances.

#### UNIT –IV:

**Strategic Management:** Vision, Mission, Goals and Strategy- Corporate Planning Process-Environmental Scanning-SWOT analysis-Different Steps in Strateg Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. **Project Management**: Network Analysis-PERT, CPM, Identifying Critical Path-Probability-Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing (Simple Problems).

#### UNIT-V:

**Contemporary Management Practices:** Basic concepts of MIS-Materials Requirement Planning(MRP), Just-In-Time(JIT)System, Total Quality Management(TQM)-Six Sigma

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and Capability Maturity Models(CMM) evies, Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning(ERP),Performance Management, Business Process Outsourcing(BPO), Business Process Re-Engineering and Bench Marking, Balance Score Card.

**Course Outcome**: This course enables the student to know the principles and applications of management knowledge and exposure to the latest developments in the field. This helps to take effective and efficient management decisions on physical and human resources of an organization. Beside the knowledge of Management Science facilitates for his/her personal and professional development.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A.R Aryasri: Management Science, TMH, 2013
- 2. Kumar /Rao/Chalill 'Introduction to Management Science' Cengage, Delhi, 2012.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. A.K.Gupta "Engineering Management", S.CHAND, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Mangement , PHI,2013.
- 5. Koontz & Weihrich: Essentials of Management, 6/e, TMH, 2005.
- 6. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 7. Memoria & S.V.Gauker, Personnel Management, Himalaya, 25/e, 2005
- 8. Parnell: Strategic Management, Biztantra, 2003.
- 9. L.S.Srinath: PERT/CPM, Affiliated East-West Press, 2005.

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15A02601 POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DRIVES

**Course Objectives:** The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The operation of electric motor drives controlled by power electronic converters.
- The stable steady-state operation and transient dynamics of a motor-load system.
- The operation of the chopper fed DC drive.
- The distinguishing features of synchronous motor drives and induction motor drives.

#### UNIT – I

#### CONVERTER FED DC MOTORS

Classification of Electric Drives, Basic elements of Electric Drive, Dynamic Control of a Drive system, Stability analysis, Introduction to Thyristor Controlled Drives, Single Phase, Three Phase Semi and Fully Controlled Converters Connected to D.C Separately Excited and D.C Series Motors – Continuous Current Operation – Output Voltage and Current Waveforms – Speed and Torque Expressions – Speed – Torque Characteristics- Problems.

#### UNIT – II

#### FOUR QUADRANT OPERATION OF DC DRIVES

Introduction to Four Quadrant Operation – Motoring Operations, Electric Braking – Plugging, Dynamic and Regenerative Braking Operations. Four Quadrant Operation of D.C Motors by Dual Converters – Closed Loop Operation of DC Motor (Block Diagram Only)

#### UNIT – III

#### CHOPPER FED DC MOTORS

Single Quadrant, Two Quadrant and Four Quadrant Chopper Fed DC Separately Excited and Series Excited Motors – Continuous Current Operation – Output Voltage and Current Wave Forms – Speed Torque Expressions – Speed Torque Characteristics – Problems on Chopper Fed D.C Motors

# UNIT – IV

# CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR

Induction Motor Stator Voltage Control and Characteristics. AC Voltage Controllers – Waveforms – Speed Torque Characteristics - Stator Frequency Control and Characteristics. Voltage Source and Current Source Inverter - PWM Control – Comparison of VSI and CSI Operations – Speed Torque Characteristics – Numerical Problems on Induction Motor Drives – Closed Loop Operation of Induction Motor Drives (Block Diagram Only) – Principles of Vector Control

Static Rotor Resistance Control – Slip Power Recovery – V/f control of Induction Motor – Their Performance and Speed Torque Characteristics – Advantages- Applications – Problems

# UNIT – V

#### CONTROL OF SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS

Separate Control & Self Control of Synchronous Motors – Operation of Self Controlled Synchronous Motors by VSI and CSI Cycloconverters. Load Commutated CSI Fed Synchronous Motor – Operation – Waveforms – Speed Torque Characteristics – Applications – Advantages and Numerical Problems – Closed Loop Control Operation of Synchronous Motor Drives (Block Diagram Only), Introduction to variable frequency control.

Course Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Identify the choice of the electric drive system based on their applications
- Explain the operation of single and multi quadrant electric drives
- Analyze single phase and three phase rectifiers fed DC motors as well as chopper fed DC motors
- Explain the speed control methods for AC-AC & DC-AC converters fed to Induction motors and Synchronous motors with closed loop, and open loop operations.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power semiconductor controlled drives, G K Dubey, Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 2. Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives, B.K.Bose, PHI, 2002.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Power Electronics, MD Singh and K B Khanchandani, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, 2008.
- 2. Power Electronic Circuits, Devices and applications, M.H.Rashid, PHI, 2005.
- 3. Electric drives Concepts and Applications, Vedam Subramanyam, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011.

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#### 15A02602 POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The different types of electromagnetic relays and microprocessor based relays
- The protection of Generators
- The protection of Transformers
- The protection of feeders and lines
- The technical aspects involved in the operation of circuit breakers
- Generation of over voltages and protection from over voltages

#### UNIT – I RELAYS

Electromagnetic Relays - Basic Requirements of Relays – Primary and Backup Protection - Construction Details of – Attracted Armature, Balanced Beam, Inductor Type and Differential Relays – Universal Torque Equation – Characteristics of Over Current, Direction and Distance Relays. Static Relays – Advantages and Disadvantages – Definite Time, Inverse and IDMT. Static Relays – Comparators – Amplitude and Phase Comparators. Microprocessor Based Relays – Advantages and Disadvantages – Block Diagram for Over Current (Definite, Inverse and IDMT) and Distance Relays and Their Flow Charts.

#### UNIT – II

#### **PROTECTION OF GENERATORS & TRANSFORMERS**

Protection of Generators Against Stator Faults, Rotor Faults and Abnormal Conditions. Restricted Earth Fault and Inter-Turn Fault Protection. Numerical Problems on percentage winding unprotected. Protection of Transformers: Percentage Differential Protection, Numerical Problems on Design of CT Ratio, Buchholtz Relay Protection, Numerical Problems.

# UNIT – III

#### **PROTECTION OF FEEDERS & LINES**

Protection of Feeder (Radial & Ring Main) Using Over Current Relays. Protection of Transmission Line – 3 Zone Protection Using Distance Relays. Carrier Current Protection. Protection of Bus Bars.

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# UNIT – IV CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Circuit Breakers: Elementary Principles of Arc Interruption, Restriking Voltage and Recovery Voltage - Restriking Phenomenon, Average and Max. RRRV, Numerical Problems - Current Chopping and Resistance Switching - CB Ratings and Specifications: Types and Numerical Problems. – Auto Reclosures. Description and Operation of Following Types of Circuit Breakers: Minimum Oil Circuit Breakers, Air Blast Circuit Breakers, Vacuum and SF6 Circuit Breakers.

# UNIT – V

# OVER VOLTAGES IN POWER SYSTEMS

Generation of Over Voltages in Power Systems.-Protection against Lightning Over Voltages - Valve Type and Zinc-Oxide Lighting Arresters - Insulation Coordination –BIL.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Explain the principles of operation of various types of electromagnetic relays, Static relays as well as Microprocessor based relays
- Understanding the protection of generators and determination of what % generator winding is unprotected under fault occurrence
- Understanding the protection of transformers and make design calculations to determine the required CT ratio for transformer protection
- Explain the use of relays in protecting Feeders, lines and bus bars
- Solve numerical problems concerning the arc interruption and recovery in circuit breakers
- Understand why over voltages occur in power system and how to protect the system

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power System Protection and Switchgear, Badri Ram, D.N Viswakarma, TMH Publications, 2011.
- 2. Switchgear and Protection, Sunil S Rao, Khanna Publishers, 1992.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electrical Power Systems, C.L.Wadhwa, New Age international (P) Limited, Publishers, 2012.
- 2. Transmission network Protection, Y.G. Paithankar , Taylor and Francis, 2009.
- 3. Power system protection and switch gear, Bhuvanesh Oza, TMH, 2010.

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#### 15A04601 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

#### Course Outcomes:

#### After completion of this subject the students will be able to :

- 1. Do programming with 8086 microprocessors
- 2. Understand concepts of Intel x86 series of processors
- 3. Program MSP 430 for designing any basic Embedded System
- 4. Design and implement some specific real time applications Using MSP 430 low power microcontroller.

#### UNIT I

Introduction-8086 Architecture-Block Diagram, Register Organization, Flag Register, Pin Diagram, Timing and Control Signals, System Timing Diagrams, Memory Segmentation, Interrupt structure of 8086 and Interrupt Vector Table. Memory organization and memory banks accessing.

#### UNIT II

Instruction Formats -Addressing Modes-Instruction Set of 8086, Assembler Directives-Macros and Procedures.- Sorting, Multiplication, Division and multi byte arithmetic code conversion. String Manipulation instructions-Simple ALPs.

#### UNIT III

Low power RISC MSP430 – block diagram, features and architecture, Variants of the MSP430 family viz. MSP430x2x, MSP430x4x, MSP430x5x and their targeted applications, MSP430x5x series block diagram, Addressing modes, Instruction set Memory address space, on-chip peripherals (analog and digital), and Register sets. Sample embedded system on MSP430 microcontroller.

#### UNIT-IV

I/O ports pull up/down resistors concepts, Interrupts and interrupt programming. Watchdog timer. System clocks. Low Power aspects of MSP430: low power modes, Active vs Standby current consumption, FRAM vs Flash for low power & reliability. Timer & Real Time Clock (RTC), PWM control, timing generation and measurements. Analog interfacing and data acquisition: ADC and Comparator in MSP430, data transfer using DMA.

#### UNIT-V

Serial communication basics, Synchronous/Asynchronous interfaces (like UART, USB, SPI, and I2C). UART protocol, I2C protocol, SPI protocol. Implementing and programming UART, I2C, SPI interface using MSP430, Interfacing external devices. Implementing Embedded Wi-Fi using CC3100

## Text Books:

 "Microprocessor and Microcontrollers", N. Senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeevanathan, Ovford Publichers, 1 st Edition, 2010.

Oxford Publishers. 1 st Edition, 2010

- "The X86 Microprocessors , Architecture, Programming and Inerfacing" , Lyla B. Das, Pearson Publications, 2010
- 3. MSP430 microcontroller basics. John H. Davies, Newnes Publication, I st Edition, 2008

## References:

http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/MSP430\_LaunchPad\_Low\_Power\_Mode http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/MSP430\_16-Bit\_Ultra-Low\_Power\_MCU\_Training

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| 15A02603  | POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS |   |        |   |     |

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Y bus and Z bus of a Power System network
- Power flow studies by various methods.
- Short circuit analysis of power systems.
- Swing equation and its solution
- Equal area criterion and its applications

#### UNIT -I

## POWER SYSTEM NETWORK MATRICES

Representation of Power System Elements, Graph Theory: Definitions, Bus Incidence Matrix, Y<sub>bus</sub> Formation by Direct and Singular Transformation Methods, Numerical Problems. Formation of Z<sub>Bus</sub>: Partial Network, Algorithm for the Modification of Z<sub>Bus</sub> Matrix for Addition Element for the Following Cases: Addition of Element from a New Bus to Reference, Addition of Element from a New Bus to an Old Bus, Addition of Element Between an Old Bus to Reference and Addition of Element Between Two Old Busses (Derivations and Numerical Problems).- Modification of Z<sub>Bus</sub> for the Changes in Network (Problems)

#### UNIT – II

#### SHORT CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

Per-Unit System of Representation. Per-Unit Equivalent Reactance Network of a Three Phase Power System, Numerical Problems. Symmetrical Fault Analysis: Short Circuit Current and MVA Calculations, Fault Levels, Application of Series Reactors, Numerical Problems. Symmetrical Component Theory: Symmetrical Component Transformation, Positive, Negative and Zero Sequence Components: Voltages, Currents and Impedances. Sequence Networks: Positive, Negative and Zero sequence Networks, Numerical Problems. Unsymmetrical Fault Analysis: LG, LL, LLG faults with and without Fault Impedance, Numerical Problems. www.android.universityupdates.in | www.universityupdates.in | www.ios.universityupdates.in

# UNIT - III POWER FLOW STUDIES-I

Necessity of Power Flow Studies – Data for Power Flow Studies – Derivation of Static Load Flow Equations – Load Flow Solutions using Gauss Seidel Method: Acceleration Factor, Load Flow Solution with and without P-V Buses, Algorithm and Flowchart. Numerical Load flow Solution for Simple Power Systems (Max. 3-Buses): Determination of Bus Voltages, Injected Active and Reactive Powers (Sample One Iteration only) and Finding Line Flows/Losses for the given Bus Voltages.

# UNIT – IV

# POWER FLOW STUDIES-II

Newton Raphson Method in Rectangular and Polar Co-Ordinates Form: Load Flow Solution with or without PV Buses- Derivation of Jacobian Elements, Algorithm and Flowchart. Decoupled and Fast Decoupled Methods.- Comparison of Different Methods – DC Load Flow

# UNIT – V

# POWER SYSTEM STABILITY ANALYSIS

Elementary Concepts of Steady State, Dynamic and Transient Stabilities - Description of: Steady State Stability Power Limit, Transfer Reactance, Synchronizing Power Coefficient, Power Angle Curve and Determination of Steady State Stability and Methods to Improve Steady State Stability - Derivation of Swing Equation - Determination of Transient Stability by Equal Area Criterion, Application of Equal Area Criterion, Critical Clearing Angle Calculation. Solution of Swing Equation by 4<sup>th</sup> Order Runga Kutta Method (up to 2 iterations) - Methods to improve Stability - Application of Auto Reclosing and Fast Operating Circuit Breakers.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Form the Z<sub>bus</sub> and Y<sub>bus</sub> of a given power system network
- Compare different methods used for obtaining load flow solution
- Conduct load flow studies on a given system
- Make fault calculations for various types of faults
- Determine the transient stability by equal area criterion
- Determine steady state stability power limit
- Distinguish between different types of buses used in load flow solution

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#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power Systems Analysis, Grainger and Stevenson, Tata Mc Graw-hill, 2005.
- 2. Modern Power system Analysis 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 2003.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Techniques in Power System Analysis 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,, M A Pai, TMH, 2005.
- 2. Computer Techniques and Models in Power Systems, K. Uma Rao, I. K. International, 2007.
- Electric Power Systems 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, S. A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Series, TMH, 1997.

4. Computer Methods in Power System Analysis, E. I. Stagg and El-Abiad, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1969.

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# 15A02604 NEURAL NETWORKS & FUZZY LOGIC (CBCC-I)

Course Objective: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Importance of AI techniques in engineering applications
- > Artificial Neural network and Biological Neural Network concepts
- > ANN approach in various Electrical Engineering problems
- > Fuzzy Logic and Its use in various Electrical Engineering Applications

## UNIT – I

# INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTILLEGENCE

Introduction and motivation – Approaches to AI – Architectures of AI – Symbolic Reasoning System – Rule based Systems – Knowledge Representation – Expert Systems.

## UNIT – II

## ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS

Basics of ANN - Comparison between Artificial and Biological Neural Networks – Basic Building Blocks of ANN – Artificial Neural Network Terminologies – McCulloch Pitts Neuron Model – Learning Rules – ADALINE and MADALINE Models – Perceptron Networks – Back Propagation Neural Networks – Associative Memories.

#### UNIT – III

# ANN APPLICATIONS TO ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

ANN approach to: Electrical Load Forecasting Problem – System Identification – Control Systems – Pattern Recognition.

# UNIT – IV

# FUZZY LOGIC

Classical Sets – Fuzzy Sets – Fuzzy Properties and Operations – Fuzzy Logic System – Fuzzification – Defuzzification – Membership Functions – Fuzzy Rule base – Fuzzy Logic Controller Design.

#### UNIT – V

# FUZZY LOGIC APPLICATIONS TO ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Fuzzy Logic Implementation for Induction Motor Control – Switched Reluctance Motor Control –Fuzzy Excitation Control Systems in Automatic Voltage Regulator - Fuzzy Logic Controller in an 18 Bus Bar System.

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**Course Outcomes:** The students should acquire awareness about:

- > Approaches and architectures of Artificial Intelligence
- Artificial Neural Networks terminologies and techniques
- Application of ANN to Electrical Load Forecasting problem, Control system problem
- > Application of ANN to System Identification and Pattern recognition
- The development of Fuzzy Logic concept
- Use of Fuzzy Logic for motor control and AVR operation
- Use of Fuzzy Logic controller in an 18 bus bar system

# Text Books:

- 1. S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S. N. Deepa, "Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB", McGraw Hill Edition, 2006.
- 2. Timothy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", Third Edition, WILEY India Edition, 2012.

# References:

- 1. S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S. N. Deepa, "Introduction to Fuzzy Logic using MATLAB", Springer International Edition, 2013.
- Yung C. Shin and Chengying Xu, "Intelligent System Modeling, Optimization & Control, CRC Press, 2009.

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15A02605 PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER AND ITS APPLICATIONS (CBCC-I)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- > PLC and its basics, architecture, connecting devices and programming
- Implementation of Ladder logic for various Industrial applications
- Designing of control circuits for various applications
- PLC logic and arithmetic operations

#### UNIT-I

PLC Basics: PLC System, I/O Modules and Interfacing, CPU Processor, Programming Equipment, Programming Formats, Construction of PLC Ladder Diagrams, Devices Connected To I/O Modules. PLC Programming: Input Instructions, Outputs, Operational Procedures, Programming Examples Using Contacts and Coils. Drill Press Operation.

#### UNIT-II

Digital Logic Gates, Programming in the Boolean Algebra System, Conversion Examples. Ladder Diagrams for Process Control: Ladder Diagrams & Sequence Listings, Ladder Diagram Construction and Flowchart for Spray Process System.

#### UNIT-III

PLC Registers: Characteristics of Registers, Module Addressing, Holding Registers, Input Registers, Output Registers. PLC Functions: Timer Functions & Industrial Applications, Counter Function & Industrial Applications, Arithmetic Functions, Number Comparison Functions, Number Conversion Functions

#### UNIT-IV

Data Handling Functions: SKIP, Master Control Relay, Jump, Move, FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR & Sweep Functions and Their Applications. Bit Pattern and Changing a Bit Shift Register, Sequence Functions and Applications, Controlling of Two-Axis & Three Axis Robots With PLC, Matrix Functions.

## UNIT-V

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Analog PLC Operation, Types of PLC Analog Modules and Systems, PLC Analog Signal Processing, BCD or Multibit data Processing, Analog output application examples, PID Modules, PID Tuning, Typical PID Functions, PLC Installation, Troubleshooting and Maintenance.

Course Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- > Program a PLC for a given application
- Implement Ladder logic for various Industrial applications
- Design control circuits for various applications

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Programmable Logic Controllers- Principles and Applications by John W. Webb & Ronald A. Reiss, Fifth Edition, ELSEVIER Ltd., 2009.
- 2. Programmable Logic Controllers 5th Edition, William Bolton, Newnes, ELSEVIER Ltd., 2009.

#### **REFERENCES**:

1. Programmable Logic Controllers: An Emphasis on design & application, Kelvin T. Erickson, Dogwood Valley Press, 2011.

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## 15A02606 OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (CBCC-I)

## Course Objectives :

The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The basic concepts of optimization and classification of optimization problems.
- Different classical Optimization techniques, linear programming, unconstrained and constrained nonlinear programming.
- Soft Computing methods GA & PSO

## UNIT-I

# INTRODUCTION AND CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUE

Statement of an Optimization Problem- Design Vector- Design Constraints- Constraints Surface – Objective Function- Objective Function Surfaces- Classification of Optimization Problems. Classical Optimization Techniques- Single Variable Optimization- Multi Variable Optimization Without Constraints- Necessary and Sufficient Conditions for Minimum/Maximum- Multi Variable Optimization With Equality Constraints Solution by Method of Lagrange Multipliers- Multi Variable Optimization with Inequality Constraints – Kuhn- Tucker Conditions

#### UNIT-II

# LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Standard Form of Linear Programming Problem- Geometry of Linear Programming Problems- Definitions and Theorems- Solution of a System of Linear Simultaneous Equations- Pivotal Reduction of a General System of Equations- Motivation to The Simplex Method- Simplex Algorithm – Revised Simplex Method – Two Phase Simplex Method - Initial Basic Feasible Solution by North- West Corner Rule, Approximation Method.

# UNIT-III

# UNCONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING

One-Dimensional Minimization Methods: Classification, Fibonacci Method and Quadratic Interpolation Method- Unconstrained Optimization Techniques- Univariate Method, Powell's Method, Steepest Descent Method, Newtons Method.

## UNIT-IV

# CONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING

Characteristics of a Constrained Problem, Classification, Basic Approach of Penalty Function Method; Basic Approaches of Interior and Exterior Penalty Function Methods, Introduction to Convex Programming Problem

# UNIT-V

# SOFT COMPUTING METHODS

Evolutionary programming methods - Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA)– Control parameters –Number of generation, population size, selection, reproduction, crossover and mutation – Operator selection criteria – Simple mapping of objective function to fitness function – constraints – Genetic algorithm steps – Stopping criteria –Simple examples.

Swarm intelligence programming methods - Basic Partial Swarm Optimization – Method – Characteristic features of PSO procedure of the global version – Parameters of PSO (Simple PSO algorithm – Operators selection criteria – Fitness function constraints)

## Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Develop an objective function and obtain solution for multivariable optimization problem with equality/Inequality constraints
- > Apply linear programming techniques for problem solving
- Apply nonlinear programming techniques for unconstrained/constrained optimization
- Use soft computing techniques to solve optimization problems

# TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering optimization: Theory and practice 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, S.S.Rao, New Age International (P) Limited, 1998.

2. Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis 3rd edition,

K.V.Mital and C.Mohan, New Age International (P) Limited, 1996.

3. Soft Computing with Matlab Programming by N.P.Padhy&S.P.Simson, Oxford University Press – 2015

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Operations Research, Dr.S.D.Sharma, S.Chand & Sons, 2001.
- 2. Operation Research: An Introduction 6th edition, H.A.Taha, PHI , 2003.
- Optimization for Engineering Design Algorithms and Examples, Kalyanmoy Deb, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI, 2014.
- 4. Soft Computing Advances and Applications, B. K. Tripathy and J. Anuradha, CENGAGE Learning, 2015.

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| B. Tech III-II Sem. (EEE)                           |  | _ | Т<br>1 | - | C<br>3 |
| 15A01608  | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS<br>(CBCC-I) | 5 |        |   |        |

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course introduces the student to the basics of Intellectual Property Rights, Copy Right Laws Trade Marks and Issues related to Patents. The overall idea of the course is to help and encourage the student for startups and innovations.

#### UNIT – I

Introduction To Intellectual Property: Introduction, Types Of Intellectual Property, International Organizations, Agencies And Treaties, Importance Of Intellectual Property Rights.

#### UNIT – II

Trade Marks : Purpose And Function Of Trade Marks, Acquisition Of Trade Mark Rights, Protectable Matter, Selecting And Evaluating Trade Mark, Trade Mark Registration Processes.

#### UNIT – III

Law Of Copy Rights : Fundamental Of Copy Right Law, Originality Of Material, Rights Of Reproduction, Rights To Perform The Work Publicly, Copy Right Ownership Issues, Copy Right Registration, Notice Of Copy Right, International Copy Right Law.

Law Of Patents : Foundation Of Patent Law, Patent Searching Process, Ownership Rights And Transfer

#### UNIT – IV

Trade Secrets : Trade Secrete Law, Determination Of Trade Secrete Status, Liability For Misappropriations Of Trade Secrets, Protection For Submission, Trade Secrete Litigation.

Unfair Competition : Misappropriation Right Of Publicity, False Advertising.

#### UNIT – V

New Developments Of Intellectual Property: New Developments In Trade Mark Law ; Copy Right Law, Patent Law, Intellectual Property Audits.

International Overview On Intellectual Property, International – Trade Mark Law, Copy Right Law, International Patent Law, International Development In Trade Secrets Law.

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# **TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:**

1. Intellectual Property Rights, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage Learing.

2. Intellectual Property Rights- Unleashmy The Knowledge Economy, Prabuddha Ganguli, Tate Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.,

# Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the student will have an understanding of the following:

- a) Intellectual Property Rights and what they mean
- b) Trade Marks and Patents and how to register them
- *c)* Laws Protecting the Trade Marks and Patents
- d) Copy Right and laws related to it.

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## 15A04607 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS LABORATORY

## Part A: 8086 Microprocessor Programs using NASM/8086 microprocessor kit.

- 1. Introduction to MASM Programming.
- 2. Programs using arithmetic and logical operations
- Programs using string operations and Instruction prefix: Move Block, Reverse string, Sorting, String comparison
- 4. Programs for code conversion
- 5. Multiplication and Division programs
- 6. Sorting and multi byte arithmetic
- 7. Programs using CALL and RET instructions

#### Part B Embedded C Experiments using MSP430 Microcontroller

- 1. Interfacing and programming GPIO ports in C using MSP430 (blinking LEDs , push buttons)
- 2. Usage of Low Power Modes: (Use MSPEXP430FR5969 as hardware platform and demonstrate the low power modes and measure the active mode and standby mode current)
- 3. Interrupt programming examples through GPIOs
- 4. PWM generation using Timer on MSP430 GPIO
- 5. Interfacing potentiometer with MSP430
- 6. PWM based Speed Control of Motor controlled by potentiometer connected to MSP430 GPIO
- 7. Using ULP advisor in Code Composer Studio on MSP430
- 8. Low Power modes and Energy trace++:
  - a. Enable Energy Trace and Energy Trace ++ modes in CCS
  - b. Compute Total Energy, and Estimated lifetime of an AA battery.

# Note : Any six experiment from Part A and Six experiments from Part B are to be conducted

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15A02607 POWER ELECTRONICS AND SIMULATION LABORATORY

Course Objectives: The student will understand:

- The characteristics of power electronic devices with gate firing circuits
- Various forced commutation techniques
- The operation of single-phase voltage controller, converters and Inverters circuits with R and RL loads
- Analyze the TPS7A4901, TPS7A8300 and TPS54160 buck regulators

# Any Eight of the Experiments in Power Electronics Lab

- 1. Gate Firing Circuits for SCRs
- 2. Single Phase AC Voltage Controller with R and RL Loads
- 3. DC Jones Chopper with R and RL Loads
- 4. Forced Commutation Circuits (Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D and Class E)
- 5. Three phase fully controlled Bridge converter with R- load
- 6. Single Phase Parallel, Inverter with R and RL Loads
- 7. Single phase Cycloconverter with R and RL loads
- 8. Single Phase Series Inverter with R and RL Loads
- 9. Single Phase Dual Converter with RL Loads
- 10. Illumination control / Fan control using TRIAC

# Any Four Experiments of the following (1, 2, 3, A, B, C):

- 1. Using TPS7A4901 and TPS7A8300, study
  - a. Impact of line and load conditions on drop out voltage
  - b. Impact of line and load conditions on efficiency
  - c. Impact of capacitor on PSRR
  - d. Impact of output capacitor on load-transient response
- 2. Study of DC-DC Buck converter

a) Investigate how the efficiency of a TPS54160 buck regulator depends on the line and load conditions and on the switching frequency.

b) Analyze the influence of switching frequency fs and of capacitance C and resistance ESR of the input and output capacitors on steady-state waveforms of TPS54160 buck regulator.

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3. Analyze how the switching frequency fs, the DC accuracy and the line noise rejection of the hysteretic buck regulator LM3475 depend on line voltage, the load current, the characteristics of the output capacitor and the impact of speed-up capacitor.

#### WEBENCH EXPERIMENTS:

- A. Design of a Low cost Boost Converter to derive 12V, 100mA from 5V USB
- **B.** Design of a low cost and power efficient Buck Converter that could be used as a USB charger for mobile devices deriving its power from an automotive battery.
- C. Design of a low cost synchronous buck converter.

Course Outcomes: Student should be able to:

- Test the turn on -turn off characteristics of various power electronic devices.
- Test and analyze firing circuits for SCRs
- Test different types of voltage controllers, converters and Inverters with R and RL loads
- Analyze the TPS7A4901, TPS7A8300 and TPS54160 buck regulators

## **REFERENCES**:

- 1. PMLK BUCK Lab manual http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/ssqu007/ssqu007.pdf
- 2. PMLK LDO Lab manual http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/ssqu006/ssqu006.pdf
- 3. WEBENCH <u>www.ti.com/webench</u>

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# B. Tech III-II Sem. (EEE)

# 15A52602 ADVANCED ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (AELCS) LAB (Audit Course)

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

With increased globalization and rapidly changing industry expectations, employers are looking for the wide cluster of skills to cater to the changing demand. The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3<sup>rd</sup> year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information and to organise ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

# 2. OBJECTIVES:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

# 3. SYLLABUS:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Lab:

## UNIT-I: COMMUNICATION SKILLS

- 1. Reading Comprehension
- 2. Listening comprehension
- 3. Vocabulary Development
- 4. Common Errors

# UNIT-II: WRITING SKILLS

- 1. Report writing
- 2. Resume Preparation
- 3. E-mail Writing

# UNIT-III: PRESENTATION SKILLS

- 1. Oral presentation
- 2. Power point presentation
- 3. Poster presentation

# UNIT-IV: GETTING READY FOR JOB

- 1. Debates
- 2. Group discussions
- 3. Job Interviews

# UNIT-V: INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

- 1. Time Management
- 2. Problem Solving & Decision Making
- 3. Etiquettes

# 4. LEARNING OUTCOMES:

- Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually
- Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression.
- Enhanced job prospects.
- Effective Speaking Abilities

# 5. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT:

The Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Laboratory shall have the following infra-structural facilities to accommodate at least 60 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P IV Processor, Hard Disk 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

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# 6. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and G

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- 1. Walden Infotech: Advanced English Communication Skills Lab
- 2. K-VAN SOLUTIONS-Advanced English Language Communication Skills lab
- 3. DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skills Practice.
- 4. TOEFL & GRE( KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
- 5. Train2success.com

# 7. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. **Objective English for Competitive Exams**, Hari Mohana Prasad, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Technical Communication by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, O U Press 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn. 2015.
- 3. Essay Writing for Exams, Audrone Raskauskiene, Irena Ragaisience & Ramute Zemaitience, OUP, 2016
- 4. Soft Skills for Everyone, Butterfield Jeff, Cengage Publications, 2011.
- 5. Management Shapers Series by Universities Press (India) Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
- 6. Campus to Corporate, Gangadhar Joshi, Sage Publications, 2015
- 7. Communicative English, E Suresh Kumar & P.Sreehari, Orient Blackswan, 2009.
- 8. English for Success in Competitive Exams, Philip Sunil Solomon OUP, 2015

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15A02701 ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Course Objectives: The student has to acquire knowledge about:

- The classification of distribution systems
- The technical aspects and design considerations in DC and AC distribution systems and their comparison
- Technical issues of substations such as location, ratings and bus bar arrangements
- The causes of low power factor and methods to improve power factor
- The principles in Distribution automation

#### UNIT – I

# LOAD MODELING AND CHARACTERISTICS

Introduction to Distribution Systems, Load Modelling and Characteristics. Coincidence Factor, Contribution Factor Loss Factor - Relationship between the Load Factor and Loss Factor. Classification of Loads (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural and Industrial) and Their Characteristics.

# UNIT – II

# CLASSIFICATION OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Classification of Distribution Systems - Comparison of DC vs AC and Under-Ground vs Over - Head Distribution Systems- Requirements and Design Features of Distribution Systems. Design Considerations of Distribution Feeders: Radial and Loop Types of Primary Feeders, Voltage Levels, Feeder Loading, Basic Design Practice of the Secondary Distribution System. Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) In A.C. Distributors for The Following Cases: Power Factors Referred to Receiving End Voltage and With Respect to Respective Load Voltages.

#### UNIT – III SUBSTATIONS

Location of Substations: Rating of Distribution Substation, Service Area within Primary Feeders. Benefits Derived Through Optimal Location of Substations.

Classification of Substations: Air Insulated Substations - Indoor & Outdoor Substations: Substation Layout showing the Location of all the Substation Equipment.

Bus Bar Arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple Arrangements Like Single Bus Bar, Sectionalized Single Bus Bar, Main and Transfer Bus Bar Double Breaker – One and Half Breaker System With Relevant Diagrams.

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# UNIT – IV

# POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

Voltage Drop and Power-Loss Calculations: Derivation for Voltage Drop and Power Loss in Lines, Manual Methods of Solution for Radial Networks, Three Phase Balanced Primary Lines.

Causes of Low P.F -Methods of Improving P.F -Phase Advancing and Generation of Reactive KVAR Using Static Capacitors-Most Economical P.F. for Constant KW Load and Constant KVA Type Loads, Numerical Problems.

Capacitive Compensation for Power-Factor Control - Effect of Shunt Capacitors (Fixed and Switched), Power Factor Correction- Economic Justification - Procedure to Determine the Best Capacitor Location.

# UNIT – V

# DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION

Distribution Automation (DA) – Project Planning – Definitions – Communication Sensors- Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) – Consumer Information Service (CIS) – Geographical Information System (GIS) – Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) – Automation Systems.

Course Outcomes: Student should be able to:

- Compute the various factors associated with power distribution
- Make voltage drop calculations in given distribution networks
- Learn principles of substation maintenance
- Compute power factor improvement for a given system and load
- Understand implementation of SCADA for distribution automation

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electric Power Distribution Engineering, Turan Gonen, CRC Press, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014.
- Electric Power Distribution, A.S. Pabla, Tata Mc Graw Hill (India) Pvt. Ltd., 6th Edition, 2011.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar and Dr. G. M. Dhole, University Science Press, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Power Distribution Systems, V. Kamaraju, Jain Book Depot. 2012.
- 3. Electrical Power Systems for Industrial Plants, Kamalesh Das, JAICO Publishing House, 2008.

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#### 15A04603 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Formulate engineering problems in terms of DSP tasks.
- Apply engineering problems solving strategies to DSP problems.
- Design and test DSP algorithms.
- Analyze digital and analog signals and systems.
- Encode information into signals.
- Design digital signal processing algorithms.
- Design and simulate digital filters.
- Analyze and compare different signal processing strategies.

#### UNIT-I

Review of discrete-time signals and systems – Time domain analysis of discrete-time signals & systems, Frequency domain analysis of discrete-time signals and systems. **Discrete Fourier Transform:** Frequency-domain sampling and reconstruction of discrete-time signals, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), The DFT as a linear transformation, Relationship of the DFT to other transforms, Properties of DFT, Linear

filtering methods based on DFT, Frequency analysis of signals using the DFT.

#### UNIT-II

Efficient computation of the DFT – Direct computation of DFT, Divide and conquer approach to computation of DFT, Radix-2, Radix-4, and Split radix FFT algorithms, Implementation of FFT algorithms, Applications of FFT algorithms – Efficient computation of the DFT of two real sequences, 2N point real sequences, Use of the FFT algorithm in linear filtering and correlation, A linear filtering approach to computation of the DFT- the Goertzel, and the Chirp-z transform algorithms, Quantization errors in the computation of DFT.

#### UNIT-III

Structures for the realization of discrete-time systems, Structures for FIR systems - Direct form, Cascade form, Frequency sampling, and Lattice structures, Structures for IIR systems – Direct form, Signal flow graphs & Transposed, Cascade form, Parallel form and Lattice structures, Conversion from Lattice structure to direct form, lattice – Ladder structure.

#### UNIT-IV

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General considerations – Causality and its implications, Characteristics of practical Frequency Selective Filters, Design of Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filters – Symmetric and asymmetric FIR filters, Design of linear phase FIR filters using windows, Design of linear phase FIR filters by the frequency sampling method, Design of optimum equi-ripple linear phase FIR filters, Comparison of design methods for linear phase FIR filters, Design of Invariance Response (IIR) filters from analog filters – IIR filter design by approximation of derivatives, by Impulse invariance, and by bilinear transformation methods, Characteristics of commonly used analog filters, Design examples of both FIR and IIR filters, Frequency transformation in the analog and digital domains, Illustrative problems.

#### UNIT-V

Introduction, Decimation, and interpolation, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor, Implementation of sampling rate conversion, Multistage implementation of sampling rate conversion of bandpass signals, Sampling rate conversion by arbitrary factor, Applications of multirate signal processing.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital signal processing, principles, Algorithms and applications," Pearson Education/PHI, 4<sup>th</sup> ed., 2007.
- Sanjit K Mitra, "Digital signal processing, A computer base approach," Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2009.

# **REFERENCES**:

- 1. A.V.Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, & J R Buck, "Discrete Time Signal Processing," 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2. B. P. Lathi, "Principles of Signal Processing and Linear Systems," Oxford Univ. Press, 2011.
- 3. Li Tan, Jean Jiang, "Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Applications," Academic Press, Second Edition, 2013.

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B. Tech IV-I Sem. (EEE)

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15A02702 POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Optimum generation allocation
- Hydrothermal scheduling
- Modeling of turbines and generators
- Load frequency control in single area and two area systems
- Reactive power compensation in power systems
- Power system operation in competitive environment

# UNIT – I

#### ECONOMIC OPERATION

Optimal Operation of Thermal Power Units, - Heat Rate Curve – Cost Curve – Incremental Fuel and Production Costs, Input-Output Characteristics, Optimum Generation Allocation with Line Losses Neglected. Optimum Generation Allocation Including the Effect of Transmission Line Losses – Loss Coefficients, General Transmission Line Loss Formula.

# UNIT-II

#### HYDROTHERMAL SCHEDULING

Optimal Scheduling of Hydrothermal System: Hydroelectric Power Plant Models, Scheduling Problems-Short Term Hydrothermal Scheduling Problem. Modeling of Turbine: First Order Turbine Model, Block Diagram Representation of Steam Turbines and Approximate Linear Models. Modeling of Governor: Mathematical Modeling of Speed Governing System – Derivation of Small Signal Transfer Function – Block Diagram.

# UNIT – III

# LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROL

Necessity of Keeping Frequency Constant. Definitions of Control Area – Single Area Control – Block Diagram Representation of an Isolated Power System – Steady State Analysis – Dynamic Response – Uncontrolled Case. Load Frequency Control of 2-Area System – Uncontrolled Case and Controlled Case, Tie-Line Bias Control. Proportional Plus Integral Control of Single Area and Its Block Diagram Representation, Steady State Response – Load Frequency Control and Economic Dispatch Control.

#### UNIT – IV REACTIVE POWER CONTROL

Overview of Reactive Power Control – Reactive Power Compensation in Transmission Systems – Advantages and Disadvantages of Different Types of Compensating Equipment for Transmission Systems; Load Compensation – Specifications of Load Compensator, Uncompensated and Compensated Transmission Lines: Shunt and Series Compensation.

#### UNIT – V

#### POWER SYSTEM OPERATION IN COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT

Introduction – Restructuring models – Independent System Operator (ISO) – Power Exchange - Market operations – Market Power – Standard cost – Transmission Pricing – Congestion Pricing – Management of Inter zonal/Intra zonal Congestion - Electricity Price Volatility Electricity Price Indexes – Challenges to Electricity Pricing – Construction of Forward Price Curves – Short-time Price Forecasting

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of the course, the student will able to:

- Develop the mathematical models of turbines and governors
- Address the Load Frequency Control problem
- Explain how shunt and series compensation helps in reactive power control
- Explain the issues concerned with power system operation in competitive environment

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power System Analysis Operation and Control, Abhijit Chakrabarti and Sunita Halder, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 2. Modern Power System Analysis, D.P.Kothari and I.J.Nagrath, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2003, Ninth Reprint 2007.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design, J. Duncan Glover and M.S.Sharma, Thomson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008.
- 2. Electric Energy System Theory: An Introduction, Olle Ingemar Elgerd, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1982.
- 3. Power System Stability and Control, P Kundur, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1994, 5<sup>th</sup> Reprint, 2008.

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| 15A02703 UTILIZATION OF ELECT                       | TRICAL ENERG | Y      |   |      |

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The laws of illumination and their application for various lighting schemes
- Principles and methods for electric heating and welding.
- Systems of electric traction, study of traction equipment, mechanics of train movement and associated calculations.

#### UNIT-I

#### ILLUMINATION

Definition –Laws of Illumination–Polar Curves – Calculation of MHCP and MSCP. Lamps: Incandescent Lamp, Sodium Vapour Lamp, Fluorescent Lamp, CFL and LED. Requirement of Good Lighting Scheme – Types, Design and Calculation of Illumination. Street Lighting and Factory Lighting – Numerical Problems – Energy Conservation methods.

#### UNIT-II

#### **ELECTRIC HEATING & WELDING**

Electrical Heating: Advantages. Methods of Electric Heating – Resistance, Arc, Induction and Dielectric Heating – Energy conservation methods.

Electric Welding: Types – Resistance, Electric Arc, Gas Welding. Ultrasonic, Welding Electrodes of Various Metals, Defects in Welding.

Electrolysis - Faraday's Laws, Applications of Electrolysis, Power Supply for Electrolysis.

#### UNIT-III

#### ELECTRIC TRACTION – I

Introduction – Systems of Electric Traction. Comparison Between A. C. and D. C. Traction – Special Features of Traction Motors - The Locomotive – Wheel arrangement and Riding Qualities – Transmission of Drive – Characteristics and Control of Locomotives and Motor Coaches for Track Electrification – DC Equipment – AC Equipment – Electric Braking with DC Motors and with AC Motors – Control Gear – Auxiliary Equipment – Track Equipment and Collector Gear – Conductor-Rail Equipment – Overhead Equipment – Calculation of Sags and Tensions – Collector Gear for Overhead Equipment.

#### UNIT-IV ELECTRIC TRACTION - II

Mechanics of Train Movement. Speed-Time Curves of Different Services – Trapezoidal and Quadrilateral Speed-Time Curves – Numerical Problems. Calculations of Tractive Effort, Power, Specific Energy Consumption - Effect of Varying Acceleration and Braking Retardation, Adhesive Weight and Coefficient of Adhesion – Problems.

# UNIT-V

# ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF UTILISING ELECTRICALENERGY

Power Factor Improvement, Load Factor improvement, Off Peak Loads- Use of Exhaust Steam, Waste Heat recovery, Pit Head Generation, Diesel Plant, General Comparison of Private Plant and Public Supply- Initial Cost and Efficiency, Capitalization of Losses, Choice of Voltage.

Course Outcomes: Student should be able to:

- Develop a lighting scheme for a given practical case.
- Analyze the performance of Heating and Welding methods
- Make all numerical calculations associated with electric traction.
- Assess the economic aspects in utilisation of electrical energy

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Utilization of Electric Energy, E. Openshaw Taylor and V. V. L. Rao, Universities Press, 2009.
- 2. Art & Science of Utilization of electrical Energy, Partab, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 2004.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Generation, distribution and utilization of electrical energy, C.L Wadhwa, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1993

2. Electrical Power, S. L. Uppal, Khanna pulishers, 1988.

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#### 15A02704 MODERN CONTROL THEORY (CBCC-II)

Course Objective : The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Concepts of state vector, State transition matrix and solution of state equations.
- Importance of controllability and observability concepts.
- Pole placement, state estimation using observers
- Lyapunov criterion for stability analysis
- Types of nonlinearities, their effect on system performance

#### UNIT – I

#### STATE VARIABLE DESCRIPTION AND SOLUTION OF STATE EQUATION

Concept of State – Derivation of State Space models for Linear Continuous time Systems from Schematic Models, Differential equations, Transfer functions and block diagrams – Non uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for continuous time state models – Solution of state equations – State transition matrix. Complete response of continuous time systems.

# UNIT – II

#### CONTROLLABILITY, OBSERVABILITY,

Tests for controllability and observability for continuous time systems – Time varying case, minimum energy control, time invariant case, Principle of Duality, Controllability and observability of state models in Jordan canonical form and other canonical forms. Effect of state feedback on controllability and observability.

#### UNIT – III

# STATE FEEDBACK CONTROLLERS AND OBSERVERS

Design of State Feedback Controllers through Pole placement. Full-order observer and reduced-order observer. State estimation through Kalman Filters.

#### UNIT – IV

#### ANALYSIS OF NONLINEAR SYSTEMS

Introduction to nonlinear systems, Types of nonlinearities, Concept of describing functions, Derivation of describing functions for Dead zone, Saturation, backlash, relay with dead zone and Hysteresis - Jump Resonance. Introduction to phase-plane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, Singular points, Phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

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# UNIT- V Stability Analysis

Stability in the sense of Lyapunov. Lyapunov's stability and Lypanov's instability theorems. Direct method of Lypanov for Linear and Nonlinear continuous time autonomous systems.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Modern Control Engineering, Katsuhiko Ogata, Prentice Hall, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- Modern Control System Theory, M. Gopal, New Age International Publishers, Revised 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2005.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- Control Systems Engineering, I.J. Nagarath and M.Gopal, New Age International Publishers, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007, Reprint 2012.
- 2. Modern Control Engineering, D. Roy Choudhury, PHI Learning Private Limited, 9<sup>th</sup> Printing, January 2015.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of studying the course, the student should be able to:

- Model a given dynamic system in state space and obtain the solution for the state equation
- Test whether a given system is controllable and/or observable
- Design a state feedback controller for pole placement
- Design an observer for state estimation
- Apply Lyapunov criterion and determine stability of a given system
- Analyze nonlinear systems

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#### 15A02705 SWITCHED MODE POWER CONVERTERS (CBCC-II)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The concepts of modern power electronic converters and their applications in electric power utility.
- Analyzing and control of various power converter circuits

#### UNIT – I

# NON-ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTERS

Basic Types of Switching Power Supplies – Volt-Sec balance – Non-Isolated Switched-Mode DC-to-DC Converters – Buck Converter – Boost Converter – Buck-Boost Converter – Cuk Converter – SEPIC and Zeta Converters – Comparison of Non-Isolated Switched mode DC-to-DC Converters.

#### UNIT – II

#### ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTERS

Need of Transformer Isolations in high frequency Power conversion - Isolated Switched Mode DC-to-DC Converters – Single Switch Isolated DC-to-DC Converters – Forward, Flyback, Push-Pull, Flux Weakening Phenomena, Half and Full Bridge Converters – Multi Switch Isolated DC-to-DC Converters – Comparison of Isolated and Non-Isolated Switched Mode DC-to-DC Converters.

#### UNIT-III

#### **RESONANT CONVERTERS**

Classification of Resonant converters-Basic resonant circuits- Series resonant circuitparallel resonant circuits- Resonant switches, Concept of Zero voltage switching, principle of operation, analysis of M-type and L-type Resonant Buck and boost Converters.

#### UNIT-IV

# DYNAMIC ANALYSIS OF DC-DC CONVERTERS

Formulation of dynamic equations of buck and boost converters, State-Space Models, Averaged Models, linearization technique, small-signal model and converter transfer functions, Significance of Small Signal Models, Dynamical Characterization.

#### UNIT-V CONTROLLER DESIGN

Review of frequency-domain analysis of linear time-invariant systems, controller specifications, Proportional (P), Proportional plus Integral (PI), Proportional, Integral plus Derivative controller (PID), selection of controller parameters for Isolated and Non-Isolated DC -DC Converters.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course,

- > The student learns the fundamental concepts of DC DC Converters
- Student can explain the operation of different topologies of DC to DC converters and their differences
- Student will be able to model various converters as per state space, time average etc.
- > Student can analyse in frequency domain with different P, PI and PID converters

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Issa Batarseh, Fundamentals of Power Electronics, John Wiley Publications, 2009.
- 2. Robert Erickson and Dragon Maksimovic, Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Springer Publications., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2001.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Switched Mode Power Supplies design and construction 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, H W Whittington, B W Flynn and D E Macpherson, Universities Press, 2009.
- 2. Philip T.Krein Elements of Power Electronics Oxford University Press, 1997.
- 3. L. Umanand Power Electronics, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

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15A02706 ENERGY AUDITING & DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT (CBCC-II)

Course Objectives: The objectives of this course include

- To learn about energy consumption and situation in India
- To learn about Energy Auditing.
- To learn about Energy Measuring Instruments.
- To understand the Demand Side Management.

#### UNI -I

#### INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY AUDITING

Energy Situation – World and India, Energy Consumption, Conservation, Codes, Standards and Legislation. Energy Audit- Definitions, Concept, Types of Audit, Energy Index, Cost Index, Pie Charts, Sankey Diagrams, Load Profiles, Energy Conservation Schemes. Measurements in Energy Audits, Presentation of Energy Audit Results.

#### UNIT -II

#### ENERGY EFFICIENT MOTORS AND POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

Energy Efficient Motors , Factors Affecting Efficiency, Loss Distribution , Constructional Details , Characteristics - Variable Speed , Variable Duty Cycle Systems, RMS Hp-Voltage Variation-Voltage Unbalance- Over Motoring- Motor Energy Audit.Power Factor – Methods of Improvement, Power factor With Non Linear Loads

#### UNIT –III

#### LIGHTING AND ENERGY INSTRUMENTS FOR AUDIT

Good Lighting System Design and Practice, Lighting Control, Lighting Energy Audit -Energy Instruments- Watt Meter, Data Loggers, Thermocouples, Pyrometers, Lux Meters, Tong Testers, Application of PLC's

#### UNIT –IV

#### INTRODUCTION TO DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT

Introduction to DSM, Concept of DSM, Benefits of DSM, Different Techniques of DSM – Time of Day Pricing, Multi-Utility Power Exchange Model, Time of Day Models for Planning. Load Management, Load Priority Technique, Peak Clipping, Peak Shifting, Valley Filling, Strategic Conservation, Energy Efficient Equipment. Management and Organization of Energy Conservation Awareness Programs.

# UNIT –V

# ECONOMICS AND COST EFFECTIVENESS TESTS OF DSM PROGRAMS

Basic payback calculations, Depreciation, Net present value calculations. Taxes and Tax Credit – Numerical Problems. Importance of evaluation, measurement and verification of demand side management programs. Cost effectiveness test for demand side management programs - Ratepayer Impact Measure Test, Total Resource Cost, Participant Cost Test, Program Administrator Cost Test

Numerical problems: Participant cost test, Total Resource Cost test and Ratepayer impact measure test.

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Conduct energy auditing and evaluate energy audit results
- Carry out motor energy audit
- Analyze demand side management concepts through case study

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Industrial Energy Management Systems, Arry C. White, Philip S. Schmidt, David R. Brown, Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, New York, 1994.
- 2. Fundamentals of Energy Engineering Albert Thumann, Prentice Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1984.

#### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Economic Analysis of Demand Side Programs and Projects California Standard Practice Manual, June 2002 – Free download available online <u>http://www.calmac.org/events/spm 9 20 02.pdf</u>
- 2. Energy management by W.R. Murphy & G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications, 2007.
- 3. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998
- 4. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995.

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15A02707 SMART GRID (CBCC-III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Overview of the technologies required for the smart grid
- Switching techniques and different means for data communication
- Standards for information exchange and smart metering
- Methods used for information security on smart grid
- Smart metering, and protocols for smart metering
- Management systems for Transmission and distribution

# UNIT – I

# THE SMART GRID

Introduction, Ageing Assets and Lack of Circuit Capacity, Thermal Constraints, Operational Constraints, Security of Supply, National Initiatives,

Early Smart Grid Initiatives, Active Distribution Networks, Virtual Power Plant, Other Initiatives and Demonstrations, Overview of The Technologies Required for The Smart Grid.

# UNIT – II

# COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES

**Data Communications:** Introduction, Dedicated and Shared Communication Channels, Switching Techniques, Circuit Switching, Message Switching, Packet Switching, Communication Channels, Wired Communication, Optical Fibre, Radio Communication, Cellular Mobile Communication, Layered Architecture and Protocols, The ISO/OSI Model, TCP/IP

**Communication Technologies:** IEEE 802 Series, Mobile Communications, Multi Protocol Label Switching, Power line Communication, Standards for Information Exchange, Standards For Smart Metering, Modbus, DNP3, IEC61850

# UNIT – III

# INFORMATION SECURITY FOR THE SMART GRID

Introduction, Encryption and Decryption, Symmetric Key Encryption, Public Key Encryption, Authentication, Authentication Based on Shared Secret Key, Authentication Based on Key Distribution Center, Digital Signatures, Secret Key Signature, Public Key Signature, Message Digest, Cyber Security Standards, IEEE 1686: IEEE Standard for

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Substation Intelligent Electronic Devices(IEDs) Cyber Security Capabilities, IEC 62351: Power Systems Management And Association Information Exchange – Data and Communication Security.

#### UNIT – IV

# SMART METERING AND DEMAND SIDE INTEGRATION

Introduction, smart metering – evolution of electricity metering, key components of smart metering, smart meters: an overview of the hardware used – signal acquisition, signal conditioning, analogue to digital conversion, computation, input/output, communication.

Communication infrastructure and protocols for smart metering- Home area network, Neighbourhood Area Network, Data Concentrator, meter data management system, Protocols for communication. Demand Side Integration- Services Provided by DSI, Implementation of DSI, Hardware Support, Flexibility Delivered by Prosumers from the Demand Side, System Support from DSI.

#### UNIT – V

#### TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Data Sources, Energy Management System, Wide Area Applications, Visualization Techniques, Data Sources and Associated External Systems, SCADA, Customer Information System, Modelling and Analysis Tools, Distribution System Modelling, Topology Analysis, Load Forecasting, Power Flow Analysis, Fault Calculations, State Estimation, Applications, System Monitoring, Operation, Management, Outage Management System, Energy Storage Technologies, Batteries, Flow Battery, Fuel Cell and Hydrogen Electrolyser, Flywheels, Superconducting Magnetic Energy Storage Systems, Supercapacitors.

Course Outcomes: The student should have learnt about:

- How to meet the standards for information exchange and for smart metering
- How to preserve data and Communication security by adopting encryption and decryption procedures.
- Monitoring, operating, and managing the transmission and distribution tasks under smart grid environment

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Smart Grid, Janaka Ekanayake, Liyanage, Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, Jenkins, Wiley Publications, 2012, Reprint 2015.
- 2. Smart Grid: Fundamentals of Design and Analysis, James Momoh, Wiley, IEEE Press., 2012, Reprint 2016.

# **REFERENCES**:

- 1. The Smart Grid Enabling Energy efficiency and demand response, Clark W. Gellings, P.E., CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group, First Indian Reprint. 2015.
- Smart Grid Applications, Communications, and Security Edited by Lars Torsten Berger, Krzysztof Iniewski, WILEY, 2012, Reprint 2015.
- 3. Practical Electrical Network Automation and Communication Systems, Cobus Strauss, ELSVIER, 2003.

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15A02708 FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (CBCC-III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The basic concepts, different types, and applications of FACTS controllers in power transmission.
- The basic concepts of static shunt and series converters
- The working principle, structure and control of UPFC.

#### UNIT-I

#### CONCEPTS OF FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

Transmission line Interconnections, Power flow in parallel lines, Mesh systems, Stability considerations, Relative importance of controllable parameters, Basic types of FACTS controllers, Shunt controllers, Series controllers, Combined shunt and series controllers, Benefits of FACTS.

#### UNIT-II

### VOLTAGE AND CURRENT SOURCED CONVERTERS

Concept of Voltage Sourced Converters, Single Phase Full Wave Bridge Converter, Three Phase Full Wave Bridge Converter, Transformer Connections for 12-Pulse Operation, 24 and 48-Pulse Operation, Three Level Voltage Sourced Converter, Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Converter, Converter Rating, Concept of Current Sourced Converters, Thyristor based converters, Current Sourced Converter with Turn off Devices, Current Sourced –vs- Voltage Sourced Converters.

#### UNIT-III

#### STATIC SHUNT COMPENSATORS

Objectives of Shunt Compensation, Midpoint Voltage Regulation for Line Segmentation, End of Line Voltage Support to Prevent Voltage Instability, Improvement of Transient Stability, Power Oscillation Damping, Methods of Controllable VAR Generation, Variable Impedance Type Static VAR Generators, Switching Converter Type VAR Generators, Hybrid VAR Generators, SVC and STATCOM, Transient Stability Enhancement and Power Oscillation Damping, Comparison Between STATCOM and SVC, V-I, V-Q Characteristics, Response Time.

#### UNIT-IV

# STATIC SERIES COMPENSATORS

Objectives of Series Compensation, Voltage Stability, Improvement of Transient Stability, Power Oscillation Damping, Subsynchronous Oscillation Damping, Variable Impedance Type Series Compensators, GTO Thyristor Controlled Type Series Capacitor (GCSC), Thyristor Switched Series Capacitor (TSSC), Thyristor-Controlled Series Capacitor(TCSC), Basic Operating Control Schemes for GCSC, TSSC, and TCSC, Switching Converter Type Series Compensators, The Static Synchronous Series Capacitor(SSSC), Transmitted Power Versus Transmission Angle Characteristic, Control Range and VA Rating, Capability to Provide Real Power Compensation.

# UNIT-V

# POWER FLOW CONTROLLERS

The Unified Power Flow Controller-Basic Operating Principles, Conventional Transmission Control Capabilities, Independent Real and Reactive Power Flow Control. Control Structure, Basic Control System for P and Q Control, Dynamic Performance, The Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC), Basic Operating Principles and Characteristics, Generalized and Multifunctional FACTS Controllers.

**Course Outcomes:** After completing this course the student will be able to:

- Understand various control issues, for the purpose of identifying the scope and for selection of specific FACTS controllers.
- Apply the concepts in solving problems of simple power systems with FACTS controllers.
- Design simple FACTS controllers and converters for better transmission of electric power.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- Understanding FACTS Concepts and technology of Flexible AC Transmission systems, Narain G. Hingorani, Laszlo Gyugyi, IEEE Press, WILEY, 1st Edition, 2000, Reprint 2015.
- 2. FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution, Padiyar K.R., New Age International Publishers, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2007.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Flexible AC Transmission Systems: Modelling and Control, Xiao Ping Zhang, Christian Rehtanz, Bikash Pal, Springer, 2012, First Indian Reprint, 2015.
- FACTS Modelling and Simulation in Power Networks, Enrigue Acha, Claudio R. Fuerte – Esquival, Huge Ambriz – perez, Cesar Angeles – Camacho, WILEY India Private Ltd., 2004, Reprint 2012.

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# 15A02709

# POWER QUALITY (CBCC-III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Power quality issues and standards.
- The sources of power quality disturbances and power transients that occur in power systems.
- The sources of harmonics, harmonic indices, Devices for controlling harmonic distortion.
- The principle of operation of DVR and UPQC.

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION

Definition of Power Quality- Power Quality Terminology – Classification of Power Quality Issues-Magnitude Versus Duration Plot - Power Quality Standards - Responsibilities of Suppliers and Users of Electric Power-CBEMA and ITI Curves.

# unit II

# TRANSIENTS, SHORT DURATION AND LONG DURATION VARIATIONS

Categories and Characteristics of Electromagnetic Phenomena in Power Systems-Impulsive and Oscillatory Transients-Interruption - Sag-Swell-Sustained Interruption -Under Voltage – Over Voltage–Outage. Sources of Different Power Quality Disturbances- Principles of Regulating the Voltage- Conventional Devices for Voltage Regulation.

#### UNIT III

# FUNDAMENTALS OF HARMONICS & APPLIED HARMONICS

Harmonic Distortion, Voltage Versus Current Distortion, Harmonics Versus Transients, Power System Quality Under Non Sinusoidal Conditions, Harmonic Indices, Harmonic Sources from Commercial Loads, Harmonic Sources from Industrial Loads. Applied Harmonics: Effects Of Harmonics, Harmonic Distortion Evaluations, Principles of Controlling Harmonics, Devices for Controlling Harmonic Distortion.

#### UNIT-IV

#### POWER QUALITY MONITORING

Power Quality Benchmarking-Monitoring Considerations- Choosing Monitoring Locations- Permanent Power Quality Monitoring Equipment-Historical Perspective of Power Quality Measuring Instruments- Power Quality Measurement Equipment-Types

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of Instruments- Assessment of Power Quality Measurement Data- Power Quality Monitoring Standards.

#### UNITV

# POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT USING CUSTOM POWER DEVICES

Introduction to Custom Power Devices-Network Reconfiguring Type: Solid State Current Limiter (SSCL)-Solid State Breaker (SSB) -Solid State Transfer Switch (SSTS) - Compensating Type: Dynamic Voltage Restorer (DVR)-Unified Power Quality Conditioner(UPQC)-Principle of Operation Only.

**Course Outcomes:** After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Address power quality issues to ensure meeting of standards
- Apply the concepts of compensation for sags and swells using voltage regulating devices
- Assess harmonic distortion and its mitigation.
- Explain the power measurement data according to standards

# TEXT BOOKS:

- Electrical Power Systems Quality, Roger C. Dugan, Mark F. McGranaghan, Surya Santoso, H.Wayne Beaty, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012.
- 2. Power quality, C. Sankaran, CRC Press, 2001.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Understanding Power quality problems Voltage Sags and Interruptions, Math H. J. Bollen IEEE Press Series on Power Engineering, WILEY, 2007.
- Power quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. Sastry Vedam, Mulukutla S. Sarma, CRC Press, 2009, First Indian Reprint 2013.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electric Power Quality, Surya Santoso, Create Space, 2012.

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### 15A04608 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LABORATORY

#### Course Outcomes:

- Able to design real time DSP systems and real world applications.
- Able to implement DSP algorithms using both fixed and floating point processors.

# List of Experiments: (Minimum of 5 experiments are to be conducted from each part) Software Experiments (PART – A)

- 1. Generation of random signal and plot the same as a waveform showing all the specifications.
- 2. Finding Power and (or) Energy of a given signal.
- Convolution and Correlation (auto and cross correlation) of discrete sequences without using built in functions for convolution and correlation operations.
- 4. DTFT of a given signal
- 5. N point FFT algorithm
- 6. Design of FIR filter using windowing technique and verify the frequency response of the filter.
- 7. Design of IIR filter using any of the available methods and verify the frequency response of the filter.
- 8. Design of analog filters.

# Using DSP Processor kits (Floating point) and Code Composure Studio (CCS) (PART – B)

- 1. Generation of random signal and plot the same as a waveform showing all the specifications.
- 2. Finding Power and (or) Energy of a given signal.
- Convolution and Correlation (auto and cross correlation) of discrete sequences without using built in functions for convolution and correlation operations.
- 4. DTFT of a given signal
- 5. N point FFT algorithm
- 6. Design of FIR filter using windowing technique and verify the frequency response of the filter.
- 7. Design of IIR filter using any of the available methods and verify the frequency response of the filter.
- 8. Design of analog filters.

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- Equipment/Software Required: 1. Licensed MATLAB software with required tool boxes for 30 users.
  - 2. DSP floating Processor Kits with Code Composure Studio (8 nos.)
  - 3. Function generators
  - 4. CROs
  - 5. Regulated Power Supplies.

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15A02710 POWER SYSTEMS AND SIMULATION LABORATORY

Course Objectives: The objectives of this course include:

- Experimental determination (in machines lab) of sequence impedance and subtrasient reactances of synchronous machine
- Conducting experiments to analyze LG, LL, LLG, LLLG faults
- The equivalent circuit of three winding transformer by conducting a suitable experiment.
- Developing MATLAB program for formation of Y and Z buses.
- Developing MATLAB programs for gauss-seidel and fast decoupled load flow studies.
- Developing the SIMULINK model for single area load frequency control problem.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of Sequence Impedances of Cylindrical Rotor Synchronous Machine.
- 2. Fault Analysis I LG Fault LL Fault
- Fault Analysis II LLG Fault LLLG Fault
- 4. Determination of Subtransient reactances of salient pole synchronous machine.
- 5. Equivalent circuit of three winding transformer.
- 6. Y bus formation using MATLAB
- 7. Z bus formation using MATLAB
- 8. Gauss-Seidel load flow analysis using MATLAB
- 9. Fast decoupled load flow analysis using MATLAB
- 10. Develop a Simulink model for a single area load frequency control problem

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the lab course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Experimental determination (in machines lab) of sequence impedance and subtrasient reactances of synchronous machine
- Conducting experiments to analyze LG, LL, LLG, LLLG faults
- The equivalent circuit of three winding transformer by conducting a suitable experiment.
- Developing MATLAB program for formation of Y and Z buses.
- Developing MATLAB programs for gauss-seidel and fast decoupled load flow studies.
- Developing the SIMULINK model for single area load frequency control problem.

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#### 15A02801 INSTRUMENTATION (MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Common errors that occur in measurement systems, and their classification
- Characteristics of signals, their representation, and signal modulation techniques
- Methods of Data transmission, telemetry, and Data acquisition.
- Working principles of different signal analyzers and Digital meters.
- Several types of transducers and their use for measurement of non-electrical quantities.

#### UNIT-I

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF SIGNALS AND THEIR REPRESENTATION

Measuring Systems, Performance Characteristics, - Static Characteristics, Dynamic Characteristics; Errors in Measurement – Gross Errors, Systematic Errors, Statistical Analysis of Random Errors. Signals and Their Representation: Standard Test, Periodic, Aperiodic, Modulated Signal, Sampled Data, Pulse Modulation and Pulse Code Modulation.

#### UNIT-II

#### DATA TRANSMISSION , TELEMETRY AND DAS

Methods of Data Transmission – General Telemetry System. Frequency Modulation (FM), Pulse Modulation (PM), Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM), Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) Telemetry. Comparison of FM, PM, PAM and PCM. Analog and Digital Data Acquisition Systems – Components of Analog DAS – Types of Multiplexing Systems: Time Division and Frequency Division Multiplexing – Digital DAS – Block Diagram – Modern Digital DAS (Block Diagram)

#### UNIT-III

#### SIGNAL ANALYZERS, DIGITAL METERS

Wave Analysers- Frequency Selective Analyzers, Heterodyne, Application of Wave Analyzers- Harmonic Analyzers, Total Harmonic Distortion, Spectrum Analyzers, Basic Spectrum Analyzers, Spectral Displays, Vector Impedance Meter, Q Meter. Peak Reading and RMS Voltmeters, Digital Voltmeters - Successive Approximation, Ramp and Integrating Type-Digital Frequency Meter-Digital Multimeter-Digital Tachometer

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#### UNIT-IV TRANSDUCERS

Definition of Transducers, Classification of Transducers, Advantages of Electrical Transducers, Characteristics and Choice of Transducers; Principle of Operation of Resistive, Inductive, Capacitive Transducers, LVDT, Strain Gauge and Its Principle of Operation, Gauge Factor, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Synchros, Piezoelectric Transducers, Photovoltaic, Photo Conductive Cells, Photo Diodes.

# UNIT-V

# MEASUREMENT OF NON-ELECTRICAL QUANTITIES

Measurement of strain, Gauge Sensitivity, Measurement of Displacement, Velocity, Angular Velocity, Acceleration, Force, Torque, Temperature, Pressure, Flow, Liquid level.

# Course Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Identify and explain the types of errors occuring in measurement systems
- Differentiate among the types of data transmission and modulation techniques
- Apply digital techniques to measure voltage, frequency and speed
- Choose suitable transducers for the measurement of non-electrical quantities

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, A.K. Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 2012.
- 2. Transducers and Instrumentation, D.V.S Murty, Prentice Hall of India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2004.

# REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement technique, A.D Helfrick and W.D.Cooper, Pearson/Prentice Hall of India., 1990.
- 2. Electronic Instrumentation, H.S.Kalsi Tata MCGraw-Hill Edition, 2010.

3. Industrial Instrumentation – Principles and Design, T. R. Padmanabhan, Springer, 3<sup>rd</sup> re print, 2009.

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#### 15A02802 POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS AND CONTROL (MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- The kinds of power stability problems
- The basic concepts of modelling and analysis of dynamical systems.
- Modelling of power system components generators, transmission lines, excitation and prime mover controllers.
- Stability of single machine and multi-machine systems is analyzed using digital simulation and small-signal analysis techniques.
- The impact of stability problems on power system planning and operation.

#### Unit – I Introduction to Power System Stability

Power System Operation and Control - Stability Problems faced by Power Systems -Impact on Power System Operation and Control - Analysis of Dynamical Systems -Concept of Equilibria, Small and Large Disturbance Stability - Example: Single Machine Infinite Bus System - Modal Analysis of Linear Systems - Analysis using Numerical Integration Techniques - Issues in Modelling: Slow and Fast Transients, Stiff Systems

#### Unit – II Modelling of a Synchronous Machine

Physical Characteristics - Rotor Position Dependent model - D-Q Transformation - Model with Standard Parameters - Steady State Analysis of Synchronous Machine - Short Circuit Transient Analysis of a Synchronous Machine - Synchronous Machine Connected to Infinite Bus.

#### **Unit – III** Modelling of power system components

Physical Characteristics and Models - Control system components - Excitation System Controllers - Prime Mover Control Systems - Transmission Line Physical Characteristics - Transmission Line Modeling - Load Models - induction machine model - Other Subsystems - HVDC, protection systems.

#### **Unit – IV** Stability Issues in Interconnected Power Systems

Single Machine Infinite Bus System - Multi-machine Systems - Stability of Relative Motion - Frequency Stability: Centre of Inertia Motion - Concept of Load Sharing: Governors - Single Machine Load Bus System: Voltage Stability - Torsional Oscillations

#### Unit – V Enhancing System Stability

Planning Measures - Stabilizing Controllers (Power System Stabilizers) - Operational Measures- Preventive Control - Emergency Control - Power System Stability Analysis Tools: Small Signal Analysis Program - Transient Stability Program - Real-Time Simulators.

Course Outcomes: After completion of Course, the student should be able to

- Understand the power stability problems
- Understand the basic concepts of modelling of synchronous machine and power system components
- Analyse the stability issues in interconnected systems
- Understand the power system stability analysis tools and enhancement of power system stability

Reference Books:

- 1. K.R.Padiyar, Power System Dynamics, Stability & Control, 2nd Edition, B.S. Publications, Hyderabad, 2002.
- 2. P.Kundur, Power System Stability and Control, McGraw Hill Inc, New York, 1995.
- 3. P.Sauer & M.A.Pai, Power System Dynamics & Stability, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- 4. Jan Machowski, Janusz Bialek, James Richard Bumby, Power system dynamics and control, John Wiley & Sons, 1997.

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15A02803 INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION & CONTROL (MOOCS-II)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about

- Sensors and types of measurement systems
- Process control and sequence control of different controllers
- Operation of actuators
- Types of electric drives and their principles

Unit – I Introduction to sensors and measurement systems

Introduction to Industrial Automation and Control - Architecture of Industrial Automation Systems - Introduction to sensors and measurement systems - Temperature measurement - Pressure and Force measurements - Displacement and speed measurement - Flow measurement techniques - Measurement of level, humidity, pH etc - Signal Conditioning and Processing - Estimation of errors and Calibration.

#### Unit – II Introduction to Process Control

P-- I -- D Control - Controller Tuning - Implementation of PID Controllers - Special Control Structures : Feed forward and Ratio Control - Special Control Structures : Predictive Control, Control of Systems with Inverse Response - Special Control Structures : Cascade Control, Overriding Control, Selective Control, Split Range Control.

#### Unit – III Introduction to Sequence Control

PLCs and Relay Ladder Logic - Sequence Control: Scan Cycle, RLL Syntax - Sequence Control: Structured Design Approach - Sequence Control: Advanced RLL Programming - Sequence Control: The Hardware environment

#### Unit – IV Introduction to Actuators

Flow Control Valves - Hydraulic Actuator Systems: Principles, Components and Symbols - Hydraulic Actuator Systems: Pumps and Motors- Proportional and Servo Valves - Pneumatic Control Systems: System Components - Pneumatic Control Systems: Controllers and Integrated Control Systems - Networking of Sensors, Actuators and Controllers: The Fieldbus - The Field bus Communication Protocol

#### Unit – V Electric Drives

Introduction, Energy Saving with Adjustable Speed Drives - Step motors: Principles, Construction and Drives - DC Motor Drives: Introduction, DC--DC Converters, Adjustable Speed Drives - Induction Motor Drives: Introduction, Characteristics, Adjustable Speed Drives - Synchronous Motor Drives: Motor Principles, Adjustable Speed and Servo Drives.

Course Outcomes: After completion of Course, the student should be able to

- Understand the measurement of different quantities
- Apply principles of electric drives for different applications like speed control
- Understand the principles of process control and sequence control in relay ladder logic.
- Understand the operation of controller in integrated control systems

Reference Books:

- 1. S. Mukhopadhyay, S. Sen & A. K. Deb, Industrial instrumentation, control and automation, Jaico Publishing House, 2012
- 2. Madhuchhanda Mitra and Samarjit Sen Gupta, Programmable Logic Controllers And Industrial Automation An ntroduction,2008
- 3. David W. Pessen, Industrial Automation: Circuit Design and Components
- 4. Wiley India Publication, 2011
- 5. Rajput R.K, Robotics and Industrial Automation, S. Chand publications, 2008

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#### 15A02804 HVDC TRANSMISSION (MOOCS-III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Technical and economic aspects of HVAC and HVDC transmission and their comparison.
- Static power converters
- Control of HVDC converter systems
- Origin, effects, classification and elimination of harmonics
- The occurrence of faults, and transients in HVDC system and their protection.

#### UNIT-I

# INTRODUCTION TO HVDC TRANSMISSION

HVDC Transmission: Technical And Economical Comparison of HVAC and HVDC Transmission, Types of DC Links, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines, static Conversion Principles, Static Converter Configuration.

#### UNIT-II

#### STATIC POWER CONVERTER ANALYSIS

Static Power Converters: 3-Pulse, 6-Pulse & 12-Pulse Converters, Converter Station and Terminal Equipment, Commutation Process, Rectifier and Inverter Operation, Equivalent Circuit for Rectifier, Inverter and HVDC Link- Special Features of Converters.

#### UNIT-III

# CONTROL OF HVDC CONVERTER SYSTEMS

Control of HVDC Converter Systems: Principle of DC Link Control – Constant Current, Constant Extinction Angle and Constant Ignition Angle Control and Voltage Dependent Current Control. Individual Phase Control and Equidistant Firing Angle Control

#### UNIT-IV

#### HARMONICS AND FILTERS

Origin of Harmonics in HVDC Systems, Classification of Harmonics, Elimination of Harmonics, Suppression Methods, Harmonic Instability Problems, Design of HVDC AC & DC Filters.

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#### UNIT-V

# TRANSIENTS, FAULTS AND PROTECTION OF HVDC SYSTEMS

Origin of over Voltages in HVDC Systems, Over Voltages due to DC and AC Side Line Faults - Converter Faults, Over Current Protection- Valve Group and DC Line Protection. Over Voltage Protection of Converters, Surge Arresters etc.

**Course Outcomes:** After Completion of Course, the student should be able to:

- Compare HVDC and HVAC transmission systems
- Understand the operation of various converters used in HVDC transmission systems
- Devise means to suppress / eliminate harmonics.
- Design HVDC and AC Filters

# TEXT BOOKS:

1. HVDC Power Transmission Systems, K.R.Padiyar, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, New Age International publishers, 2015.

2. HVDC Transmission, S.Kamakshaiah, V.Kamaraju, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.

# **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Direct Current Transmission, Vol. 1, E. W. Kimbark, Wiley, 1971
- High Voltage Direct Current Transmission, Jos Arrillaga, IEE Power and Energy series 29, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1998
- EHV-AC, HVDC Transmission & Distribution Engineering, S Rao, Khanna Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.

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#### 15A04702 EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (MOOCS-III)

#### Course Outcomes:

#### After completion the students will be able to

- Design of embedded systems leading to 32-bit application development.
- Understand hardware-interfacing concepts to connect digital as well as analog sensors while ensuring low power considerations.
- Review and implement the protocols used by microcontroller to communicate with external sensors and actuators in real world.
- Understand Embedded Networking and IoT concepts based upon connected MCUs

#### UNIT-I

#### Introduction to Embedded Systems

Embedded system introduction, host and target concept, embedded applications, features and architecture considerations for embedded systems- ROM, RAM, timers; data and address bus concept, Embedded Processor and their types, Memory types, overview of design process of embedded systems, programming languages and tools for embedded design

#### UNIT-II

#### Embedded processor architecture

CISC Vs RISC design philosophy, Von-Neumann Vs Harvard architecture. Introduction to ARM architecture and Cortex – M series, Introduction to the TM4C family viz. TM4C123x & TM4C129x and its targeted applications. TM4C block diagram, address space, on-chip peripherals (analog and digital) Register sets, Addressing modes and instruction set basics.

#### UNIT- III

#### Overview of Microcontroller and Embedded Systems

Embedded hardware and various building blocks, Processor Selection for an Embedded System, Interfacing Processor, Memories and I/O Devices, I/O Devices and I/O interfacing concepts, Timer and Counting Devices, Serial Communication and Advanced I/O, Buses between the Networked Multiple Devices.

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Embedded System Design and Co-design Issues in System Development Process, Design Cycle in the Development Phase for an Embedded System, Uses of Target System or its Emulator and In-Circuit Emulator (ICE), Use of Software Tools for Development of an Embedded System

Design metrics of embedded systems - low power, high performance, engineering cost, time-to-market.

#### UNIT-IV

### Microcontroller fundamentals for basic programming

I/O pin multiplexing, pull up/down registers, GPIO control, Memory Mapped Peripherals, programming System registers, Watchdog Timer, need of low power for embedded systems, System Clocks and control, Hibernation Module on TM4C, Active vs Standby current consumption. Introduction to Interrupts, Interrupt vector table, interrupt programming. Basic Timer, Real Time Clock (RTC), Motion Control Peripherals: PWM Module & Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI).

#### Unit-V

#### Embedded communications protocols and Internet of things

Synchronous/Asynchronous interfaces (like UART, SPI, I2C, USB), serial communication basics, baud rate concepts, Interfacing digital and analog external device, Implementing and programming UART, SPI and I2C, SPI interface using TM4C. Case Study: Tiva based embedded system application using the interface protocols for communication with external devices "Sensor Hub BoosterPack"

Embedded Networking fundamentals, IoT overview and architecture, Overview of wireless sensor networks and design examples. Adding Wi-Fi capability to the Microcontroller, Embedded Wi-Fi, User APIs for Wireless and Networking applications Building IoT applications using CC3100 user API.

Case Study: Tiva based Embedded Networking Application: "Smart Plug with Remote Disconnect and Wi-Fi Connectivity"

#### Text Books:

- 1. Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to ARM Cortex-M Microcontrollers, 2014, Create space publications ISBN: 978-1463590154.
- 2. Embedded Systems: Introduction to ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers, 5th edition
  - Jonathan W Valvano, Createspace publications ISBN-13: 978-1477508992
- 3. Embedded Systems 2E Raj Kamal, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2011 ISBN-
- 4. 0070667640, 9780070667648

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#### References:

- 1. http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/Hands-On\_Training\_for\_TI\_Embedded\_Processors
- http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/MCU\_Day\_Internet\_of\_Things\_2013\_ Workshop
- 3. http://www.ti.com/ww/en/simplelink\_embedded\_wi-fi/home.html
- CC3100/CC3200 SimpleLink<sup>™</sup> Wi-Fi<sup>®</sup> Internet-on-a-Chip User Guide Texas Instruments Literature Number: SWRU368A April 2014–Revised August 2015.

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### 15A02805 ENERGY RESOURCES & TECHNOLOGY (MOOCS-III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to make the students learn about:

- Production of quality of energy
- Types of generation plants and their principle of operation
- Methods of energy storage
- Economics of generation

# Unit – I: Fundamentals principles of energy

Fundamentals of energy- Quality of energy- Complete Cycle Analysis of Fossil Fuels - Other Fossil Fuels - Energy Economics : Input-Output Analysis.

# Unit – II: Thermal, Hydro and Nuclear power sources

Thermal Power Plants - Hydroelectric Power plants - Nuclear Power Generation-Nuclear Fusion Reactors - Environmental Effects of Conventional Power

# Unit - III: Solar, wind and photo voltaic power sources

Solar Thermal Energy Conversion - Solar Concentrating Collectors - Photovoltaic Power Generation- Wind Energy - Wind Electrical Conversion

# Unit - IV: Other sources of energy

Tidal Energy - Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion - Solar Pond and Wave Power - Geothermal Energy - Solar Distillation and Biomass Energy

# Unit – V: Energy storage and Economy

Energy Storage - Energy in Transportation - Magneto hydrodynamic Power Generation - Hydrogen Economy.

Course Outcomes: After completion of Course, the student should be able to:

- Understand different types of sources of energy
- Analyse the generation principles and operation of variety of sources of energy
- Understand energy storage and economy

# Reference Books:

- 1. Renewable energy Resources Jhon Twidell and tony Weir, Second edition, Taylor and Francis Group, 2006
- 2. Non- conventional energy sources by G. D. Rai, Khanna Publishers, 2000
- 3. Electrical power generation, Transmission and distribution by S. N. Singh, PHI, 2003
- Wind electrical systems by S. N. Bhadra, D. Kastha & S. Banerjee Oxford University Press, 2013